RESOLUTION NO. 2015-057

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ELK GROVE ADOPTING A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION AND MITIGATION MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM (MMRP) FOR THE 99 CENTS ONLY STORE PROJECT (EG-14-018) APN: 121-0140-013

WHEREAS, the City prepared an Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration pursuant to CEQA, attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference, evaluating the potential environmental effects of the Project; and

WHEREAS, the City determined that the mitigation measures identified in the Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration would reduce environmental impacts to a less than significant level; and

WHEREAS, based on staff's review of the Project, no special circumstances exist that would create a reasonable possibility that granting a General Plan Amendment, Rezone, and Design Review for this Project will have a significant effect on the environment beyond what was analyzed in the Mitigated Negative Declaration prepared for the Project and disclosed; and

WHEREAS, a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) has been prepared in accordance with CEQA, attached hereto as Exhibit B and incorporated herein by reference, which is designed to ensure compliance with the identified mitigation measures during project implementation and operation; and

WHEREAS, the City distributed the Notice of Intent to Adopt the Mitigated Negative Declaration on December 19, 2014. It was posted at the Sacramento County Clerk's office, distributed through State Clearinghouse and at the City offices, pursuant to Section 15072 of Chapter 3 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (State CEQA Guidelines). A 30-day review and comment period was opened on December 19, 2014 and closed January 19, 2015. The Mitigated Negative Declaration was made available to the public during this review period; and

WHEREAS, the City received written comment letters within the 30-day public review period and responded to those comments in the project staff report; and

WHEREAS, the City has considered the comments received during the public review period, and they do not alter the conclusions in the Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has considered the written and oral comments on the proposed project and the Mitigated Negative Declaration; and

WHEREAS, the City of Elk Grove, Development Services, Planning Department, located 8401 Laguna Palms Way, Elk Grove, California 95758 is the custodian of documents and other materials that constitute the record of proceedings upon which the decision to adopt the Mitigated Negative Declaration is based; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has reviewed the Initial Study, the Mitigation Negative Declaration, and the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program and find that these documents reflect their independent judgment.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the City Council of the City of Elk Grove hereby adopts the Mitigated Negative Declaration and the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program for the 99 Cents Only Store Project attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference based on the following findings:

- 1) On the basis of the whole record, there is no substantial evidence that the Project as designed, conditioned and mitigated, will have a significant effect on the environment. A Mitigated Negative Declaration has been prepared and completed in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The Mitigated Negative Declaration reflects the independent judgment and analysis of the City.
- 2) Pursuant to Public Resources Code, Section 21081 and CEQA Guidelines, Section 15091, all of the proposed mitigation measures described in the Mitigated Negative Declaration are feasible, and therefore shall become binding upon the City and affected landowners and their assigns or successors in interest when the Project is approved.
- 3) To the extent that these findings conclude that various proposed mitigation measures outlined in the Mitigated Negative Declaration are feasible and have not been modified, superseded or withdrawn, the City Council hereby binds itself, all landowners within the Project area, and their assigns and successors in interest to implement those measures. These findings are not merely informational, but constitute a binding set of obligations that will come into effect when the City Council issues the Project entitlements set forth above. The actual implementation of the mitigation measures hereby adopted shall occur by having them included as conditions of approval on subsequent discretionary entitlements granted within the Project area.

Evidence: Pursuant to CEQA and the CEQA guidelines, staff prepared an Initial Environmental Study for the 99 Cents Only Store Project and mitigation measures have been developed that will reduce potential environmental impacts to less than significant levels. The Initial Environmental Study identified potentially significant adverse effects in the areas of air quality, greenhouse gases, and noise. Mitigation measures that avoid or mitigate the potentially significant effects to a point where no significant effects would occur were identified in the Initial Study and staff prepared a Mitigated Negative Declaration. Preparation of a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) is required in accordance with the City of Elk Grove regulations and is designed to ensure compliance during project implementation.

The City distributed the Notice of Intent to Adopt the Mitigated Negative Declaration on December 19, 2014. It was posted at the Sacramento County Clerk's office, distributed through State Clearinghouse and at the City offices, pursuant to Section 15072 of Chapter 3 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (State CEQA Guídelines).

A 30-day review and comment period was opened on December 19, 2014 and closed January 19, 2015. The Mitigated Negative Declaration was made available to the public during this review period. The City received four written comment letters within the 30-day public review period. These comments do not alter the conclusions of the Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration.

On the basis of the Mitigated Negative Declaration, environmental analysis, and the whole record, there is no substantial evidence that the project will have a significant adverse impact on the environment above those addressed within the adopted Mitigated Negative Declaration. A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP), which is incorporated herein by this reference has been prepared to ensure compliance during project implementation. A condition of approval has been imposed on the project that requires conformance with the MMRP. The City of Elk Grove, Development Services Planning Department, located at 8401 Laguna Palms Way, Elk Grove, California 95758 is the custodian of documents and other materials that constitute the record of proceedings upon which the decision to adopt the Mitigated Negative Declaration is based.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Elk Grove this 25th day of March 2015.

GARY DAVIS, MAYOR of the

CITY OF ELK GROVE

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

JASON LINDGREN CITY CLERK

JONATHAN P. HOBBS, CITY ATTORNEY

CITY OF ELK GROVE 99 CENTS ONLY STORE PROJECT

INITIAL STUDY/MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Prepared for:

CITY OF ELK GROVE 8401 LAGUNA PALMS WAY ELK GROVE, CA 95758

Prepared by:

2729 PROSPECT PARK DRIVE, SUITE 220 RANCHO CORDOVA, CA 95670

DECEMBER 2014

CITY OF ELK GROVE 99 CENTS ONLY STORE PROJECT

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PMC 2729 PROSPECT PARK DRIVE, SUITE 220 RANCHO CORDOVA, CA 95670

DECEMBER 2014

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1.0 Introduction

A. Purpose and Background of the Initial Study

The City of Elk Grove (City; Elk Grove) is processing an application for the 99 Cents Only Store Project (proposed Project), which requests entitlements for (1) a General Plan Amendment to change the land use designation of the Project site from Office (OF) to Commercial (C), (2) a Rezone to change the zoning of the Project site from Business and Professional Office (BP) to Shopping Center (SC), and (3) Design Review. The entitlements would allow the development of a ±20,000-square-foot retail sales building with a truck loading well and associated parking, landscaping, and asphalt drive aisles on 3.48 acres at 8945 Brown Road in Elk Grove. The purpose of this Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration (IS/MND) is to evaluate the potential environmental effects associated with implementation of the Project and to provide mitigation where necessary to avoid, minimize, or lessen those effects.

An initial study is conducted by a lead agency to determine whether a project may have a significant effect on the environment. In accordance with California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines Section 15063, an environmental impact report (EIR) must be prepared if an initial study indicates that the proposed project under review may have a potentially significant impact on the environment that cannot be initially avoided or mitigated to a level that is less than significant. A negative declaration may be prepared if the lead agency also prepares a written statement describing the reasons why the proposed project would not have a significant effect on the environment and therefore why it does not require the preparation of an EIR (CEQA Guidelines Section 15371). According to CEQA Guidelines Section 15070, a negative declaration shall be prepared for a project subject to CEQA when either:

- (a) The initial study shows there is no substantial evidence, in light of the whole record before the agency, that the proposed project may have a significant effect on the environment, or
- (b) The initial study identifies potentially significant effects, but:
 - (1) Revisions in the project plans or proposals made by or agreed to by the applicant before the proposed negative declaration is released for public review would avoid the effects or mitigate the effects to a point where clearly no significant effects would occur; and
 - (2) There is no substantial evidence, in light of the whole record before the agency, that the proposed project as revised may have a significant effect on the environment.

If revisions are adopted in the proposed Project in accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15070(b), including the adoption of mitigation measures included in this document, a mitigated negative declaration is prepared.

B. LEAD AGENCY

The lead agency is the public agency with primary responsibility over a proposed project. In accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15051(b)(1), "the lead agency will normally be the agency with general governmental powers, such as a city or county, rather than an agency with a single or limited purpose..." The City of Elk Grove is the lead agency for the 99 Cents Only Store Project.

C. TECHNICAL STUDIES

Technical studies prepared for the proposed Project and referenced in this IS/MND are listed below. The technical studies are available at the City of Elk Grove Planning Department at 8401 Laguna Palms Way, Elk Grove, CA 95758, Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM.

- Cultural Resources Assessment, November 2014, Peak & Associates, Inc.
- Geotechnical Study, June 2014, Korbmacher Engineering, Inc.

2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

A. PROJECT LOCATION AND SETTING

The Project site is located in Elk Grove in Sacramento County, California (**Figure 1**). The Project site is located at 8945 Brown Road immediately northeast of the intersection of Elk Grove Florin Road and Brown Road, just under 2 miles east of State Route (SR) 99 and less than one-quarter mile south of the City's northern boundary. The Project site consists of one relatively flat parcel identified as Assessor's Parcel Number (APN) 121-0140-013. An existing wood-framed house and garage are located on the eastern portion of the site. The remainder of the Project site is vacant and covered with grasses and one small orange tree.

North of the Project site is a large retail center anchored by a Bel Air grocery store and a 24 Hour Fitness gym. West of the Project site, west of Elk Grove Florin Road, are a single-family residential subdivision, a large-lot residential property, and vacant land. South of the Project site are a daycare center and an apartment complex. East of the Project site are multiple large-lot residential properties.

B. Proposed Actions Addressed in the IS/MND

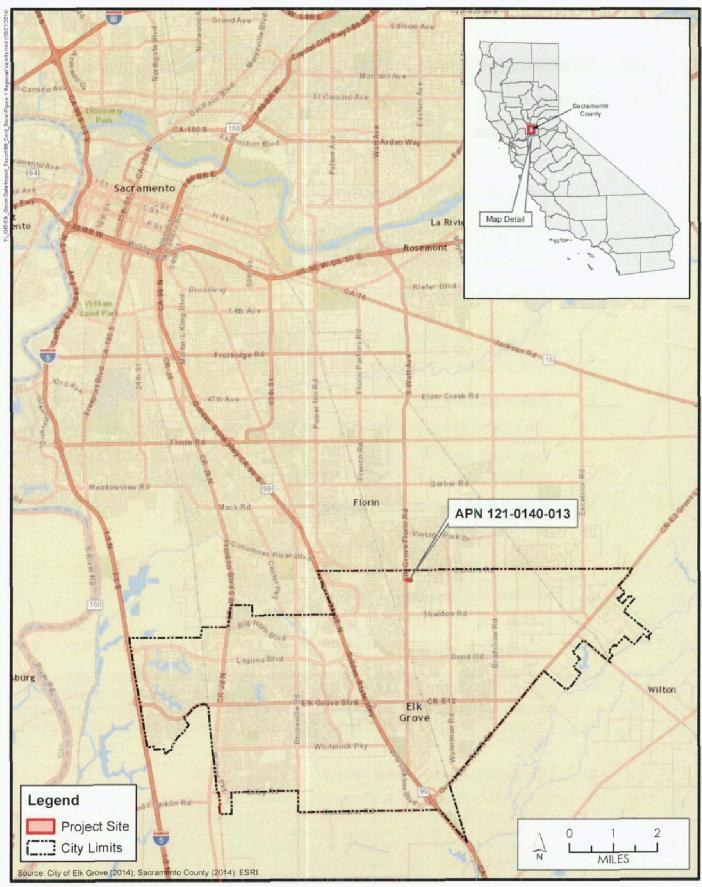
The proposed Project is requesting the following entitlements:

- General Plan Amendment of the Project site from Office (OF) to Commercial (C)
- Rezoning of the Project site from Business and Professional Office (BP) to Shopping Center (SC)
- Design Review

C. REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS, PERMITS, AND APPROVALS

This IS/MND may be used to support additional subsequent approvals and permits that may be required from local, regional, state, or federal agencies in the processing of the proposed Project including, but not limited to:

- Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District (SMAQMD)
- Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District (SRCSD)
- Sacramento County Water Agency (SCWA)



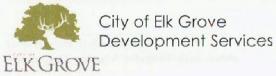


Figure 1
Regional Vicinity

3.0 ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

A. BACKGROUND

1. Project Title:

99 Cents Only Store

2. Lead Agency Name and Address:

City of Elk Grove Development Services Department 8401 Laguna Palms Way Elk Grove, CA 95758

Contact Person and Phone Number:

Gerald Park, Senior Planner 8401 Laguna Palms Way Elk Grove, CA 95758 (916) 478-3671

4. Project Location:

The Project site is located at 8945 Brown Road, immediately northeast of the intersection of Elk Grove Florin Road and Brown Road, less than 2 miles east of State Route (SR) 99 and less than one-quarter mile south of the City's northern boundary. The site identified as APN 121-0140-013 (Figure 2).

5. Project Applicant's Name and Address:

Duncan Wallace 19401 40th Avenue West, Suite 300 Lynwood, WA 98036

6. General Plan Designation:

Office (OF)

7. Description of Project:

The proposed Project is requesting a General Plan Amendment, Rezone, and Design Review. The entitlements would allow the development of a $\pm 20,000$ -square-foot retail sales building with a truck loading well and associated parking, landscaping, and asphalt drive aisles on 3.48 acres. The proposed site plan is shown on **Figure 3**.

8. Surrounding Land Uses and Setting:

North of the Project site is a large retail center anchored by a Bel Air grocery store and a 24 Hour Fitness gym. West of the Project site are a single-family residential subdivision, a large-lot residential property, and vacant land. South of the Project site are a daycare center and an apartment complex. East of the Project site are multiple large-lot residential properties.

B. ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this Project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages. Potentially significant impacts that are mitigated to "Less Than Significant" are not shown here.

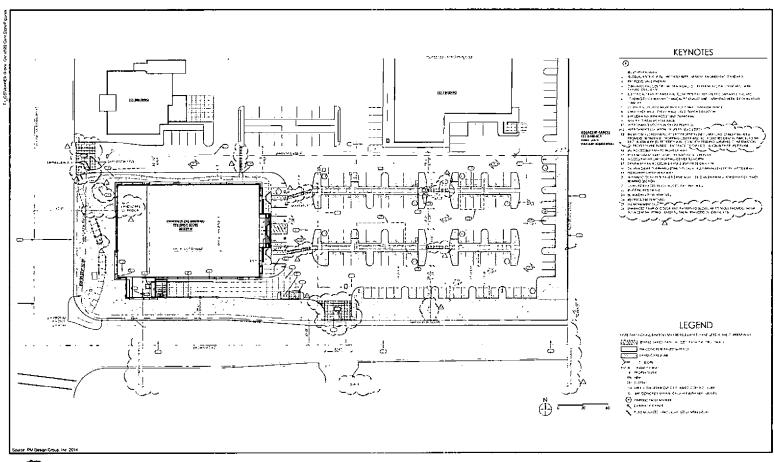
Aesthetics	Resources	Air Quality
Biological Resources	Cultural Resources	Geology and Soils
Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Hazards and Hazardous Materials	Hydrology and Water Quality
Land Use and Planning	Mineral Resources	Noise
Population and Housing	Public Services	Recreation
Transportation/Traffic	Utilities and Service Systems	Mandatory Findings of Significance



Project Location

ELK GROVE

Development Services



City of Elk Grove
Development Services

FIGURE 3 Proposed Site Plan

C.	DETERMINATION	
On th	e basis of this initial evaluation:	
	I find that the proposed Project COULD environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION V	
X	I find that although the proposed Project environment, there will not be a significal incorporated mitigation measures and revision agreed to by the Project proponent. A MI prepared.	nt effect in this case because of the ons in the Project have been made by or
	I find that the proposed Project MAY have a an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required	
	I find that the proposed Project MAY has "potentially significant unless mitigated" imposeffect (1) has been adequately analyzed in a legal standards, and (2) has been addresse earlier analysis as described on attached she required, but it must analyze only the effects the	act on the environment, but at least one n earlier document pursuant to applicable ed by mitigation measures based on the ets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is
	I find that although the proposed Project environment, because all potentially signif adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE standards, and (b) have been avoided or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions upon the proposed Project, nothing further is re-	icant effects (a) have been analyzed E DECLARATION pursuant to applicable mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or or mitigation measures that are imposed
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D. EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

Each of the responses in the following environmental checklist considers the whole action involved, including project-level, cumulative, on-site, off-site, indirect, construction, and operational impacts. A brief explanation is provided for all answers and supported by the information sources cited.

- 1. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone).
- A "Less Than Significant Impact" applies when the proposed project would not result in a substantial and adverse change in the environment. This impact level does not require mitigation measures.
- 3. A "Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated" applies when the proposed project would not result in a substantial and adverse change in the environment after additional mitigation measures are applied.
- 4. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect is significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.

4.0 Environmental Analysis

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
1.	AESTHETICS. Would the Project:			`	
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				×
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			×	

PROJECT IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

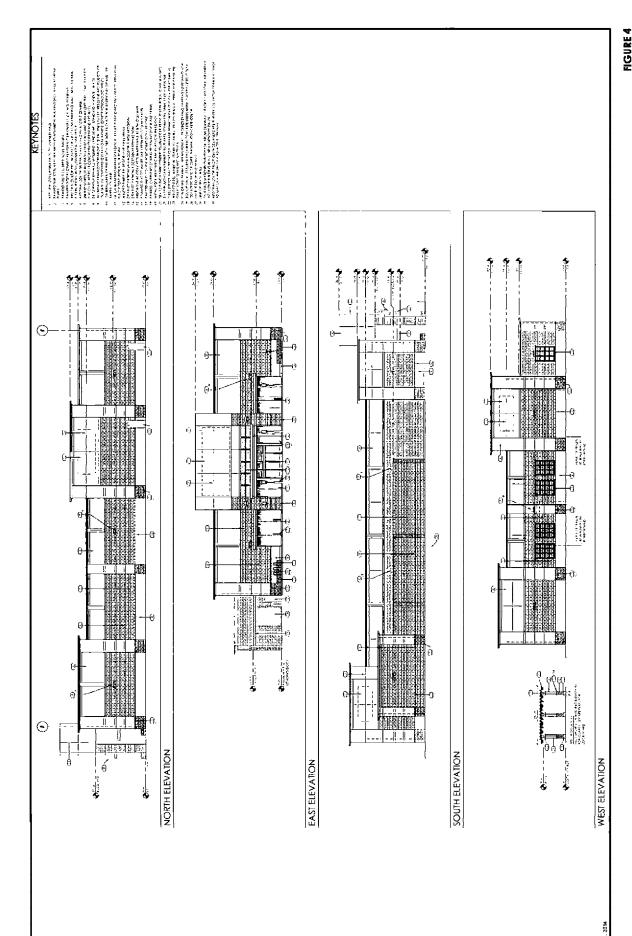
- a, b) **No Impact.** The Sacramento County General Plan Scenic Highways Element designates a scenic corridor extending 660 feet on either side of the right-of-way line of State Route (SR) 99 in the unincorporated areas of the county (Elk Grove 2003, p. 4.11-1). The Project site is not within 660 feet of SR 99 and is located in the urbanized area of Elk Grove rather than in the unincorporated county. Therefore, the Project would not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista or substantially damage scenic resources within a state scenic highway. There would be no impact.
- c) Less Than Significant Impact. The Project site is currently developed as a residential property with a house and garage on its eastern portion. Immediately north of the Project site is a retail center anchored by a Bel Air grocery store and a 24 Hour Fitness gym. The property south of the Project site, across Brown Road, is developed with a daycare center and an apartment complex. The properties immediately east of the Project site are primarily undeveloped agricultural land with one residence. These properties are designated for future low-density residential development. Properties west of the Project site, across Elk Grove Florin Road, are developed with single-family residential uses.

Implementation of the proposed Project would change the visual character of the site to commercial with a ±20,000-square-foot retail sales building and associated truck loading well, parking, landscaping, asphalt paving for drive aisles, building and parking lot lighting, and signage. However, given the Project site's location adjacent to the shopping center parking lot, the site's visual character is more a continuation of the shopping center and its parking lot than it is residential. In addition, the proposed development would be a continuation of the developed nature of the area to the north and south and would be consistent with the planned urbanization of the project site, which was considered for nonresidential (office) development in the General Plan and analyzed in the General Plan EIR.

The Project proposes a 6-foot concrete masonry wall and multiple layers of evergreen trees and plants along its eastern boundary to buffer the adjacent property. The Project also proposes landscaping along its western and southern boundaries to provide additional visual buffering of the building and loading dock. The loading dock would be further screened by a truck well screen wall (see **Figure 4**). Furthermore, compliance with the City's Zoning Code and Design Guidelines would ensure that the proposed development features quality design and architecture and that it is compatible with the character of the adjacent uses. Therefore, while the proposed Project would change the site, it would not substantially degrade the visual character or quality of the Project site or its surroundings. This impact would be less than significant.

d) Less Than Significant Impact. The proposed Project would introduce new light sources onto the Project site, which currently has very low lighting levels associated with the existing residence. However, the proposed development would be subject to Elk Grove Municipal Code Chapter 23.56, Lighting, which includes outdoor lighting standards that include shielding requirements, the maximum level of illumination, and the height of outdoor light fixtures. Municipal Code Section 23.16.080, Design Review, establishes an expanded design review process for all development, requiring additional site and design consideration beyond conformance with minimum standards of the Zoning Code. Section 23.16.080(E)(1) requires applicable development to comply with the Citywide Design Guidelines, which include design provisions for lighting.

Compliance with applicable City regulations and Design Guidelines would ensure Project lighting is designed in a manner that would minimize impacts to adjacent properties and the night sky, which would be consistent with the analysis in the General Plan EIR. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant.



7 /_CS/WorkElk Grove, City of 69 Cent Stone Figures



City of Elk Grove Development Services

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Ass	2. AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY RESOURCES. In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997), prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. Would the Project:				
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to nonagricultural use?				
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				\boxtimes
c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forestland (as defined in Public Resources Code Section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code Section 4526 and by Government Code Section 51104(f)), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code Section 51104(g))?				
d)	Result in the loss of forestland or conversion of forestland to non-forest use?				×
e)	involve other changes in the existing environment, which due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forestland to non-forest use?				⊠

PROJECT IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

- a) **No Impact.** The Project site is designated by the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP) as Urban and Built-Up Land (DOC 2012). Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in the conversion of any Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance to nonagricultural use, and no impact would occur.
- b) **No Impact.** The Project site is currently zoned Business and Professional Office (BP), which is intended for low- to medium-intensity office development. The Project site is not subject to a Williamson Act contract (DOC 2013). Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not conflict with zoning for agricultural use or a Williamson Act contract. There would be no impact.

- c, d) **No Impact.** Neither the City of Elk Grove nor Sacramento County contains any forestland or land zoned for forestland, timberland, or timberland production. Therefore, no impact would occur.
- e) **No Impact.** The placement of nonagricultural uses adjacent to agricultural uses can result in conflicts that place growth pressure on agricultural lands to convert to urban uses. Neither the Project site nor any adjacent properties contain Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, or forestland. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not indirectly convert Important Farmland or forestland to other uses. Therefore, no impact would occur.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
3. air	3. AIR QUALITY. Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the Project:				
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?	[]		\boxtimes	
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?			\boxtimes	
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project is nonattainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards?				
d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?		\boxtimes		
e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				

PROJECT IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

a) Less Than Significant Impact. The Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District (SMAQMD) coordinates the work of government agencies, businesses, and private citizens to achieve and maintain healthy air quality for the Sacramento area. The SMAQMD develops market-based programs to reduce emissions associated with mobile sources, processes permits, ensures compliance with permit conditions and with SMAQMD rules and regulations, and conducts long-term planning related to air quality.

The Elk Grove portion of Sacramento County has been designated a nonattainment area for federal ozone and PM2.5 air quality standards (CARB 2013), so the SMAQMD is required to submit air quality plans and rate-of-progress milestone evaluations in accordance with the federal Clean Air Act. The SMAQMD air quality attainment plans and reports, which include the Sacramento Regional 8-Hour Ozone 2011 Reasonable Further Progress Plan (2008), the PM_{2.5} State Implementation Plan (SIP), and the PM₁₀ Implementation/Maintenance Plan and Re-Designation Request for Sacramento County (2010), present comprehensive strategies to reduce the ozone precursor pollutants (reactive organic gases [ROG] and nitrous oxides [NOx]) as well as particulate matter (PM) emissions from stationary, area, mobile, and indirect sources. The Sacramento Regional 8-Hour Ozone 2011 Reasonable Further Progress Plan includes information and analyses to fulfill Clean Air Act requirements for demonstrating reasonable further progress toward attaining the 8-hour ozone national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS) for the Sacramento region. In addition, this plan establishes an updated emissions inventory and maintains existing motor vehicle emission budgets for transportation conformity purposes. The PM2.5 SIP attempts to fulfill the requirements of the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to redesignate Sacramento County from nonattainment to attainment of the PM2.5 national ambient air quality standards, and the PM₁₀ Implementation/Maintenance Plan and Re-Designation Request for Sacramento County attempts to maintain PM10 attainment status.

According to SMAQMD guidance (2011), if the Project results in a change in a designated land use and corresponding substantial increases in vehicle miles traveled (VMT), the resultant increase in VMT may be unaccounted for in regional emissions inventories contained in the regional air quality control plans described above, which are based on local planning documents and general plans. Substantial increases in VMT that are not accounted for in the emissions inventory of these air quality plans may conflict with these air quality plans and therefore result in a contribution to the region's existing air quality nonattainment and/or maintenance status.

The Project site is designated by the Elk Grove General Plan as Office (OF) and zoned Business and Professional Office (BP). The proposed Project includes a request for a General Plan Amendment to change the site's land use designation to Commercial (C) as well as a Rezone to change the site's zoning to Shopping Center (SC). These proposed entitlements will allow the development of an approximately 20,000-square-foot discount retail store on 3.48 acres. This represents a change from the office uses that are currently allowed under the existing designation to retail uses. According to the trip generation rates identified in subsection 16, Transportation/Traffic, of this IS/MND, the proposed retail Project would result in 1,145 average daily trips. City of Elk Grove Municipal Code Section 23.34.040, Development Standards, allows a floor area ratio (FAR) of up to 2.5:1 in the Office district. Assuming a FAR of 0.30, which is substantially lower than allowed, the Project site could accommodate an office development of more than 45,477 square feet. According to the Institute of Transportation Engineers' (2012) 9th Edition Trip Generation Manual, the development of 45,477 square feet of office space allowed under the existing land use designation would result in 500 average daily trips. Therefore, the proposed Project would result in an increase of approximately 645 daily trips compared with the current land use designation.

The SMAQMD (2008) estimates a total of 69 million VMT in Sacramento County in 2015 and 75 million VMT in Sacramento County in 2020. If each of the 645 additional daily traffic trips spanned 20 miles, the result would be 12,900 VMT, which is an increase of 0.02 percent of the estimated VMT in 2015. Although the Project would result in an increase in the number of trips compared to that analyzed in the Elk Grove General Plan ElR, the resultant VMT from trips generated by the Project, which represents 0.02 percent of the estimated VMT in 2015, would not constitute a substantial increase in VMT from that anticipated in the applicable air quality control plans. As a result, the Project would not conflict with the Sacramento Regional 8-Hour Ozone 2011 Reasonable Further Progress Plan, PM2.5 State Implementation Plan, or the PM10 Implementation/Maintenance Plan and Re-Designation Request for Sacramento County. This impact is less than significant.

b) **Less Than Significant Impact.** A discussion of the Project's potential short-term construction-period and long-term operational-period air quality impacts is provided below.

CONSTRUCTION EMISSIONS

Three basic sources of short-term emissions would be generated by the proposed Project: the operation of construction vehicles (i.e., excavators, trenchers, dump trucks), the creation of fugitive dust during clearing and grading, and the use of asphalt or other oil-

¹ Floor area ratio is the ratio of the total building square footage to the size of parcel on which it is built. In the case noted here, the code allows building square footage that is 2.5 times the lot square footage, which could be achieved by developing a multi-story building.

based substances during paving activities. Construction activities, such as excavation and grading operations, construction vehicle traffic, and wind blowing over exposed soils, would generate exhaust emissions and fugitive particulate matter emissions that would affect local air quality at various times during construction. Effects would be variable depending on the weather, soil conditions, the amount of activity taking place, and the nature of dust control efforts. The dry climate of the area during the summer months creates a high potential for dust generation.

Construction activities would be subject to SMAQMD Rule 403, which requires taking reasonable precautions to prevent the fugitive dust emissions, such as using water or chemicals for control of dust during construction operations, the construction of roadways, or the clearing of land and application of asphalt, oil, water, or suitable chemicals on dirt roads, materials, stockpiles, and other surfaces that can give rise to airborne dust. In addition, Elk Grove Municipal Code Chapter 16.44, Land Grading and Erosion Control, requires projects in the City that disturb 350 cubic yards or more of soil or 1 or more acres of land to prepare an erosion and sediment control plan specifying best management practices (BMPs) for erosion and sediment control, and provides legal authority to the City for inspections and enforcement needed to ensure compliance.

The SMAQMD has established methods to quantify air emissions associated with construction activities. Emissions would vary from day to day, depending on the level of activity, the specific type of construction activity occurring, and, for fugitive dust, prevailing weather conditions. The construction air quality emissions are summarized in **Table 1**. The Project's complete CalEEMod emissions modeling software output spreadsheets are included in **Appendix A**.

TABLE 1

CONSTRUCTION-RELATED CRITERIA POLLUTANT AND PRECURSOR EMISSIONS (POUNDS PER DAY)

Construction Phases	Reactive Organic Gases (ROG)	Nitrogen Oxide (NOx)	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	Coarse Particulate Matter (PM10)	Fine Particulate Matter (PM2.5)
Construction	7.24	39.82	30.00	0.04	7.32	4.32
SMAQMD Potentially Significant Impact Threshold	-	85 pounds/day	_	_	_	_
Exceed SMAQMD Threshold?	_	No	_	_	_	_

Source: CalEEMod version 2013.2.2. Refer to Appendix A for model data outputs.

As shown in **Table 1**, Project emissions resulting from construction would not exceed the SMAQMD significance criterion of 85 pounds per day of NOx.

The proposed Project has the potential to exceed the PM₁₀ standard. While construction impacts are temporary and would cease once construction is completed, they nevertheless would have an effect on particulate matter emissions during construction activities. The SMAQMD provides screening criteria that can also be used for the evaluation of construction-generated PM₁₀, based on the overall maximum daily area of disturbance associated with proposed projects. Areas of daily disturbance in excess of SMAQMD screening criteria (15 acres) would be considered potentially significant. The Project site is approximately 3.48 acres; therefore, Project

construction cannot disturb 15 acres of ground. Construction-related air quality impacts will be considered less than significant.

OPERATIONAL EMISSIONS

The SMAQMD (2011) has established significance thresholds to evaluate the potential impacts associated with long-term Project operations. Regional air pollutant emissions associated with Project operations include area source emissions, energy-use emissions, and mobile source emissions. Area source emissions comprise emissions from fuel combustion from space and water heating, landscape maintenance equipment, evaporative emissions from architectural coatings and consumer products, and unpermitted emissions from stationary sources. Energy-use emissions comprise emissions from on-site natural gas usage, and mobile source emissions comprise emissions from automobiles.

Operational area source emissions, energy-use emissions, and mobile source emissions (e.g., trucks, cars, parking lot sweepers) for the proposed Project were calculated using the CalEEMod air quality model (**Appendix A**). As shown in **Table 2**, the Project's net operational emissions would not exceed SMAQMD significance criteria of 65 pounds per day of NOx or ROG. Emissions rates differ from summer to winter, because weather affects factors related to air quality, such as pollutant mixing/dispersion and ozone formation. Because the Project would not exceed SMAQMD thresholds for NOx or ROG, the Project's operational emissions would not result in a significant long-term regional air quality impact.

TABLE 2
LONG-TERM UNMITIGATED OPERATIONAL EMISSIONS (POUNDS PER DAY)

Operations	Reactive Organic Gases (ROG)	Nitrogen Oxide (NOx)	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	Coarse Particulate Matter (PM10)	Fine Particulate Matter (PM2.5)
	Sur	nmer Emissions	(Unmitigated)			
20,029-Square-Foot Store	4.65	3.98	22.24	0.03	2.35	0.66
	w	inter Emissions	(Unmitigated)			<u> </u>
20,029-Square-Foot Store	4.46	4.50	26.05	0.03	2.35	0.66
SMAQMD Potentially Significant Impact Threshold	65 pounds/day	65 pounds/day	_	_	_	_
Exceed SMAQMD Threshold?	No	No	_		_	_

Source: CalEEMod version 2013.2.2. Trip generation rates per subsection 16, Transportation/Traffic. Refer to **Appendix A** for model data outputs.

As shown in **Table 2**, Project emissions resulting from long-term operations would not exceed the SMAQMD significance criteria of 65 pounds per day of either ROG or NO_x. Therefore, operational-related air quality impacts will be considered less than significant.

c) Less Than Significant Impact. Because of the region's nonattainment status for ozone and PM, the SMAQMD considers projects that are consistent with all applicable air quality plans intended to bring the basin into attainment for all criteria pollutants, and below

SMAQMD significance thresholds of the ozone precursor pollutants (i.e., ROG and NOx), to have less than significant cumulative impacts. As discussed in Issue a), the proposed Project would not conflict with either the Sacramento Regional 8-Hour Ozone 2011 Reasonable Further Progress Plan, PM2.5 State Implementation Plan, or the PM10 Implementation/Maintenance Plan and Re-Designation Request for Sacramento County, since the increase in VMT attributed to the Project represents a small percentage of the estimated vehicle miles traveled in the county. As discussed in Issue b), predicted long-term operational emissions attributable to the proposed Project would not exceed SMAQMD significance thresholds. Therefore, since the Project would not conflict with applicable air quality plans or exceed SMAQMD significance thresholds, cumulative impacts would be less than significant per the SMAQMD significance threshold. The Project's contribution would not be cumulatively considerable.

d) Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated. Sensitive land uses are generally defined as locations where people reside or where the presence of air emissions could adversely affect the use of the land. Typical sensitive receptors include residents, schoolchildren, hospital patients, and the elderly. The Elk Grove General Plan considers residences to be "sensitive receptors" relative to air quality issues. There are currently residential land uses to the west, east, and south of the Project site.

Air Toxics

Construction activities would involve the use of a variety of gasoline- and diesel-powered equipment that emits exhaust fumes. Sensitive receptors in the Project vicinity could be exposed to nuisance dust and heavy equipment emissions (i.e., diesel exhaust) during construction. The amount to which the receptors are exposed (a function of concentration and duration of exposure) is the primary factor used to determine health risk (i.e., potential exposure to toxic air contaminant emission levels that exceed applicable standards). Construction activities would be subject to SMAQMD Rule 403. which requires taking reasonable precautions, such as using water or chemicals for control of dust during construction operations, to prevent the emissions of the air toxic fine particulate matter. Implementation of Rule 403 would ensure the Project would result in less than significant dust-related impacts during construction. Health-related risks associated with diesel-exhaust emissions are primarily linked to long-term exposure and the associated risk of contracting cancer. Current models and methodologies for conducting health risk assessments are associated with longer-term exposure periods of 9, 40, and 70 years, which do not correlate well with the temporary and highly variable nature of construction activities. Nonetheless, due to the proximity to a daycare facility located south of the Project site (approximately 195 feet) and the increased sensitivity of young children, mitigation measures AIR-1 and AIR-2 are required. Implementation of mitigation measures AIR-1 and AIR-2 would reduce the amount of constructiongenerated pollutants by requiring the most efficient equipment.

Operation of the proposed discount retail store would not result in the development of any substantial sources of air toxics. The Project proposes a truck delivery loading dock at the south side of the store, which would result in idling delivery trucks. These trucks are a source of diesel particulate matter, an air toxic according to the California Air Pollution Control Officers Association's (2009) Health Risk Assessments for Proposed Land Use Projects. However, a loading facility accommodating fewer than 100 delivery trucks daily is not considered a potential health risk. Project truck deliveries would be substantially less than 100 per day. Therefore, the proposed Project would not expose people to substantial levels of air toxic concentrations, and this impact would be less than significant.

Carbon Monoxide Hotspots

Carbon monoxide (CO) concentrations close to congested intersections that experience high levels of traffic and elevated background concentrations may reach unhealthy levels, affecting nearby sensitive receptors. Given the high traffic volume potential, areas of high CO concentrations, or "hotspots," are typically associated with intersections that are projected to operate at unacceptable levels of service during the peak commute hours. Modeling is therefore typically conducted for intersections that are projected to operate at unacceptable levels of service during peak commute hours.

The SMAQMD (2011) provides a project-level screening procedure to determine whether detailed CO hotspot modeling is required for a proposed development project. This preliminary screening methodology provides lead agencies with a conservative indication of whether project-generated vehicle trips would result in the generation of CO emissions that contribute to an exceedance of the thresholds of significance. According to the SMAQMD, the proposed Project would result in a less than significant impact to air quality for local carbon monoxide if:

- Traffic generated by the proposed Project would not result in deterioration of intersection level of service (LOS) to LOS E or F;² or
- The Project would not contribute additional traffic to an intersection that already operates at LOS of E or F.

As stated in subsection 16, Transportation/Traffic, the proposed Project would not result in any level of service at E or lower at the traffic facilities analyzed [see Issue a) in subsection 16, Transportation/Traffic]. Therefore, this impact is considered less than significant since the proposed Project would not result in traffic facilities operating at poor levels of service.

The proposed Project would result in less than significant impacts concerning the exposure of people to substantial amounts of air pollutant concentrations.

Mitigation Measures

AIR-1

The Project construction contractor shall provide a plan for approval by the SMAQMD demonstrating that the heavy-duty (50 horsepower [hp] or more) off-road vehicles to be used in the construction of the Project, including owned, leased, and subcontractor vehicles, will achieve a Project-wide fleet-average 20 percent NOx reduction and 45 percent particulate reduction compared to the most recent California Air Resources Board fleet average. Acceptable options for reducing emissions may include use of late model engines (California Air Resources Board Tier 3 Certified or better³), low-emission diesel products,

² Level of service (LOS) is a measure used by traffic engineers to determine the effectiveness of transportation infrastructure. LOS is most commonly used to analyze intersections by categorizing traffic flow with corresponding safe driving conditions. LOS A is considered the most efficient level of service and LOS F the least efficient.

³ NO_x emissions are primarily associated with use of diesel-powered construction equipment (e.g., graders, excavators, rubber-tired dozers, tractor/loader/backhoes). The Clean Air Act of 1990 directed the EPA to study, and regulate if warranted, the contribution of off-road internal combustion engines to urban air pollution. The first federal standards (Tier 1) for new off-road diesel engines were adopted in 1994 for engines over 50 horsepower and were phased in from 1996 to 2000. In 1996, a Statement of Principles pertaining to off-road diesel engines was signed between the EPA, CARB, and engine makers (including Caterpillar, Cummins, Deere, Detroit Diesel, Deutz, Isuzu, Komatsu, Kubota, Mitsubishi, Navistar, New Holland, Wis-

alternative fuels, engine retrofit technology, after-treatment products, and/or other options as they become available.

Timing/Implementation: Plan shall be submitted to the SMAQMD for review

and approval prior to approval of improvement plans and shall be implemented during all grading

and construction within the Project area

Enforcement/Monitoring: City of Elk Grove Planning Department; Sacramento

Metropolitan Air Quality Management District

AIR-2

The Project construction contractor shall ensure that emissions from all off-road diesel-powered equipment used do not exceed 40 percent opacity for more than 3 minutes in any one hour. Any equipment found to exceed 40 percent opacity (or Ringelmann 2.0) shall be repaired immediately. Noncompliant equipment shall be documented and a summary provided to the City Planning Department and the SMAQMD monthly. A visual survey of all in-operation equipment shall be made at least weekly, and a monthly summary of the visual survey results shall be submitted throughout the duration of construction, except that the monthly summary shall not be required for any 30-day period in which no construction activity occurs. The monthly summary shall include the quantity and type of vehicles surveyed and the dates of each survey. The SMAQMD and/or other officials may conduct periodic site inspections to determine compliance. Nothing in this measure shall supersede other SMAQMD or state rules or regulations.

Timing/Implementation: During all grading and construction within the

Project area

Enforcement/Monitoring: City of Elk Grove Planning Department; Sacramento

Metropolitan Air Quality Management District

e) **No Impact.** According to the SMAQMD, land uses commonly considered to be potential sources of odorous emissions include wastewater treatment plants, sanitary landfills, composting/green waste facilities, recycling facilities, petroleum refineries, chemical manufacturing plants, painting/coating operations, rendering plants, and food packaging plants. Implementation of the proposed Project would not result in the development or long-term operation of any on-site sources of odors due to its nature as a discount retail land use. No impact would occur.

Con, and Yanmar). On August 27, 1998, the EPA signed the final rule reflecting the provisions of the Statement of Principles. The 1998 regulation introduced Tier 1 standards for equipment under 50 horsepower and increasingly more stringent Tier 2 and Tier 3 standards for all equipment with phase-in schedules from 2000 to 2008. As a result, all off-road, diesel-fueled construction equipment manufactured in 2006 or later has been manufactured to Tier 3 standards.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
4.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES. Would the Project	it:			
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special-status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or US Fish and Wildlife Service?				
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or US Fish and Wildlife Service?				
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands, as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal wetlands, etc.), through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				⊠
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				\boxtimes
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				×
Ð	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted habitat conservation plan, natural community conservation plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				\boxtimes

EXISTING SETTING

A PMC biologist conducted an evaluation to characterize the biological baseline on and on lands adjacent to the proposed Project site. The evaluation involved a site visit and a thorough query of available data and literature from local, state, federal, and nongovernmental agencies.

Database searches were performed on the following websites:

US Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) Sacramento Office Species List (2014a)

- USFWS's Critical Habitat Portal (2014b)
- California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB) (2014)
- California Native Plant Society's (CNPS) Inventory of Rare and Endangered Plants of California (2014)

A search of the USFWS's Critical Habitat Portal database and Sacramento Office's Species List was performed for the Project area to identify federally protected species and their habitats in the Elk Grove, California, US Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute quadrangle and all adjacent quadrangles (Sloughhouse, Clay, Florin, Bruceville, Galt, Buffalo Creek, Sacramento East, and Carmichael) that may be affected by the proposed Project. In addition, a nine-quadrangle query of the CNDDB was conducted to identify known mapped and unprocessed occurrences for special-status species within the quadrangles listed above. The CNPS database was queried to identify special-status plant species with the potential to occur in the aforementioned quadrangles. Raw data from the database queries can be found in **Appendix B**.

A PMC biologist conducted a reconnaissance-level survey on October 28, 2014. The objective of the visit was to characterize the existing biological resources conditions on the site and evaluate any potential of the occurrence of special-status species, wetlands, or other sensitive resources. The Project site has relatively flat topography with an elevation of 43 feet above mean sea level. At the time of the field survey, the western half of Project site consisted of barren, compacted soil. A single-story residence and garage are located on the eastern half of the site. Vegetation consists of unmown, weedy annual grasses and one small orange tree. Commercial retail development occurs to the north of the site. The Project site is bounded by roads to the west and south, with residential housing beyond. Single-family residences and agricultural land occur east of the Project site.

SPECIAL-STATUS SPECIES

Candidate, sensitive, or special-status species are commonly characterized as species that are at potential risk or actual risk to their persistence in a given area or across their range. These species have been identified and assigned a status ranking by governmental agencies such as the CDFW, the USFWS, and nongovernmental organizations such as the CNPS. The degree to which a species is at risk of extinction is the determining factor in the assignment of a status ranking. Some common threats to a species' or population's persistence include habitat loss, degradation, and fragmentation, as well as human conflict and intrusion. For the purposes of this biological review, special-status species are defined by the following codes:

- Listed, proposed, or candidates for listing under the federal Endangered Species Act (50 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] 17.11 – listed; 61 Federal Register [FR] 7591, February 28, 1996, candidates)
- 2. Listed or proposed for listing under the California Endangered Species Act (Fish and Game Code [FGC] 1992 Section 2050 et seq.; 14 California Code of Regulations [CCR] Section 670.1 et sea.)
- 3. Designated as Species of Special Concern by the CDFW
- 4. Designated as Fully Protected by the CDFW (FGC Sections 3511, 4700, 5050, 5515)

5. Species that meet the definition of rare or endangered under CEQA (14 CCR Section 15380) including CNPS List Rank 1B and 2

The query of the USFWS, CNPS, and CNDDB databases revealed several special-status species with the potential to occur in the Project vicinity. **Appendix B** summarizes each species identified in the database results, a description of the habitat requirements for each species, and conclusions regarding the potential for each species to be impacted by the proposed Project.

PROJECT IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

- a) **No Impact.** The USFWS, CNPS, and CNDDB database queries revealed several special-status species with the potential to occur in the Project vicinity. However, due to the ground disturbance that has already occurred at the site, the urban development in the vicinity of the site, and the lack of natural habitats on or in proximity to the site, special-status species would not be expected to utilize the site (see **Appendix B**). As a result, no impact to special-status species would occur as a result of the proposed Project.
- b) **No Impact.** Sensitive habitats include those that are of special concern to resource agencies and those that are protected under CEQA, Section 1600 of the FGC, and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. No waters of the State or waters of the United States occur on the Project site; therefore, there would be no impact to riparian or other sensitive natural communities as a result of the proposed Project.
- c) **No Impact.** The proposed Project would not result in the loss of jurisdictional waters of the State and waters of the United States, because no waters of the State or of the United States occur on the Project site. As a result, no impact to federally protected wetlands would occur as a result of the proposed Project.
- d) **No Impact.** Implementation of the proposed Project would not interfere substantially with the movement of native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species. No established migratory routes were identified on or adjacent to the Project site. Due to the urbanized nature of the Project vicinity, including the four-lane Elk Grove Florin Road, it is unlikely that any significant wildlife corridors exist in the Project vicinity. Therefore, no impact would occur.
- e) **No Impact.** The City of Elk Grove protects all Trees of Local Importance⁴ with a single trunk of 6 inches at 4.5 feet from grade (diameter at breast height [dbh]) or larger or multiple trunks with an aggregate of 6 inches dbh or larger, through Title 19, Chapter 19.12, of the City's Municipal Code (Elk Grove 2014a). The only tree on the Project site is a small orange tree, which is not protected under the code. Therefore, no impact would occur.
- f) **No Impact.** Currently, no adopted or proposed habitat conservation plans, natural community conservation plans, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plans affect the proposed Project site. Therefore, no impact would occur.

⁴ Elk Grove Municipal Code Section 19.12.040 identifies the following native oak species as "trees of local importance:" coast live oak (Quercus agrifolia), valley oak (Quercus lobata), blue oak (Quercus douglasii), interior live oak (Quercus wislizenii), Oracle oak (Quercus X moreha), California sycamore (Platanus racemosa), and California black walnut (juglans hindsii).

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
5.	CULTURAL RESOURCES. Would the Project	:		,	
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Public Resources Code Section 21084.1 and CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.5, respectively?				
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource as defined in Public Resources Code Sections 21083.2 and 21084.1, and CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.5, respectively?			X	
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geological feature?			\boxtimes	
d)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?			×	

PROJECT IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

A cultural resources assessment was prepared for the proposed Project by Peak & Associates (2014). The reader is referred to **Appendix C** for a detailed description of the archaeological, ethnological, and historical background of the Project site and the surrounding area. The assessment prepared for the proposed Project includes a records search conducted by staff at the North Central Information Center of the California Historical Resources Information System on November 12, 2014, as well as a comprehensive field survey of the Project site conducted on November 15, 2014.

All Mo Impact. The existing residence on the Project site is a narrow one-story structure in a Minimal Traditional style. It is wood frame on a concrete slab with a garage. The county assessor places a construction date of 1972 on the building, and this is consistent with the style and construction materials, which includes vinyl wood-grained, board-and-batten-style siding, a composite roof, and aluminum slider windows. The actual date of construction may be later, as the Elk Grove topographic map with 1979 photorevisions shows no buildings present on the site. To the east and a bit north of the residence is a newer building that is all aluminum on a concrete slab that appears to have housed a commercial venture at one time. Given the modern dates of construction, these structures do not represent historic resources. Furthermore, the records search determined that there have been no resources recorded in the Project area, and the field survey failed to identify any indications of Euro-American occupation prior to the modern day.

Elk Grove Florin Road was recorded as a site in 1993, assigned CA-SAC-545H (P-34-700). Since it is a modern roadway, that has experienced additional paving and widening beyond the original roadway, the proposed Project would not result in an impact. Therefore, there would be no impact to historic resources.

Less Than Significant Impact. As described previously, the records search conducted for b-d) the Project area determined that no archaeological resources have been recorded in the Project area. In addition, the field survey failed to identify any indication of Native American occupation or use of the site. The Project site lies on a flat open plain, near a minor creek course. Campsites and villages would more likely be located near the larger, more reliable water sources such as the Cosumnes River. As a result, the Native American inhabitants of the region could have used the Project site for collecting plant foods and for hunting, but such activities leave little physical evidence. Therefore, there is a slight possibility that a site may exist and be totally obscured by vegetation, fill, or other historic activities, leaving no surface evidence. As such, the cultural resources assessment recommended that should artifacts or unusual amounts of stone, bone, or shell be uncovered during construction activities, an archeologist be consulted for an on-thespot evaluation of the finding. If any bone is discovered that appears to be human, state law requires that the Sacramento County Coroner be contacted. If the coroner determines that the bone is human and is most likely Native American in origin, the Native American Heritage Commission must be contacted.

These recommendations are consistent with Elk Grove General Plan Policy HR-6 (Actions HR-6-Action 1 and HR-6-Action 2), which requires project proponents to halt work and immediately notify the City's Planning Division if any prehistoric, archaeologic, or paleontologic artifact is uncovered during construction and to retain a qualified archaeologist to evaluate the find and recommend appropriate action. If human remains are uncovered, these actions also require the County Coroner to be notified and, if the remains are determined to be Native American, the procedures outlined in CEQA Section 15064.5(d) and (e) are to be followed. This impact would be less than significant with compliance with these existing City requirements.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
6.	GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS. Would	the Project:			
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?		×		
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?		×		

PROJECT IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

a,b) Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated. Emissions resulting from the proposed Project are presented in Table 3. Construction-generated greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions were amortized over the estimated life of the Project (30 years). As shown in Table 3, the long-term operations of the proposed Project could produce 615 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalents (CO₂e) annually. This would contribute to a net increase in GHGs from the proposed Project.

TABLE 3

OPERATIONAL GHG EMISSIONS – METRIC TONS PER YEAR

Source	CO ₂ e
Construction (amortized over 30 years of Project life)	13
Area	0
Energy	86
Mobile	473
Solid Waste	39
Water	4
Total	615

Source: CalEEMod version 2013.2.2. Refer to Appendix D for model data outputs.

The Elk Grove Climate Action Plan (CAP) (2013) is a strategic planning document that identifies sources of GHG emissions from within Elk Grove's boundary and reduces emissions through energy use, transportation, land use, water use, and solid waste strategies (referred to as "measures" in the CAP). The policy provisions contained in the CAP were prepared for the purpose of complying with the requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 32 and achieving the goals of the AB 32 Scoping Plan. The City considers a specific project proposal consistent with the Elk Grove CAP if it complies with the greenhouse gas reduction measures contained in the odopted CAP.

The mandatory GHG reduction measures included in the Elk Grove Climate Action Plan that apply to commercial development are contained in **Table 4**, which also summarizes the extent to which the Project would comply with the strategies. The strategies listed in

Table 4 are required under local or state regulations and included as mitigation measures for the Project. With implementation of these strategies/measures, the Project's contribution to cumulative GHG emissions would be reduced and the Project would be consistent with the CAP.

Table 4
Compliance with Elk Grove Climate Action Plan

Strategy	Project Compliance	
Built Environment Measures		
BE-6 – Building Stock, New Construction	Compliant	
Adopt CALGreen Tier 1 standards to require all new construction to achieve a 15 percent improvement over minimum Title 24 CALGreen energy requirements.	The proposed Project shall be required to achieve a 15 percent improvement over minimum Title 24 CALGreen energy requirements.	
BE-10 - On-Site Renewable Energy Installations	Compliant	
Third Action Item:	The Project shall be required to install a solar-ready rooftop on the proposed retail store building.	
Require new commercial, office, and industrial development to provide prewiring or conduit for solar photovoltaics.		
Resource Conservation Measures		
RC-1 - Waste Reduction	Compliant	
Fourth Action Item:	The Project shall be required to achieve a 65 percent waste diversion rate during construction activities.	
Expand the current construction and demolition ordinance to require 65 percent waste diversion (Tier 1 CALGreen).		
Transportation Alternative and Congestion Management		
TACM-9. Efficient and Alternative Vehicles	Compliant	
Second Action Item:	The Project shall be required to provide an electric vehicle charging station for plug-in electric vehicles.	
Require new commercial construction over a certain size to be determined by City staff to provide an electric vehicle charging station for plug-in electric vehicles.		

Table 5 provides a summary of Project GHG emissions after implementation of all of the required CAP measures. In addition to compliance with the mandatory GHG reduction measures included in the Eik Grove CAP that apply to commercial development, the proposed Project is also required to adhere to Elk Grove Municipal Code Chapters 14.10 and 23.54, which mandate low-water-use landscaping (i.e., drought-tolerant plants and drip irrigation). As shown in **Table 5**, compliance with the applicable mandatory GHG reduction measures in the CAP and the City Municipal Code would reduce emissions by 4 metric tons annually.

TABLE 5

OPERATIONAL GHG EMISSIONS (AFTER COMPLIANCE WITH CAP) – METRIC TONS PER YEAR

Source	CO ₂ e
Construction (amortized over 30 years of Project life)	13
Area	. 0
Energy	82
Mobile	473

Source	CO ₂ e
Solid Waste	39
Water	4
Total	611

Source: CalEEMod version 2013.2.2. Emissions estimates account for exceeding Tier 1 Title 24 standards consistent with the Climate Action Plan and outdoor water conservation measures consistent with Chapters 14.10 and 23.54 of the Elk Grove Municipal Code. Refer to **Appendix D** for model data outputs.

The proposed Project would comply with the GHG reduction measures included in the Elk Grove CAP that apply to commercial development (see mitigation measure **GHG-1**). As a result, the Project would be consistent with the AB 32 strategies to help California reach the emissions reduction targets. Therefore, this impact is less than significant.

Mitigation Measures

GHG-1

Prior to building permit approval, the City of Elk Grove Planning Department shall require that the Project implement the following to reduce GHG emissions, based on the referenced measures from the City's Climate Action Plan:

- a. The Project building shall achieve Tier 1 of Title 24, Part 1 green building standards to exceed minimum Title 24 energy efficiency standards by 15 percent, consistent with CAP Measure BE-6.
- b. The Project shall achieve Tier 1 of Title 24, Part 1 green building standards to required 65 percent waste diversion, consistent with CAP Measure RC-1.
- c. The Project shall include prewiring for solar photovoltaic (PV), consistent with CAP Measure BE-10. The proposed Project may also satisfy the intent of this mitigation by installing on-site solar PV systems.
- d. The Project shall provide an electric vehicle charging station for plug-in electric vehicles on-site, consistent with CAP Measure TACM-9.

Timing/Implementation: Prior to final design, issuance of building permit

Enforcement/Monitoring: City of Elk Grove Planning Department

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
7.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS. Would the Project	:			
a)	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death, involving:				
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
	ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	
	iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			\boxtimes	
	iv) Landslides?				\boxtimes
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			\boxtimes	
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the projects, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse?			\boxtimes	
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				Ø

A geotechnical study was prepared for the proposed Project in June 2014 by Korbmacher Engineering, Inc., and is provided as **Appendix E** of this document.

a) i) No Impact. Geologic references indicate that there no designated active or potentially active fault trace passes through the Project site. The faults nearest the Project site are the Greenville and Concord-Green Valley faults at a distance of 45 and 49 miles, respectively. Therefore, the proposed Project would not expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects involving rupture of a known earthquake fault. There would be no impact.

ii) Less Than Significant Impact. As discussed under Issue a.i) above, the Project site is not located in the vicinity of any active faults. However, earthquake-related ground shaking can be expected during the design life of structures constructed on the site from earthquakes along active faults located outside the region, including the Greenville and Concord-Green Valley faults. Therefore, proposed structures must be designed to withstand the anticipated ground accelerations.

The State of California provides minimum standards for structural design and site development through the California Building Code (CBC) (California Code of Regulations [CCR], Title 24, Part 2). The City of Elk Grove adopted the 2013 CBC as the basis for the City Building Code (Elk Grove Municipal Code Section 16.04.010). The City's enforcement of its Building Code ensures the Project would be consistent with the CBC. All buildings constructed in the City, including the proposed Project, would be required to comply with the CBC, which includes special design requirements for building and foundation capabilities, masonry and concrete reinforcement, and building spacing to accommodate moderate earthquake shaking. It has been shown that compliance with modern building codes can greatly reduce the risks associated with ground shaking. The CBC design requirements reduce impacts associated with seismic ground shaking by preparing structures to accommodate moderate earthquake-related ground movement. Compliance with these seismic design parameters would ensure that impacts resulting from seismic ground shaking at the Project site would be less than significant.

- iii) Less Than Significant Impact. Liquefaction is the transformation of loose saturated silts and sands with less than 15 percent clay-sized particles from a solid state to a semi-liquid state. This occurs under vibratory conditions such as those induced by a seismic event. The potential for liquefaction is dependent on soil types and density, the groundwater table, and the duration and intensity of ground shaking. Lateral spreading/lurching is a situation in which soil mass deforms laterally toward a free face, such as a stream bank, during a seismic event. The failure occurs along a liquefiable/weak subsurface layer. According to the geotechnical study prepared for the proposed Project (Korbmacher Engineering 2014, p. 4), based on a review of the soil conditions encountered, Project site soils have a low potential of soil liquefaction or lateral spreading. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant.
- iv) **No Impact.** The Project site and surrounding properties are topographically flat; therefore, the likelihood of landslides is minimal. Furthermore, the City of Elk Grove General Plan Draft ElR confirms that there is little potential for landslides to occur anywhere in the City, as the maximum land surface slope in the City is 3 percent. Therefore, no impact associated with landslides is expected to occur.
- b) Less Than Significant Impact. Construction activities associated with development of the proposed Project, including land clearing, grading, and excavations, would disturb site soils, temporarily exposing them to wind and water erosion. City of Elk Grove General Plan Policy CAQ-6 states that "roads and structures shall be designed, built and landscaped so as to minimize erosion during and after construction." Procedures have been established to minimize erosion and sedimentation during construction activities in Municipal Code Chapter 16.44, Land Grading and Erosion Control. Compliance with Policy CAQ-5 and Chapter 16.44 would reduce impacts associated with soil erosion during construction and operation. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant.

- c) Less Than Significant Impact. See Impact a.iv) for a discussion regarding landslides. See Impact a.iii) for a discussion regarding liquefaction and lateral spreading. According to the geotechnical study prepared for the proposed Project (Korbmacher Engineering 2014, p. 4), no indications of geotechnical hazards would preclude use of the Project site for the proposed development. The geotechnical study (Appendix E) recommends stripping of surface soils and recompacting in accordance with accepted standards, which would ensure the proposed structure is properly designed and constructed to minimize potential risks associated with unstable soils. This impact would be less than significant.
- d) Less Than Significant Impact. According to the geotechnical study prepared for the proposed Project (Korbmacher Engineering 2014, p. 3), laboratory testing indicates that the site's near-surface soils have a low expansion potential. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant.
- e) **No Impact.** The proposed Project would connect to the Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District (SRCSD) and Sacramento Area Sewer District (SASD) sewer system. The Project does not propose the use or construction of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems; therefore, no impact would occur.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
8.	HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. W	ould the Project	:		
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?			\boxtimes	
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?			\boxtimes	
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan area or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within 2 miles of a public airport or a public use airport, result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
g)	Impair implementation of, or physically interfere with, an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				×

a-c) Less Than Significant Impact. Construction of the proposed Project would involve the use of limited amounts of routine hazardous materials including gasoline, diesel fuel, oils, solvents, and paints. Contractors would be required to use, store, and dispose of any hazardous materials in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Once operational, the proposed retail use would be expected to use, store, and transport small quantities of common hazardous materials such as paints and oil as well as pesticides, fertilizers and equipment fuel for landscaping maintenance. Employees and landscaping contractors would be required by law to use and store these materials in accordance with the product labels. Both the EPA and the US

Department of Transportation regulate the transport of hazardous waste and material, including transport via highway. Compliance with existing regulations would minimize potential risks to the public and the environment associated with the use, storage, and transport of hazardous materials associated with the proposed Project. Although a private elementary school and daycare center are located within one-quarter mile of the Project site, the proposed Project does not include any uses that would emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous materials in a manner that would pose a risk to either facility. This impact would be less than significant.

d) Less Than Significant Impact. According to a search of the Department of Toxic Substances Control EnviroStor database and the State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker database, the Project site is not included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 (Cortese List).5 In addition, no such sites are recorded within 1 mile of the Project site (DTSC 2014; SWRCB 2014). The existing residence on the Project site was constructed prior to 1980 and may have asbestos-containing materials, lead-based paint, and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB).

Asbestos-Containing Materials

The Project would be subject to Sacramento Air Quality Management District Rule 902, Asbestos, requiring an asbestos survey and removal of any asbestos-containing materials prior to demolition.

Lead Paint

Cal/OSHA standards establish a maximum safe exposure level for types of construction work where lead exposure may occur, including demolition of structures where lead-based paint is present. Inspection, testing, and removing lead-containing building materials must be performed by State-certified contractors who are required to comply with applicable health and safety and hazardous waste regulations.

PCB

The DTSC has classified polychlorinated biphenyls as hazardous waste at certain concentrations. Electrical transformers and fluorescent light ballasts may contain PCB, and if so, they are regulated as hazardous waste. Most ballasts manufactured since 1978 do not contain PCB and are required to have a label indicating that PCB is not present. The federal Toxic Substance Control Act establishes procedures and standards for cleanup of PCB releases.

Compliance with these existing regulations would ensure that any hazardous materials present on the Project site would be handled appropriately and that no significant hazards to the public or the environment would be created. This impact would be less than significant.

⁵ Government Code Section 65962.5 requires compilation of a list of hazardous waste and substances sites to be used as a planning document by state and local agencies and developers to comply with the CEQA requirements in providing information about the location of hazardous materials release sites. This list is commonly known as the Cortese List.

- e, f) **No Impact.** The Project site is not located within an airport land use plan or within 2 miles of an active public airport or a private airstrip, so there would be no safety hazard to people working in the Project area. Therefore, there would be no impact.
- g) No Impact. The proposed Project does not include any components that would impair implementation of or physically interfere with either the Sacramento County Multi-Hazard Plan or the Sacramento County Area Plan, both of which address plans for incidents involving hazardous materials or conditions, including evacuation plans. Therefore, there would be no impact.
- h) **No Impact**. The Project site is located in an urbanized area and is not at risk for wildland fire. Construction of the Project would require removal of vegetation from the site and would extend water supply and emergency access to the site, further reducing any risk of wildland fire. There would be no impact.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
9.	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY. Wou	ld the Project:			
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?			\boxtimes	
(b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted?			\boxtimes	
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on- or off-site?				
e)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			\boxtimes	
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				×
i)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of a failure of a levee or dam?				
j)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				

a, f) Less Than Significant Impact. The proposed Project could result in water quality degradation during construction and operation. Construction activities associated with development of the Project site would include grading, demolition, and vegetation removal, which would disturb and expose soils to water erosion, potentially increasing the amount of silt and debris entering drainages. In addition, refueling and parking of construction equipment and other vehicles on-site during construction could result in oil, grease, and other related pollutant leaks and spills that could enter runoff. However, the Project would be required to comply with the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Construction permitting process, which would include implementation of a stormwater pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) that includes best management practices (BMPs) to protect water quality. The Project would also be required to comply with Elk Grove Municipal Code Chapter 16.44, Land Grading and Erosion Control, which requires implementation of further measures to minimize erosion, sediment, dust, and other pollutant runoff. Examples of typical construction best management practices in SWPPPs include using temporary mulching, seeding, or other suitable stabilization measures to protect uncovered soils; storing materials and equipment to ensure spills or leaks cannot enter the storm drain system or surface water; developing and implementing a spill prevention and cleanup plan; installing traps, filters, or other devices at drop inlets to prevent contaminants from entering storm drains; and using barriers, such as straw bales or plastic, to minimize the amount of uncontrolled runoff that could enter drainages and surface waters. The discharger must also install structural controls, such as sediment control, as necessary, which would constitute Best Available Technologies (BAT) to achieve compliance with water quality standards. Compliance with these requirements would ensure that site development activities do not result in the movement of unwanted material into waters on or off the Project site.

Once the Project building is occupied, runoff from the Project site would likely contain oils, grease, fuel, antifreeze, and byproducts of combustion (such as lead, cadmium, nickel, and other metals), as well as nutrients, sediments, and other pollutants. However, the Project would be required to comply with the City's NPDES Stormwater Permit requirements, which require implementation of water quality control measures. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant.

b) Less Than Significant Impact. The proposed Project would be provided domestic water service by the Sacramento County Water Agency (SCWA) from water pumped from the Central Area of the South American Groundwater Subbasin. The estimated long-term annual sustainable yield of groundwater from the Central Area is 273,000 acre-feet per year. Groundwater extractions are estimated to be 235,000 acre-feet per year (excluding remediation). In addition, the SCWA, as a member of the Sacramento Groundwater Authority, actively participates in the implementation of the adopted Groundwater Management Plan, which was developed to maintain a safe and sustainable groundwater resource in the Central Area. Objectives of the Groundwater Management Plan include maintaining a long-term average extraction rate at or below the sustainable yield, maintaining groundwater elevations, and protecting against land surface subsidence.

The Project proposes the development of a retail center on 3.48 acres. Based on an annual water demand factor of 2.75 acre-feet per acre of commercial development (Elk Grove 2014b), the Project would have an annual water demand of approximately 9.6 acre-feet. This additional projected water demand would not exceed the sustainable yield of the basin or the SCWA's groundwater allocation pursuant to the Water Forum Agreement. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in the substantial depletion of groundwater supplies, and this impact would be less than significant.

Recharge of the local aquifer system occurs primarily along active river and stream channels where extensive sand and gravel deposits exist. Although the proposed Project would result in the creation of impervious surfaces, the Project site is not located near any

river or stream channels. In addition, on-site runoff would be directed to catchment basins and allowed to infiltrate into the soil and recharge the underlying aquifer. Therefore, the proposed Project would have a less than significant impact on groundwater recharge.

- c-e) Less Than Significant Impact. The Project site would be regraded to direct runoff to a series of vegetated retention areas in the proposed landscape areas along the site's southern boundary. These retention areas were designed to manage on-site drainage and allow runoff to infiltrate into the underlying soils, thus preventing flooding on and off the Project site. As drainage would be retained on the site, there would be no impact on the City's existing drainage system. See Issue b) in subsection 7, Geology and Soils, and Issue a) above regarding erosion. These impacts would be less than significant.
- g, h) **No Impact.** According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) (2014), the Project site is designated as Zone X, Area of 0.2 Percent Annual Change of Flood Hazard (i.e., a 500-year flood hazard area). Therefore, Project implementation would not place any housing or other structures within a 100-year flood hazard area. There would be no impact.
- i) **No Impact.** The dam nearest to the Project site is Folsom Dam. The Project site is not located in the Folsom Dam Failure Flood Area. Therefore, the Project would not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving flooding as a result of a failure of a levee or dam, and there would be no impact.
- j) **No Impact.** The Project site is not located near any water bodies large enough to pose a risk of tsunami or seiche waves. The Project site and adjacent properties are relatively flat and not at risk of mudflow. Therefore, the proposed Project would not expose people to potential impacts involving seiche, tsunami, or mudflow. There would be no impact.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
10	. LAND USE AND PLANNING. Would the Proje	ect:	•		
a)	Physically divide an existing community?				\boxtimes
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to, the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?			×	
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				\boxtimes

- a) **No Impact**. The Project site would be developed as a retail center, which would be a continuation of the existing uses north of the site and would not divide an established community. There would be no impact.
- b) Less Than Significant Impact. The Project site is designated by the Elk Grove General Plan as Office (OF) and zoned Business and Professional Office (BP). The proposed Project includes a request for a General Plan Amendment to change the site's land use designation to Commercial (C) and a Rezone to change the site's zoning to Shopping Center (SC). The proposed land use designation and zoning would be compatible with the existing uses north of the site and would be consistent with the existing mix of commercial and residential uses in the area. The proposed General Plan Amendment and Rezone would not conflict with plans or policies adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect or result in significant environmental impacts beyond those discussed throughout this document. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant.
- c) **No Impact.** The City does not have an adopted habitat conservation plan, natural community conservation plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. Therefore, there would be no impact.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
11.	MINERAL RESOURCES. Would the Project	t:			
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated in a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan?				

a, b) **No Impact.** Neither the Project site nor the adjacent properties are used for mineral extraction or are designated as important mineral recovery sites. In addition, no notices of intent to preserve mineral rights have been recorded on the Project site. No impact to mineral resources would occur.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
12.	. NOISE. Would the Project result in:				
a)	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance or of applicable standards of other agencies?			×	
b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?		\boxtimes		
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			×	
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan area or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within 2 miles of a public airport or a public use airport, expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				×
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				×

a, c) Less Than Significant Impact. The primary source of noise associated with the proposed retail operations would be delivery truck unloading/loading activities. Noise sources associated with the typical operation of loading docks include maneuvering, loading and unloading of delivery trucks (large and small), refrigeration equipment, engine idling, and airbrakes. Idling time would be limited to no more than 5 minutes under California law (California Code of Regulations, Title 13, Section 2485). Noise levels associated with these activities have been measured at 78.3 dBA Leq at a distance of 20 feet from the tractor trailer (Santee 2014). Because loading dock activities would occur in the same location, the noise source would be considered to be stationary in nature.

The City's General Plan Noise Element identifies compatible noise environments for different types of land uses. For the purposes of land use planning, the Noise Element designates noise level goals to be achieved, when feasible, for specific land uses. General Plan Policy NO-3 states that "noise created by new proposed non-transportation noise sources shall be mitigated so as not to exceed the noise level standards of Table NO-A as measured immediately within the property line of lands designated for noise-sensitive uses." The noise thresholds for non-transportation noise sources (which may include

shopping centers, HVAC systems, and loading docks) is 55 L_{eq} dB during the daytime hours (7:00 AM to 10:00 PM) and 45 L_{eq} dB during the nighttime hours (10:00 PM to 7:00 AM).

The parcel immediately east of the Project site is currently vacant but is planned for future low-density residential development. In addition, the properties west and south of the Project site are currently developed with residential uses. As shown on Figure 3, the proposed building and associated loading dock and HVAC system would be located in the western portion of the Project site. As a result, the loading dock would be approximately 425 feet from the eastern property line, approximately 150 feet from the property line of the existing apartment complex to the south, and approximately 180 feet from the property line of the closest residence west of the site. Stationary noise attenuates at a rate of 6 dBA per doubling of distance, resulting in noise levels association with loading dock operations of approximately 42.3 Leq dB, which is below the nighttime standard of 45 L_{eq} dB, at a distance of approximately 140 feet. In addition, the Project proposes a 6-foot-tall concrete masonry unit block wall along the site's eastern boundary, which would serve to further reduce noise levels on the Project site by approximately 5 dBA. Therefore, noise levels from loading dock operations would not exceed the City's exterior noise standards at any of the adjacent existing or planned residential properties. This impact would be less than significant.

b) Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated. The Project does not include any components that would result in vibration during operation of the Project site. However, vibration could occur during construction activities. The primary construction activities associated with the Project would occur when infrastructure and the building are constructed. A vibratory compactor is the only piece of equipment likely to be used during Project construction that would be expected to exceed 0.1 inch per second peak particle velocity (ppv), which is the threshold for annoyance, and is well below the 1.0 inch per second ppv that is the threshold for structural damage. These levels are based on a reference distance of 25 feet.

The property immediately east of the site is currently vacant. The existing developments to the west and south are of sufficient distance from the Project site to not be affected by any vibrations during construction. However, the existing buildings in the retail center to the north are less than 25 feet from the proposed construction area. Pursuant to Chapter 6.32, Noise Control, of the Elk Grove Municipal Code, construction activities would be limited to the hours between 6:00 AM and 8:00 PM Monday through Friday and between 7:00 AM and 8:00 PM on Saturday and Sunday. Limiting construction activities to daytime hours would minimize annoyance at these adjacent uses. However, damage to adjacent structures could occur and this impact would be potentially significant. Implementation of mitigation measure NOI-1 would ensure repair of any damage to adjacent structures as a result of Project construction and would reduce this impact to a less than significant level.

Mitigation Measures

- **NOI-1** As part of the City's Design Review process for the proposed Project, the City shall require the following measures prior to initiation of Project construction:
 - The pre-existing condition of any buildings within 25 feet of any construction activities shall be recorded in order to evaluate damage from project-related construction. Fixtures and finishes within a 25-foot radius of construction activities susceptible to damage shall be documented (photographically and in writing) prior to construction.

Should damage occur, construction operations shall be halted and the problem activity shall be identified. A qualified engineer shall establish vibration limits based on soil conditions and the types of buildings in the immediate area. The contractor shall monitor the buildings throughout the remaining construction period and follow all recommendation of the qualified engineer to repair any damage that has occurred to the pre-existing state and to avoid any further structural damage.

Timing/Implementation:

Prior to and during construction

Enforcement/Monitoring:

City of Elk Grove Planning Department

d) Less Than Significant Impact. Construction of the proposed Project would temporarily increase noise levels on the Project site. Activities involved in typical construction would generate maximum noise levels ranging from 85 to 95 dB at a distance of 50 feet. Noise would also be generated during the construction phase by increased truck traffic on area roadways. This noise increase would be of short duration and would likely occur primarily during daytime hours.

General Plan Policy NO-3-Action 3 requires that stationary construction equipment and construction staging areas be set back from existing noise-sensitive land uses. In addition, Municipal Code Chapter 6.32, Noise Control, exempts construction activities from the specified noise ordinance standards during the hours between 6:00 AM and 8:00 PM Monday through Friday and between 7:00 AM and 8:00 PM on Saturday and Sunday. If a construction project adheres to the construction times identified in Municipal Code Chapter 6.32, construction noise is exempted. Because construction activities on the Project site would be limited to the daytime hours and would be temporary, this impact would be less than significant.

e, f) **No impact.** The Project site is not in an airport land use plan or within 2 miles of a public airport. Therefore, the Project site would not be exposed to excessive noise levels from either public or private airport operations. There would be no impact.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
13.	POPULATION AND HOUSING. Would the	Project:			
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (e.g., by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (e.g., through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?			\boxtimes	
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?			\boxtimes	
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?			\boxtimes	

- a) Less Than Significant Impact. The Project proposes a retail use and would not include any residential uses that would directly increase the City's population. The proposed retail store would create a limited number of new jobs (approximately 25), which would likely be filled by local workers. Therefore, the proposed Project would not result in substantial population growth in the area. Furthermore, the Project does not include the extension of any roads or other infrastructure that has been identified as a limit to growth in the area. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant.
- b, c) Less Than Significant Impact. The Project site currently contains one residential unit, which would be demolished as part of the proposed Project. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would displace one housing unit and the associated residents. This is not considered a substantial number of existing housing or people and would not necessitate the construction of replacement housing elsewhere. These impacts would be less than significant.

	Less Than Potentially Significant Significant Impact With Impact Mitigation Incorporated		Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
pro fac	. PUBLIC SERVICES. Would ovision of new or physically alcilities, the construction of whit vice ratios, response times, or a	tered governmental fac ch could cause signific	ilities, the need for near the need for near the need in	ew or physically alter pacts, in order to ma	ed governmental intain acceptable
a)	Fire protection?			\boxtimes	
b)	Police protection?			\boxtimes	
c) Schools?				\boxtimes	
d) Parks?					
e)	Other public facilities?			\boxtimes	

- a) Less Than Significant Impact. The Cosumnes Community Services District (CCSD) Fire Department currently provides fire protection services to the Project site and the vicinity. As a standard condition of approval for the Project, the applicant would be required to establish an annual Mello-Roos Community Facilities District special tax to fund a portion of the cost of the District's fire and emergency services, maintenance, operation, and repair and replacement of fire station facilities and fire and emergency equipment. The CCSD operates eight fire stations serving the cities of Elk Grove and Galt, as well as areas of unincorporated Sacramento County. The nearest fire station to the Project site is Station 76 located at 8545 Sheldon Road, less than 2 miles to the southwest. The addition of a relatively small retail store to the existing retail center would not generate a significant increase in calls for fire protection services and would not trigger the need for additional fire protection facilities, the construction of which could result in impacts on the environment. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant.
- b) Less Than Significant Impact. The Elk Grove Police Department currently provides police protection services to the Project site. The Police Department operates primarily out of two facilities located in the City Hall complex at 8380 and 8400 Laguna Palms Way, approximately 4 miles southwest of the Project site. The addition of a relatively small retail store in an existing commercial area of the City would not result in a substantial increase in the need for police protection services or trigger the need for additional police protection facilities, the construction of which could result in impacts on the environment. Therefore, the impact would be less than significant.
- c) Less Than Significant Impact. The Project site is located within the boundaries of the Elk Grove Unified School District (EGUSD), which is one of the largest school districts in California with a rapidly growing student population. The district is impacted, and many schools are overcrowded. As such, essentially all new development within the EGUSD boundaries contributes to the need for additional school facilities.

The proposed Project does not include any residential uses and would not directly generate any additional students who would attend EGUSD schools. The Project would create new jobs in the City, which could indirectly generate new students. However, the Project alone would not trigger the need for additional school facilities, and exceeding

school capacity is not considered a physical impact under CEQA. California Government Code Section 65995(h) states that "the payment or satisfaction of a fee, charge or other requirement levied or imposed...[is] deemed to be full and complete mitigation of the impacts of any legislative or adjudicative act, or both, involving, but not limited to, the planning, use, or development of real property, or any change in governmental organization or reorganization as defined in Section 56021 or 56073, on the provision of adequate school facilities." The proposed Project would be subject to the EGUSD commercial fee in place at the time an application is submitted for a building permit, and under CEQA, payment of EGUSD development fees is considered to mitigate the need for school facilities generated by Project implementation. Therefore, anticipated impacts to schools would be less than significant.

- d) Less Than Significant Impact. See Issue a) in subsection 15, Recreation. The impact would be less than significant.
- e) **Less Than Significant Impact.** The proposed Project would result in a negligible increase in the City's overall population and would not be expected to generate a significant increase in demand for any other public services. This impact would be less than significant.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
15	. RECREATION				
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?			×	
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities, or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				

- a) Less Than Significant Impact. The Project proposes a retail store and does not include any residential uses. As discussed in Issue a) in subsection 13, Population and Housing, the Project would not induce substantial population growth in the City and would not be expected to increase the use of existing parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant.
- b) Less Than Significant Impact. The Project proposes a retail store and does not include development of any recreational facilities. As noted above, the Project would not result in substantial population growth that would increase the demand for recreational facilities. The Project would not require the construction or expansion of any recreational facilities. This impact would be less than significant.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
16.	. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC. Would the Project	it:			
a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance, or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?			\boxtimes	
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				×
e)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				\boxtimes
f)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				

a, b) Less Than Significant Impact

Roadway Facilities in the Project Vicinity

The Project site is currently accessed from Brown Road and is immediately east of Elk Grove Florin Road. The proposed development would be accessed from both Brown Road and Elk Grove Florin Road as well as from the existing retail center to the north. Major roadways in the Project vicinity are described below.

• **Brown Road** is a two-lane, east-west roadway that extends from Waterman Road to Elk Grove Florin Road. This roadway becomes Silverberry Avenue west of Elk Grove Florin Road.

- Calvine Road is an east—west road extending from SR 99 to Grant Line Road. Calvine Road is six lanes from Power Inn Road to Cliffcrest Drive, transitions to four lanes from Cliffcrest Drive to Vintage Park Drive, and is five lanes between Vintage Park Drive and Elk Grove Florin Road. East of Elk Grove Florin Road, Calvine alternates between four, five, and six lanes to Vineyard Road, where it continues as a two-lane road to Grant Line Road. Calvine Road is designated as a six-lane arterial in the General Plan.
- Elk Grove Florin Road is a north—south arterial extending from Florin Road in Sacramento County to East Stockton Boulevard (near SR 99) in south Elk Grove. Elk Grove Florin Road has four through lanes from Brittany Park Road to Elk Grove Boulevard and two lanes from Elk Grove Boulevard to East Stockton Boulevard. Elk Grove Florin Road is designated as a six-lane arterial in the General Plan from Brittany Park Road to Bond Road, as a four-lane arterial between Bond Road and Elk Grove Boulevard, and as a two-lane collector south of Elk Grove Boulevard.
- Sheldon Road is an east-west roadway that extends from Bruceville Road to Grant Line Road. Sheldon Road is four lanes from Bruceville Road to Lewis Stein Road, six lanes from Lewis Stein Road to Power Inn Road, four lanes between Power Inn Road and Elk Grove Florin Road, and two lanes east of Elk Grove Florin Road. Sheldon Road is improved to its General Plan designation between Bruceville Road and Elk Grove Florin Road. Sheldon Road is designated as a four-lane arterial between Elk Grove Florin Road and Bradshaw Road and as a two-lane roadway with expanded right-of-way between Bruceville Road and Grant Line Road. Sheldon Road between Elk Grove Florin Road and Grant Line Road is subject to the Elk Grove Rural Road Improvement Policy.

Proposed Project

According to the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) (2004) Trip Generation Handbook, the proposed Project would generate an estimated 1,145 daily trips, including 22 during the AM peak hour and 100 during the PM peak hour (see **Table 6**). It should be noted that given the Project's location in an existing retail center, the above trip generation would be conservative, because some trips would be shared with other uses in the center. Consequently, the net new trips would be less than shown in **Table 6**.

TABLE 6
ESTIMATED PEAK-HOUR VEHICLE TRIPS

	6	Trip Generation Rate (per 1,000 sf)		roject Tri	ps		
Land Use	Square Footage	Daily	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	Daily	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour
Freestanding Discount Center	20,000	57.24	1.06	5.00	1,145	22	100

Source: ITE 2004

Notes: 1. Land Use Code 815

The City of Elk Grove may recommend a traffic study for projects that generate more than 100 peak-hour trips, but the addition of 100 or fewer peak-hour trips is not considered a significant addition to overall traffic volumes on the City's roadway system

(Elk Grove 2000; Trinh 2014). In addition, the General Plan land use designation for the Project site is currently Office (O) and the ElR for the City of Elk Grove General Plan assumed full buildout of the Project site with office uses. The Project would not exceed the threshold for a traffic analysis and would not result in impacts to the performance of the circulation system or conflicts with applicable level of service standards. This impact would be less than significant.

- c) **No Impact.** There are no public airports in Elk Grove. Furthermore, the Project does not propose any tall structures that could interfere with aircraft operation. Therefore, no impact would occur.
- d) **No Impact.** The Project has been designed in accordance with City road and improvement standards. The proposed Project would not result in the development of any new hazards or potential incompatibilities. Therefore, the Project would have no impact associated with hazards due to roadway design features.
- e) **No Impact.** As described in Issue d) above, the Project has been designed in accordance with City road and improvement standards, thereby ensuring that adequate emergency access would be provided to the proposed uses. There would be no impact.
- f) **No Impact.** The Project does not propose any uses that would interfere with policies, plans, or programs for public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities. The Project includes pedestrian connections to the existing retail center to the north as well as pedestrian safety walkways within the proposed parking lot. The Project also includes bicycle parking in accordance with City standards. There would be no impact.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
1 <i>7</i>	. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS. Would the	Project:			
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?			×	
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?			×	
c)	Require or result in the construction of new stormwater drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?			\boxtimes	
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?			Ø	
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand, in addition to the provider's existing commitments?			×	
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?			×	
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?			×	

a, b, e) Less Than Significant Impact. Wastewater treatment for the proposed Project would be provided by the Sacramento Area Sewer District (SASD) and the Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District (SRCSD). The SASD provides local wastewater collection and conveyance services, while the SRCSD owns and operates the regional wastewater conveyance system and the Sacramento Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant (SRWTP). The SRWTP treats an average of 150 million gallons of wastewater per day and is capable of treating up to 400 million gallons per day (mgd) during peak wet weather flow. Wastewater is treated by accelerated physical and natural biological processes before it is discharged to the Sacramento River.

Based on an average wastewater generation rate of 80 percent of water demand, the proposed Project would generate approximately 7.7 acre-feet annually or 6,856 gallons per day (0.007 mgd). This would represent 0.005 percent of the average flow to the SRWTP, which is a minor increase in total wastewater flows conveyed and treated by the SASD and the SRCSD. No new or expanded wastewater treatment infrastructure would

be required, and the wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board would not be exceeded. This impact would be less than significant.

d) Less Than Significant Impact. As discussed in Issue b) in subsection 9, Hydrology and Water Quality, the proposed Project would be provided domestic water service by the SCWA from water pumped from the Central Area of the South American Groundwater Subbasin. The estimated long-term annual sustainable yield of groundwater from the Central Area is 273,000 acre-feet per year. Groundwater extractions are estimated to be 235,000 acre-feet per year (excluding remediation). The Project proposes the development of a ±20,000-square-foot retail sales building with an annual water demand of approximately 9.6 acre-feet.

According to the SCWA's (2011) Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP), future water shortages are not projected because the agency's groundwater supply can meet demand during the dry years when minimal surface water is available and groundwater supply shortages are not expected. In addition, the SCWA has established a water shortage contingency plan corresponding to various water supply shortage stages. The water demand projections provided in the UWMP were based on the land use designations of the respective general plans within the agency's service boundaries. Although the proposed Project would change the Project site's land use designation from Office (OF) to Commercial (C), office and commercial uses have the same annual water demand factor of 2.75 acre-feet per acre (Elk Grove 2014b). Therefore, the proposed Project would not exceed the water demand projections of the Urban Water Management Plan and the SCWA would have sufficient water supplies to serve the proposed Project from existing entitlements. This impact would be less than significant.

- c) Less Than Significant Impact. See Issue c—e) in subsection 9, Hydrology and Water Quality. The proposed Project would require the construction of on-site drainage facilities to serve the proposed development including vegetated swales and connections to the City's existing storm drainage infrastructure. Impacts associated with construction of the planned drainage facilities are assumed as part of the Project and are addressed throughout this Initial Study. Potential impacts include disturbance of biological and/or cultural resources, temporary air emissions, soil erosion and water quality degradation, handling of hazardous materials, temporary construction noise, and temporary construction traffic. This impact would be less than significant.
- f, g) Less Than Significant Impact. The proposed Project would allow the development of a ±20,000-square-foot retail sales building, the construction and operation of which would generate solid waste and recyclable materials. Based on an average solid waste generation rate of 10.8 pounds per employee per day (Elk Grove 2014b), the proposed Project would generate an estimated 29.8 tons of solid waste per year (15 employees per shift x 10.9 lbs/employee/day = 163.5 lbs/day x 365 days/year = 59,678 lbs/yr ÷ 2,000 lbs/ton = 29.8 tons/year).

Solid waste generated by the proposed Project could be hauled by any of a number of permitted haulers as selected by the operator of the Project, and waste would be hauled to a variety of permitted landfills for disposal as selected by the chosen hauler. The selected hauler would expand its services funded by the service fees paid by the operator of the Project. The majority of the landfills serving Elk Grove waste haulers have over 70 percent remaining capacity and the combined remaining capacity of these landfills is more than 73 percent (Elk Grove 2014b). Therefore, the proposed Project would be served by a solid waste management company and landfill(s) with sufficient capacity to serve the future development. This impact would be less than significant.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
18.	MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of rare or endangered plants or animals, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?			\boxtimes	
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? "Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects.			\boxtimes	
c)	Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?		×		

DISCUSSION

The following are Mandatory Findings of Significance in accordance with Section 15065 of the CEQA Guidelines.

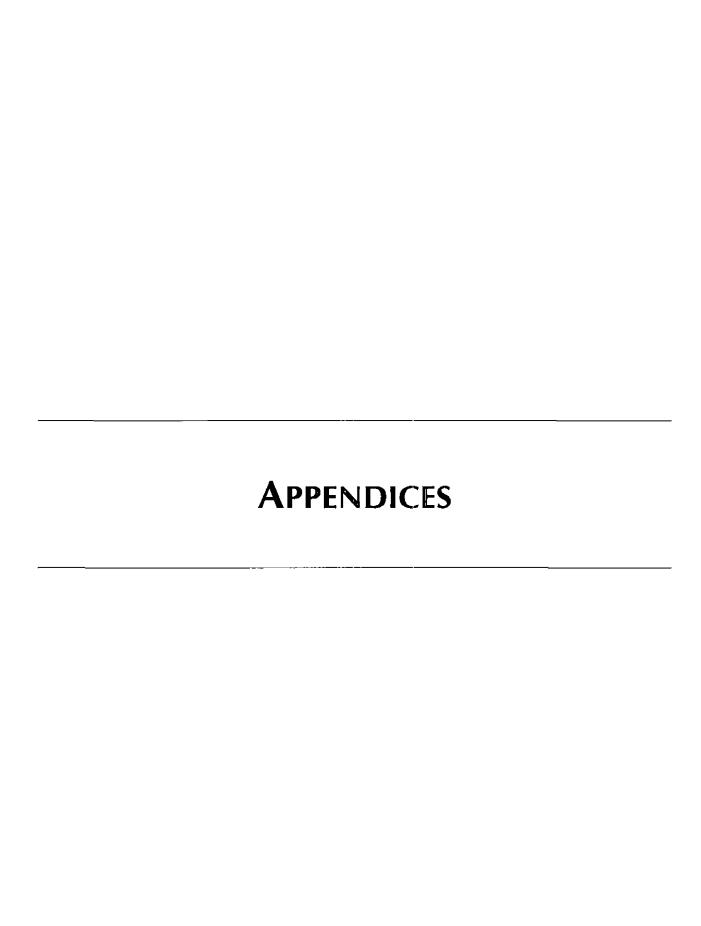
- a) Less Than Significant Impact. As discussed in subsection 4, Biological Resources, of this Initial Study, the Project as proposed would result in no impacts to biological resources. Furthermore, as discussed in the Cultural Resources subsection, the Project as proposed would not be expected to result in any impacts to cultural resources. However, should previously undiscovered cultural or paleontological resources be discovered during Project construction, implementation of Elk Grove General Plan policies would ensure such resources are properly managed. Therefore, significant adverse impacts to fish, wildlife, or plant species, including special-status species, and to examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory would not be expected. This impact would be less than significant.
- b) Less Than Significant Impact. The proposed Project would contribute to cumulative greenhouse gas emissions. However, the Project's contribution to this cumulative impact was determined to be less than significant. See Issue a) in subsection 6, Greenhouse Gas Emissions.

c) Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated. The proposed Project could result in the exposure of people to construction air emissions and groundborne vibration. As discussed in the subsections addressing air quality and noise, the proposed Project would not expose a substantial number of people to toxic air emissions or excessive groundborne vibration with implementation of mitigation measures identified for the Project. Therefore, the proposed Project would not result in environmental effects that would directly or indirectly cause substantial adverse effects on human beings. Therefore, the proposed Project would not have any direct or indirect adverse impacts on humans. This impact would be less than significant.

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A. AIR QUALITY

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99 Cent Store

Sacramento County, Summer

1.0 Project Characteristics

1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
Free-Standing Discount Store	20.03		0.46	20,029.00	0
Parking Lot		Space 0.98 43,600.00 0	0.98	43,600.00	

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

Precipitation Freq (Days) 58	nal Year 2016		0.006 0.006
3.5 Precipitat	Operational Year		0.029 N2O Intensity (Ib/MWhr)
oan Wind Speed (m/s)		Sacramento Municipal Utility District	590.31 CH4 Intensity (ID/MWhr)
Urbanization Urban	Climate Zone 6	Utility Company Sac	CO2 Intensity 590 (ib/MWhr)

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Project Characteristics -

Land Use -

Construction Phase - Building construction, paving, and painting assumed to occur simultaneously

Grading - Project site = 3.48 acres total

Vehicle Trips - Trip generation per Initial Study Subsection 16

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - Tier 3 engine mitigation

Energy Mitigation -

tblConstEquipMitigation NumberOfEquipmentMitigated 0.00	Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
	blConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00

tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMittgated	00:00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00.0	1.00.1
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00.0	2,00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00.0	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00.0	2.00
tolConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00.0	4.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00.0	1.00
tbiConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00.0	1.00
tbiConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	I DIL	No Change	Tier 3
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tblConstEquipMitigation		No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation		No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation		No Change	Tier 3
tbiConstructionPhase	NumDays	10.00	200.00
tblConstructionPhase	NumDays	10.00	200.00
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	8/18/2016	11/12/2015
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	8/18/2016	11/12/2015
tbiConstructionPhase	PhaseStartDate	11/13/2015	2/6/2015
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseStartDate	11/13/2015	2/6/2015
tblGrading	AcresOfGrading	1.50	2.48
tblProjectCharacteristics	OperationalYear	2014	2016
tblVehideTrips	ST_TR	71.07	44,68

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44.68	44.68
56.36	57.24
SU_TR	WD_TR
tblVehicleTrips	tbiVehicleTrips WD_TR 57.24

2.0 Emissions Summary

2.1 Overall Construction (Maximum Daily Emission)

Unmitigated Construction

Exhaust PM2.5 Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2 CH4 N20 CO2e PM2.5 Total	4	2.4935 4.3200 0.0000 4,287.894 4,287.894 0.9362 0.0000 4,307.555	2.4935 4.3200 0.0000 4,287.894 4,287.894 0.9362 0.0000 4,307.555
Fugitive PM2.5		2.9699	2.9699
ve Exhaust PM10	kep/q	2.6161 7.3280	2.6161 7.3280
SO2 Fugitive		7.2435 39.8238 30.0076 0.0446 5.8604	076 0.0446 5.860
ROG NOX CO		435 39.8238 30.00	7.2435 39.8238 30.0076 0.0446
RC	Year	2015 # 7.24	Total 7.24

Mitigated Construction

	_		
CO2e		4,307.555	4,307,555 1
N20		0.0000 4,307.555	0.0000
CH4	ay	0.9362	0.9362
Total GO2	tb/day tb/day	4,287.894 8	4,287.894 8
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 14,287,894 14,287.894 0.9362	0.0000 4,287.894 4,287.894 8 8
Bio-C02		0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		3.3713	3.3713
Exhaust PM2.5		1.5136	1.5136
Fugitive PM2.5		2.9699	2.9699
PM10 Total		6.2619	6.2619
Exhaust PM10		1,5151	1.5151
Fugitive PM10		5.8604	5.8604
802		0.0446	0.0446
8		30,5654	30.5654
×ON		4.7532 22.7708 30.5654 0.0446 5.8604	4.7532 22.7708 30.5654
ROG		4.7532	4.7532
	Year	2015	Total

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I							1						l	ľ	İ	
	ROG	XON	8	802	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBIo-CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	C02e
	34.38	42.82	-1.86	0.00	0.00	42.09	14.55	0.00	39.30	21.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

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2.2 Overall Operational

Unmitigated Operational

F	1	<u> </u>	•		٥
CO2e		0.0299	36.6970	3,089,973	3,126.700 1
N20	'		6.7000e- 004	[6.7000e-
CH4	зу	8.0000e- 005	51 7.0000e- 6. 004	0.1397	0.1404
Total CO2	lb/day	0.0282	36.4751	3,087,040	3,123.543 8
NBio- CO2		0.0282	36.4751	3,087,040 3,087,040 5 5	3,123.543 3,123.543 8 8
Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2				t t t t t	
PM2.5 Totai		5.0000e- 005	2.3100e- 003	0.6626	0.6649
Exhaust PM2.5		5.0000e- 005		0.0472	0.0496
Fugitive PM2.5			, , , , , , 	0.6153	0.6153
PM10 Total		5,000de- 005	2.3100e- 003	2.3550	2.3574
Exhaust PM10	tay		2.3100e- 003	0.0514	0.0538
Fugitive PM10	lb/day			2.3036	2.3036
805		0.0000	.5 1.8000e- 004	0.0358	0.0359
00		0.0135	0.0255	22,2057	22.2448
NOX		1.3000e- 004	0.0304	3.9500	3.9805
ROG		1.4443 1.3000e- 0.0135 004		3.2077	4.6553
	Category		Energy	Mobile	Total

Witigated Operational

C02e		0.0299	32.0985	3,089,973	3,122.101 6	
N20] 		5.8000e- 1 004	 	5.8000e- 004	
CH4	/tp/qa	8.0000e- 005	1000e-	0.1397	0.1403	
Total CO2		0.0282	31.9044	3,087.040 5	3,118.973	
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0282	31.9044	3,087.040 3,087.040 6	3,118.973 3,118.973	
Bio-CO2				; ; ; ;		
PM2.5 Total		5.0000e- 005	2.0200e- 003	0.6626	0.6646	
Exhaust PM2.5		5.0000e- 005	2.0200e- 003	0.0472	0.0493	
Fugitive PM2.5			; [[[[[[[0.6153	0.6153	
PM10 Total		4,7	2.0200e- 003	2.3550	2.3571	
Exhaust PM10	day	b/day	5.0000e- 005	2.0200e- 003	0.0514	0.0535
Fugitive PM10)(g)			2.3036	2.3036	
202		0.0000	1.6000e- 004	0.0358	0.0359	
8		0.0135	0.0223	22.2057	22.2416	
XON		1.4443 1.3000e- 0.0135 004	266	3.9500	3.9767	
ROG		1.4443		3.2077	4.6549	
	Category	Area	:	Mobile	Fotal	

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	ROG	NOx	03	s02	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	C02e
T	0.01	0.10	0.01	90.0	0.00	0.54	0.01	0.00	0.58	0.04	0.00	0.15	0.15	90.0	13.43	0.15

3.0 Construction Detail

Construction Phase

Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description
_		ration		1/30/2015	2	2	
2	9 1 7 1 1 1 1 1	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	 	2/5/2015	S	4-	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Building Construction	construction	; ; ; ; ;	11/12/2015	S	200	*
4	Paving	.	2/6/2015	11/12/2015		200	
	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	2/6/2015	11/12/2015	52	200	

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 1

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 2.48

Acres of Paving: 0

Residential Indoor: 0; Residential Outdoor: 0; Non-Residential Indoor: 32,006; Non-Residential Outdoor: 10,669 (Architectural Coating - sqft)

OffRoad Equipment

Avir Compressors 1 6 00 7 Paving Cement and Mortar Mixers 1 6 00 8 Building Construction Cemerator Sels 1 8 00 17 Building Construction Graders 1 6 00 22 Building Construction Graders 1 6 00 17 Paving Rober Tired Dozers 1 7 00 9 Grading Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 6 00 9 Grading Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 8 00 9 Grading Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 8 00 9 Site Preparation Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 8 00 9 Grading Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 8 00 9 Site Preparation Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 8 00 17 Paving Paving Equipment 1 7 00 9 Site Preparation Paving Equipment 1 7 00 9 Si	Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
Onstruction Cement and Mortar Mixers 1 6.00 Cannet and Mortar Mixers 1 6.00 2 Cannet and Mortar Mixers 1 6.00 2 Cannet and Mortar Mixers 1 6.00 1 Cannet and Mortar Mixers 1 6.00 1 Pavers Roblers 1 7.00 2 Roblers Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 7.00 1 Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 8.00 1 Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 6.00 1 Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 6.00 1 Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 6.00 1 Araders Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 6.00 1 Paving Equipment 1 6.00 1 6.00 1 Paving Equipment 1 6.00 1 6.00 1 Paving Equipment 1 6.00 1 6.00 1 Paving Equipment 1<	Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	-	6.00	182	0.48
Construction Generator Sets 1 8.00 Construction Graders 1 6.00 1 Pavers Rollers 1 6.00 1 Pavers Rollers 1 7.00 1 Rollers 1 7.00 2 Rollers 1 7.00 2 Construction Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 7.00 Paving Equipment 1 8.00 1 Paving Equipment 1 6.00 1 Paving Equipment 1 8.00 1 Paving Equipment 1 6.00 1 Construction Rubber Tired Dozers 1 6.00 1 Paving Equipment 1 6.00 1 1 Construction Rubber Tired Dozers 1 7.00 2 Construction Welders 3 8.00 1	Paving	Cement and Mortar Mixers	7	00.9	6	0.56
Construction Cranes Forklifts 6.00 2 Paration Graders 1 6.00 1 Pavers Rollers 1 6.00 7 Robber Tired Dozers 1 6.00 7 Construction Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 6.00 7 Paving Equipment 1 8.00 1 Paving Equipment 1 8.00 1 Paving Equipment 1 8.00 1 Construction Rubber Tired Dozers 1 8.00 1 Sparation Welders 8.00 1 7.00 2	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Generator Sets		8.00.8	84-	0.74
Construction Forklifts 1 6.00 1 paration Graders 1 8.00 1 Rollers Rollers 1 7.00 2 Rollers Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 6.00 2 I Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 8.00 1 Paving Equipment 1 8.00 1 Sparation Rubber Tired Dozers 1 7.00 2 Construction Welders 3 8.00 2	Building Construction	Cranes		6.00	226	0.29
Pavers Pavers 1 8.00 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Building Construction	*Forklifts		00.9	89	0.20
Rollers Rollers Rollers Rollers Rubber Tired Dozers Foot Foot Rubber Tired Dozers Fractors/Loaders/Backhoes Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes Rubber Tired Dozers Foot Rubber Tired Dozers Foot Rubber Tired Dozers Rubber Tired Dozers	Site Preparation	Graders		8.00	174	0.41
Rollers	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	Pavers		00.9	125	0.42
Construction Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes) 4 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	"Nollers		7.00	80-	0.38
Construction	Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	-	6.00	255	0.40
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes Graders Paving Equipment Rubber Tired Dozers 1 7.00 7.00 7.00 8.00 9.00	Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes		6.00	6	0.37
paration Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes 1 8.00 Graders Graders Paving Equipment 1 8.00 Rubber Tired Dozers 3 8.00	Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes		7.00	126	0.37
Graders Graders Graders Paving Equipment Rubber Tired Dozers 3 8.00		Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes		8.00	26	0.37
Paving Equipment Rubber Tired Dozers Welders 3 8.00	4 1 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes		8.00	126	0.37
Paving Equipment Rubber Tired Dozers Welders 3 8.00		Graders		6.00	174	0.41
Rubber Tired Dozers Welders 3.8.00	Paving	Paving Equipment		8.00	130	0.36
Welders 3. 8.00:	6 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T			7.00	255	0.40
	1		3	8.00	46	0.45

Trips and VMT

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Worker Trip Vendor Trip Hauling Trip Count Number Number	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Vendor Trip Hauling Trip Worker Vehicle Length Length Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Vendor Hauling Vehicle Class Vehicle Class
Site Preparation	8	8.00	00.0	00.00	10.00	6.50		20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	ННОТ
Grading		8.00	00.0	0.00	10.00	6.50	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction		25.00	10.00	0.00	10.00	6.50	1 1 1 1 1	20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving		13.00	00.0	0.00	10.00	6.50	1 1 1 1	20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating		5.00	00.0	0.00	10.00	6.50		20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	ннот

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3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction

Use Cleaner Engines for Construction Equipment

Clean Paved Roads

3.2 Site Preparation - 2015

_			' no - 1	6
CO2e		0.000	1,813,039 8	1,813.039 8
N20				
CH4	ay		0.5379	0.5379
Total CO2	lb/day	0.0000	1,801.744 0	1,801.744 1,801.744
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			1,801,744 1,801,744 0.5379 0 0	1,801.744 0
Bio- CO2				
PM2.5 Total		2.9537	1.3497	4.3034
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	1.3497	1.3497
Fugitive PM2.5		2.9537		2.9537
PM10 Total		5.7996	1,4671	7.2666
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.0000	1.4671	1.4671
Fugitive PM10	lb/c	5,7996		5.7996
SO2			0.0171	0.0171
00			17.0107	17.0107
XON			2.5362 26.8886 17.0107 0.0171	26.8886 17.0107 0.0171
ROG			2.5362	2.5362
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total

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3.2 Site Preparation - 2015

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	66.4494	66.4494
8	•	0.0 		99	99
NZO				 	, , , , , ,
CH 4	lay	0.0000	0.0000	3.4000e- 003	3.4000e- 003
Total CO2	lb/day		0.0000	66.3780	66.3780
NBio- CO2 Total CO2] 		0.0000	66.3780	66.3780
Bio- CO2					
PM2.5 Total		0.000.0	0.000.0	0.0166	0.0166
Exhaust PM2.5			0.0000	4.3000e- 004	4.3000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		00000	0.0000	0.0161	0.0161
PIM10 Total		0.000.0	0.000.0	0.0613	0.0613
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.0000	0.0000	4.7000e- 1	4.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM10)/qi	0.0000	i	0.0609	0.0609
802		0.000	0.000.0	7,8000e- 004	0.4313 7.8000e- 004
00		0.0000	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.4313 7.8000e- 004	
XON		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0323	0.0323
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	0.0358	0.0358
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

		-		-
CO2e		0.0000	1,813.039	1,813.039 8
N20			F [[[[[[
CH4	æ)	0.5379	0.5379
Total C02	lb/day	0.000.0	1.801.744	1,801.744
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			0.0000 1,801,744 1,801,744	0.0000 1,801.744 1,801.744 0.5379
Bio- CO2			0 0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		2.9537	0.4010	3.3547
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.4010	0.4010
Fugitive PM2.5		2.9537		2.9537
PM10 Total		5.7996	0.4010	6.2006
Exhaust PM10	b/day	0.000.0	0.4010	0.4010
Fugitive PM10	J∕qI	5.7996		5.7996
802			0.0171	0.0171
၀၁			11.0902	11.0902
NOX			0.4158 8.3054 11.0902	0.4158 8.3054 11.0902 0.0171 5.7996
ROG			0.4158	0.4158
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total

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3.2 Site Preparation - 2015

Off-Site
Construction
Mitigated

CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	66.4494	66.4494
		ő	Ö	99	99
N20					
CH4	lay	0.0000	0.0000	3.4000e- 003	3.4000e- 003
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	0.000.0	66.3780	66.3780
NBio- CO2		0.0000	0.0000	66.3780	66.3780
Bio- CO2					
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	1	0.0166	0.0166
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.0000	4.3000e- 004	4.3000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0.000	0.0161	0.0161
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0613	0.0613
Exhaust PM10	viday	0.000	0.0000	4.7000e~ t 004	4.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM10)/ (]	0.0000	0000	0.0609	0.0609
80z		0.0000	0.0000	7.8000e- 0. 004	0.4313 7.8000e- 004
၀၁		0.000.0	0.0000	0.4313	0.4313
NOx		0.0000	0.0000	0.0323	0.0323
ROG		00000	00000	0.0358	0.0358
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

3.3 Grading - 2015

	Ī		22	77
coze		0.0000	1,489.077	1,489.077 4
NZO		 		
CH4	Ae		0.4418	0.4418
Total CO2	lb/day	0.0000	1,479.800 1,479.800	09.800
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			1,479.800	1,479.800
Bio- CO2			1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
PIM2.5 Total		2.5537	1.1011	3.6547
Exhaust PM2.5		P	1,1011	1.1011
Fugitive PM2.5		2.5537		2.5537
PM10 Total		5.1741	1.1968	6.3709
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.0000	1,1968	1.1968
Fugitive PN/10	Va	5.1741		5.1741
SO2			0.0141	0.0141 5.1741
00			14.0902	14.0902
XON			21.9443 14.0902 0.0141	21.9443 14.0902
ROG			2.0666	2.0666
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total

3.3 Grading - 2015

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

			4	1	
CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	66.4494	66.4494
NZO				; 	
CH4	ńę.	0.000.0	0.000.0	3.4000e- 003	3.4000e 003
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	0.0000	66.3780	66.3780
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	:	0.0000	0.0000	56.3780	66.3780
Bio- CO2			<u>t</u>		1
PM2.5 Total		00000	0.0000	0.0166	0.0166
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.000.0	4.3000e- 004	4.3000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0161	0.0161
PM10 Total		0.000.0	0.000.0	0.0613	0.0613
Exhaust PM10	b/day	0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	4.7000e- 004	4.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM10	p/ q l	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0609	6090.0
802		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.4313 7.8000e- (7.8000e- 0 004
00		0.0000	0.000	0.4313	0.4313
NOX		0.000	0.0000	0.0323	0.0323
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	0.0358	0.0358
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

CO2e	 	0.000	1,489.077	1,489.077
N20		-	<u> </u>	
CH4	a a		0.4418	0.4418
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	1,479.800	1,479.800
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			1,479.800 1,479.800 0 0	0.0000 1,479.800 1,479.800 0 0
Bio- CO2			0.000	0.000
PM2.5 Total		2.5537	0.3308	2.8844
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.3308	0.3308
Fugitive PM2.5		2.5537	 	2.5537
PM10 Total		5.1741	0.3308	5.5048
Exhaust PM10	<u>a</u> }	0.000.0	0.3308	0.3308
Fugitive PM10	lb/day	5.1741		5.1741
802			0.0141	0.0141
8			9.0489	9.0489
×ON			6.8371 9.0489	6.8371
ROG			0.3416	0.3416
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total

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3.3 Grading - 2015 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e		0.0000	00000	66.4494	66.4494
NZO					
CH4	lb/day	0.0000	0.0000	3.4000e- 003	3,4000e- 003
NBio- CO2 Total CO2)/ql	0.000	0.000	66.3780	66.3780
NBio- CO2		0.0000	0,0000	66.3780	66.3780
Bio- CO2		[
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0166	0.0166
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	4.3000e- 004	4.3000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0161	0.0161
PM10 Totai		0.000	0.0000	0,0613	0.0613
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.000	0.0000	4.7000e- 004	4.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM10	1b/d	0.0000	0.0000	0.0609	0.0609
20S		0.0000	0.0000	0.4313 7.8000e-1 C	0.4313 7.8000e- 004
တ		0.000	0.000.0	0.4313	0.4313
×ON		0.0000	0.000	0.0323	0.0323
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	0.0358	0.0358
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

3.4 Building Construction - 2015

5e		.581	.581
C02e		2,085.581 2	2,065.581 2
NZO			
CH4	ay.	0.4741	0.4741
Total CO2	lb/day	2,055.624 7	2,055.624 7
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		2,055.624 2,055.624 0.4741	2,055,624 2,055.624 0.4741
Bio- CO2			
PM2.5 Total		1.4344	1.4344
Exhaust PM2.5		1.4344	1.4344
Fugitive PM2.5			
PM10 Total		1,4851 1,4851	1.4851
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	1,4851	1.4851
Fugitive PM10)/Q1		
zos		0.0220	0.0220
00		15.0041	15.0041
XON		3.6000 21.5642 15.0041 0.0220	3.6000 21.5642 15.0041
ROG		3.6000	3.6000
	Category	Off-Road	Total

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3.4 Building Construction - 2015 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	r -			,	T .
C02e		0.0000	211.6079	207.6545	419.2624
N20			 		
CH4	ау	0000.0	1.8100e- 003	0.0106	0.0124
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	211.5699	207.4314	419.0013
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 0.0000	211.5699 211.5699	207.4314 207.4314	419.0013
Bio-CO2					
PM2.5 Total		0.000.0	0.0312	0.0518	0.0829
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.0144	1.3400e- 003	0.0158
Fugitive PM2.5		0.000.0	0.0167	0.0505	0.0672
PM10 Total		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0745	0.1916	0.2661
Exhaust PM10	b/day	0.000.0	0.0157	1.4700e- 003	0.0172
Fugitive PM10	p/qi	0.000.0	0.0587	0.1902	0.2489
S02		0.000.0	2.100de- 003	2.4300e- 003	4.5300e- 003
00		0.0000	1.614	1.3476	2.9620
NOX		0.0000	0.1441 0.9196	0.1118 0.1010 1.3476	1.0206
ROG	;	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.1441	0.1118	0.2559
	Category	Hauling	Jopua Jopua Jopua	Worker	Total

CO2e		2,065.581 2	2,065.581 2
N20			
CH4	lb/day	0.4741	0.4741
Total CO2)/qı	2,055.624 7	2,055.624
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.8941 0.8941 0.0000 2,055.624 2,055.624 0.4741	0.0000 2,055,624 2,055,624 0.4741
Bio-CO2		0,0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0.8941	0.8941
Exhaust PM2.5		0.8941	0.8941
Fugitive PM2.5			
PM10 Total		0.8941	0.8941
Exhaust PM10	łay	0.8941	0.8941
Fugitive PM10	lb/day		
802		0.0220	0.0220
8		15.0300	15.0300
NOX		12.5612	2.1992 12.5612 15.0300
ROG		2.1992 12.5612 15.0300 0.0220	2.1992
	Category	Off-Road	Total

3.4 Building Construction - 2015 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e	į	0.000	211,6079	207.6545	419.2624
N2O					
CH4	эè	0.000.0	1.8100e- 003	0.0106	0.0124
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	211.5699		
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.000.0	211.5699	207.4314 207.4314	419.0013 419.0013
Bio- CO2					
PM2.5 Total		0.000.0	0.0312	0.0518	0.0829
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.0144	1.3400e- 003	0.0158
Fugitive PM2.5		000000		0.0505	0.0672
PN410 Total		0.000.0	0.0745	0.1916	0.2661
Exhaust PM10	ib/day	0.000.0	0.0157	1.4700e- 003	0.0172
Fugitive PM10	p/qı	0.0000	0.0587	0.1902	0.2489
30S		0.000.0	2.1000e- 003	'6 2.4300e- 0.1	4.5300e- 003
တ		0.000.0	1.61	1.34	2.9620
NOX		0.0000	0.9196	0.1010	1.0206
ROG		0.000		0.1118	0.2559
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

3.5 Paving - 2015

_				
CO2e		1,390,982 6	0.0000	1,390.982 6
NZO				
CH4	gá	0.4054		0.4054
Total CO2	lb/day	1,382.470	0.000.0	1,382.470 1,382.470 3 3
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		1,382.470 1,382.470 0.4054	 	1,382.470 3
Bio- CO2)	; ; ; ; ;	
PM2.5 Total		0.8215	0.000.0	0.8215
Exhaust PM2.5		0.8215	0.000	0.8215
Fugitive PM2.5			 	
PM10 Total		0.8919	0.0000	0.8919
Exhaust PM10	fay	0.8919	0.0000	0.8919
Fugitive PM10	lb/day		# 1 1 1 1	
S02		0.0133		0.0133
8		9.1695	F	9.1695
×ON		1,4041 14,5959 9,1695 0,0133		1.4169 14.5959 9.1695
ROG		1.4041	0.0128	1.4169
	Category	Off-Road	Paving:	Total

3.5 Paving - 2015

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

ROG	XON	8	202	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	NZO	CO2e
				lb/day	i lag							lb/day	ay		
8	0.0000	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.000.0	0.000.0	0.0000 1 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000.0	0.000		0.0000	0.0000 1 0.0000 1 0.0000	0.000.0		0.0000
 8	0.0000	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0:00:0	0.0000	0.0000	f † † † † †	0.0000	0.000	0.0000	+ 	0.0000
0.0582	0.0525	0.7008	1.2700e- 003	0.0989	7.6000e- 004	2660.0	0.0262	7.0000e-	0.0269) , 1 1 1	107.8643	107.8643 107.8643	5.5200e- 003	 	107.9803
0.0582	0.0525	0.7008	1.2700e- 0 003	6860	7.6000e- 004	0.0997	0.0262	7.0000e- 004	0.0269		107.8643	107.8643 107.8643	5.5200e- 003		107.9803

CH4 N20 CO2e	>-	0,4054 i 1,390.982	0.0000	0.4054 1,390.982	
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	lb/day	0.0000 1,382.470 1,382.470 0.4054	0.0000	0.0000 1,382.470 1,382.470	
NBio- CO2	 	1,382.470) 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,382.470 3	
Bio- CO2	_		1 	0.0000	
PM2.5 Total		0.3818	0.0000	0.3818	
Exhaust PM2.5		0.3818	0.0000	0.3818	
Fugitive PM2.5					
PM10 Total			0.3818	0.0000	0.3818
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.3818	0.0000	0.3818	
Fugitive PM10	=				
802		9.7014 0.0133		0.0133	
8				9.7014	
×ON		0.3146 6.5459	i I I I I	6.5459	
ROG		0.3146	0.0128	0.3275	
	Category	Off-Road	Paving	Total	

3.5 Paving - 2015
Mitigated Construction Off-Site

107.9803 107.9803 0.000.0 0.0000 CO2e N20 5.5200e-003 0.0000 107,8643 107,8643 5.5200e-0.0000 CH4 lb/day 107.8643 Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2 0.000.0 0.0000 0.0000 107.8643 0.000 0.000.0 0.0269 0.0269 0.0000 PM2.5 Total 7.0000e-004 7.0000e-004 0.000.0 Exhaust PM2.5 0.0000 Fugitive PM2.5 0.0000 0.0000 0.0262 0.0262 0.0997 0.0000 0.0997 0.0000 PM10 Total 7.60006-1 7.6000e-004 Exhaust PM10 0.0000 0.0000 lb/day 0.0989 Fugitive PM10 0.0000 0.0000 12700e- 1 0.0989 003 1.2700e-003 0.0000 0.0000 S02 0.7008 0.000.0 0.000.0 0.7008 ဗ္ပ 0.0000 0.0525 0.0000 0.0525 Š 0.0582 0.000.0 0.000.0 0.0582 ROG Category Hauling Vendo Worker Total

3.6 Architectural Coating - 2015

ROG	NON B	00 ×	805	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
				lb/day	day							(p/day	ay		
Archit. Coating # 1.4835	35				0.000	0.0000		}	0.000			0.0000			0.000.0
0.40	66 2.57	1.901	0.4066 2.5703 1.9018 2.9700e-1		0.2209	0.2209		0.2209	0.2209	2 ; ; ; ;	281.4481	281.4481	0.0367		282.2177
1.89	1.8901 2.5703	1.901	1.9018 2.9700e- 003		0.2209	0.2209		0.2209	0.2209		281.4481	281.4481 281.4481	0.0367		282.2177

3.6 Architectural Coating - 2015 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

COZe		0.0000	0.0000	41.5309	41.5309
N20					
CH4	аў	0.000.0	0.000.0	2.1200e- 003	2.1200e- 003
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	0.0000	41,4863	41.4863
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	41,4863	41.4863
Bio- CO2			1 r i i i		
PM2.5 Total		0000.0	0.0000	0.0104	0.0104
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.000.0	2.7000e- 004	2.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.000.0		0.0101	0.0101
PM10 Total		0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0383	0.0383
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.000	0.000.0	2.9000e- 004	2.9000e- 064
Fugitive PM10	lb/c	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0380	0.0380
30S		0.000.0	0.000.0	4.9000e- 004	4.9000e- 004
00		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.000 0.0000	0.2695 4.9000e. t	0.2695
NOX		0.0000	0.0000	0.0202	0.0202
ROG		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0224	0.0224
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

	_	•		<u> </u>
CO2e		0.0000	282.2177	282.2177
N20			 	
CH4	ay		0.0367	0.0367
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	281.4481	281.4481
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			0.0000 : 281.4481 : 281.4481	281,4481 281,4481
Bio- CO2			0.0000	0.000.0
PM2.5 Total		0.000	0.2209	0.2209
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.2209	0.2209
Fugitive PM2.5	b/day			
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.2209	0.2209
Exhaust PM10		0.000 1 0.000	0.2209	0.2209
Fugitive PM10	/q			
205			2.9700e- 003	2.9700e- 003
င္ဝ			1.9018	1.9018
NOX			2.5703	2.5703
ROG		I	0.4066	1.8901
	Category	Archit. Coating 1.4835	Off-Road	Total

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3.6 Architectural Coating - 2015

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	41.5309	41.5309
N2O C	,			4	41
		Ω	9	ė	-ac
CH4	lb/day	0.0000		2.1200e- 003	2.1200e- 003
Total CC2	qı	0.000.0	0.0000	41.4863	41.4863
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.0000	41.4863	41.4863
Bio- CO2					
PM2.5 Total		0.000	0.0000	0.0104	0.0104
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.0000	2.7000e- 004	2.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0101	0.0101
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0383	0.0383
Exhaust PM10	/day	0.0000	0.0000	2.9000e- 004	2.9000e- 004
Fugitive PM10	/ q 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0380	0.0380
zos		0.0000	0.0000	0.2695 4.9000e- 004	4.9000e- 004
၀၁		0.0000	0.000	0.2695	0.2695
XON		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0202	0.0202
ROG		00000	0.0000	0.0224	0.0224
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

CO2e		3,089.973	3,089.973
NZO			
CH4	lay	0.1397	0.1397
Total CO2	lb/day	3,087,040 5	3,087.040 5
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	:	3,087.040 3,087.040 0.1397	3,087.040 3,087.040 0.1397 5 5
Bio- CO2] 1 1 1 1
PM2.5 Total		0.6626	0.6626
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0472 0.6626	0.0472
Fugitive Exhaust PM2.5 PM2.5		0.0514 2.3550 0.6153	0.0514 2.3550 0.6153 0.0472 0.6626
PM10 Total	day	2.3550	2.3550
Exhaust PM10		0.0514	0.0514
Fugitive PM10	p/ql	2.3036	2.3036
S02		0.0358	0.0358
00		22.2057	22.2057
XON		3.9500	3.9500
ROG		3.2077 3.9500 22.2057 0.0358 2.3036	3.2077 3.9500 22.2057 0.0358
	Category		Unmitigated

4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Aver	Average Daily Trip Rate	ıte	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday Sunday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
Free-Standing Discount Store	894.90	894.90	894.90	1,088,078	1,088,078
Parking Lot	0.00	00.00	0.00		
Total	894.90	894,90	894.90	1,038,078	1,088,078

4.3 Trip Type Information

%	Pass-by	17	6.50 0.00 0.00 0.00
Trip Purpose %	Diverted	35.5	0
	Primary	47.5	0
	H-W or C-W H-S or C-C H-O or C-NW H-W or C-W H-S or C-C H-O or C-NW	19.00	00.00
Trìp %	H-S or C-C	68.80	0.00
	H-W or C-W	12.20	00.0
Miles	H-O or C-NW	6.50	6.50
	H-S or C-C		
	H-W or C-W		10.00 5.00
	Land Use	Free-Standing Discount Store 10.00	Parking Lot

	0.002181
HM	1
SBUS	0.000574
MCY	0.006193 0
UBUS	0.002308
OBUS	0.002304
HHD	0.015946
2 MHD	0.020386
LHD2	0.006346
LHD1	0.044976
MDV	0.147873
LDT2	0.178179
רסדו	0.068219
LDA	0.504516

X.X Figerally Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

Exceed Title 24

	ROG	XON	00	S02	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Саведогу					lb/day	yez Yez] 	lb/day	lay		
NaturalGas Mitigated	2.9200e- 003	0.0266	2.9200e- 0.0266 0.0223 1.5000e- 003 004	1.6000e- 004		2.0200e- 1 2.0200e- 003 003	2.0200e- 003	-	2.0200e- 003	2.0200 e - 003		31.9044	31.9044 31.9044 6.1000e- 5.8000e- 004 004	6.1000e- 004	5.8000e- 004	32.0985
NaturalGas Unmitigated	3.3400e- 003	0.0304	0.0255	0.0304 0.0255 1.8000e-	7 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.3100e- 003	De- 2.3100e-		2.3100e-	2.3100e-		36.4751	36.4751 36.4751 7.0000e 6.7000e 36.6970	7.0000e-	6.7000e- 004	36.6970

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Unmitigated

		 -		
COZe		36.6970	0.0000	36.6970
NZO		7,0000e- 6,7000e- 004 004	0.0000	6.7000e- 004
СН4	ау	7,0000e- 004	0.0000	7.0000e- 004
Total CO2	lb/day		0.0000	36.4751
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			0.0000	36.4751
Bio- CO2			1 1 1 1 1	
PM2.5 Total		* *	0.000	2.3100e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		2.3100e- 003	0.0000	2.3100e- 003
Fugitive PM2.5				
PM10 Total		L	0.0000	2.3100e- 003
Exhaust PM10	lb/day		0.0000	2.310de- 003
Fugitive PM10			j 	
802		0.0255 1.8000e- 004	0.0000	1.8000e- 004
00		0.0255	0.0000	0.0255
NOx		0.0304	0.0000	0.0304
ROG		3.3400e- 1 003	0.0000	3.3400e- 003
NaturalGa s Use	kBTU/yr	310.038		
	Land Use	Free-Standing Discount Store	Parking Lot	Total

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5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Mitigated

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	XO.	8	805	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio-CO2	NBio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					lb/day	х́е							lb/day	зу		
Parking Lot	0	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.000.0	0.000.0		0.000.0	0.0000		0.000	0000.0		0.0000	0.000	0.000	0000	0.0000
Free-Standing Discount Store	0.271187	0.271187 2.9200e-	0.0266	0.0223 1.6000e-	1.6000e- 004		2.0200e- 003	2.0200e- 003		2.0200e- 003	2.0200e- 003	1 4 1 4	31.9044	31.9044	4 6.1000e- 5.8	5.8000e- 004	32.0985
Total		2.9200e- 003	0.0266	0.0223 1.6000e- 004	1.6000e- 004		2.0200e- 003	2.0200e- 003		2.0200e- 003	2.0200e- 003		31.9044	31.9044 31.9044 6.1000e-	6.1000e- 004	5.8000e- 32 004	32.0985

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

	lb/day lb/day	5,0000e- 5,0000e- 5,0000e- 5,0000e- 0,0282 0,0282 8,000e- 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	1.4443 1.3000e- 0.0135 0.0000 5.0000e- 5.0000e- 5.0000e- 5.0000e- 5.0000e- 6.0000e-
PM10 Total		.0000e- † 5.0000. 005 † 005	.0000e- 5.0000 005 005
PM10 F	tb/day		 • • • •
}		0.0000	0.0000
3		0.0135	0.0135
,		1.3000e- 004	1.3000e-
302		1.4443	1.4443
	Category	Mitigated	Unmitigated

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6.2 Area by SubCategory

Unmitigated

		,		-	
CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	0.0299	0.0299
NZO					
CH4	λ _ε			8.0000e- 005	8.0000e- 005
Total CO2	lb/day	0.0000		0.0282	0.6282
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			,	0.0282	0.0282
Bio- CO2					ľ
PM2.5 Total		0.000	0.000.0	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e• 005
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0,000,0	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM2.5					
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM10	//day	0.000.0	0.0000	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM10	lb/c				
202				0.0000	0.0000
00				0.0135	0.0135
XON				le- 1.3050e- 0	1.3000e- 0.4 004
ROG		0,0813	1.3617	1.3200e- 1.3	1.4443
	SubCategory	Architectural Coating		Landscaping	Total

Mitigated

CO2e		000	000	299	0.0299
		0.0000	0.0000	0.0299	0.0
N20					
СН4	fay			8.0000e- 005	8.0000e- 005
Total CO2	/kep/ql	0.0000	0,0000	0.0282	0.0282
NBio- CO2 Total CO2				0.0282	0.0282
Bio- CO2					
PIM2.5 Total		0.000	0.000	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM2.5					
PM10 Totai		0.0000	0.0000	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.0000	0.0000	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM10)/q				
802				0.0000	0.0000
00	; ;			0.0135	0.0135
NOX				1.3000e- 004	1.4443 1.3000e- 0.0135 004
ROG		0.0813	1.3617	1.3200e- 003	1.4443
	SubCategory	Architectural Coating	Consumer Products	Landscaping	Total

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

9.0 Operational Offroad

Fuel Type	
Load Factor	
Horse Power Load Factor	
Days/Year	
Hours/Day	
Number	
Equipment Type	

10.0 Vegetation

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99 Cent Store

Sacramento County, Winter

1.0 Project Characteristics

1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
Free-Standing Discount Store	20.03	1000sqft	0.46	20,029.00	O
Parking Lot	109.00	Space 0.98 43,600.00	0.98	43,600.00	0

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

(s) 3.5 Precipitation Freq (Days) 58	Operational Year 2016		0.029 N2O Intensity 0.006
Urban Wind Speed (m/s)	Ø	Sacramento Municipal Utility District	590.31 CH4 Intensity
Urbanization	Climate Zone	Utility Company	CO2 Intensity

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Project Characteristics -

Land Use -

Construction Phase - Building construction, paving, and painting assumed to occur simultaneously

Grading - Project site = 3.48 acres total

Vehicle Trips - Trip generation per Initial Study Subsection 16

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - Tier 3 engine mitigation

Energy Mitigation -

tolConstEquipMitigation	NumberOrEquipmentMitigated	00:00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00.0	2.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00
tolConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquípmentMitigated	0.00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	2.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	4.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipment/Mitigated	0.00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	Number Of Equipment Mitigated	0.00	1,00
tblConstEquipMitigation		No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation		No Change	Tier 3
tolConstEquipMitigation	Jej J	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	jej.	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	10 L	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	10 L	No Change	Tier3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tbiConstructionPhase	NumDays	10.00	200.00
tbiConstructionPhase	NumDays	10.00	200.00
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	8/18/2016	11/12/2015
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	8/18/2016	11/12/2015
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseStartDate	11/13/2015	2/6/2015
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseStartDate	11/13/2015	2/6/2015
tblGrading	AcresOfGrading	1.50	2.48
tblProjectCharacteristics	OperationalYear	2014	2016
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	71.07	44.68

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44.68	44.68
56.36	57.24
SU_TR	WD_TR 57.24 44.68
tbl/ehicleTrips	thVehicleTrips

2.0 Emissions Summary

2.1 Overall Construction (Maximum Daily Emission)

Unmitigated Construction

	ROG	ŇÔN	8	\$05	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio-CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Year					lb/day	lay Isay							lb/day	gg.	į	
2015	7.2675	7.2675 39.9329 30.4340 0.0440 5.8604	30,4340	0.0440	5.8604	2.6164	7.3280	2.6164 7.3280 2.9699 2.4937 4.3200	2.4937		0.000.0	0.0000 4,242,586 4,242,585 0.9363 0.0000 4,262,247	4,242.585	0.9363	0.0000	4,262.247
Total	7.2675	39.9329 30.4340 0.0440	30,4340	0.0440	5.8604	2.6164	7.3280	2.9699	2.4937	4.3200	0.0000	0.0000 4,242.585 4,242.585	4,242.585 7	0.9363	0.0000	4,262.247 0

Mitigated Construction

		41	12
CO2e		4,262.24 0	0.0000 4,262.247
NZO		0.0000	0.0000
CH4	lay	0.9363	0.9363
Total CO2	lb/day	4,242.585	4,242.585 7
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 4,242.585 4,242.585 0.9363 0.0000 4,262.247	0.0000 4,242.585 4,242.585 7 7
Bio- CO2		0.000.0	0.000
PM2.5 Total		3.3713	3.3713
Exhaust PM2.5		1.5138 3.3713	1.5138
Fugitive PM2.5		2.9699	2.9699
PM10 Total		1.5153 6.2619	6.2619
Exhaust PM10	ib/day	1.5153	1.5153
Fugitive PM10	lp/c	5.8604	5.8604
S02		0.0440	0.0440
8		30.9918	30.9918
XON		4.7772 22.8800 30.9918 0.0440 5.8604	4.7772 22.8800 30.9918 0.0440
ROG		4.7772	4.7772
	Year	2015	Total

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Date

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	ROG	NOx	00	S 02	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH T	N20	C028
Percent Reduction	34.27	42.70	-1.83	0.00	00:00	42.08	14.55	0.00	39.30	21.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

2.2 Overall Operational

Unmitigated Operational

_		-		د. ا	_
CO2e		0.0299	36.6970	2,802.114	2,838.841
N2O			6,7000e- 3 004		6.7000e- 2,8 004
CH4	lay	8.0000e- 005	ایا	0.1398	0.1406
Total CO2	lb/day	0.0282	36.4751	2,799.178	2,835.681 4
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0282	36.4751	2,799.178 2,799.178	2,835.681
Bio- CO2					
PM2.5 Total		5.0000e- 005	2.3100e- 003	0.6632	0.6656
Exhaust PM2.5		5.0000e- 005		0.0479	0.0502
Fugitive PM2.5	/day			0.6153	0.6153
PM10 Total		5.0000e 005	2.3100e- 003	2.3557	2.3581
Exhaust PM10		5.0000e- 005	2.3100e- 003	0.0521	0.0545
Fugitive PM10)/QI			2.3036	2.3036
802		0000.0	i i	0.0324	0.0326
00	ı	0.0135	0.0255	26.0158	26.0548
XON		.3000e- 004	0.0304	4.4727	4.5033
ROG		1,4443		3.0144	4.4620
	Category	Area	; ;	Mobile	Total

Mitigated Operational

		_	1 -	4	2
CO2e		0.0299	32.0985	2,802,114	2,834.242 7
NZO			8000		5.8000e- 004
CH4	lay	8.0000e-	i.	0.1398	0.1405
Total CO2	lb/day	0.0282	31.9044	2,799.178 2,799.178 1	2,831,110 2,831,110
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0282	31.9044	2,799.178 1	2,831.110
Bio- CO2	j		; ; ; ;		
PIM2.5 Total		5.0000e- 005	2.0200e- 003	0.6632	0.6653
Exhaust PM2.5		5.0000e- 005	2.0200e- 003	0.0479	0.0500
Fugitive PM2.5	b/day			0.6153	0.6153
PM10 Total		5.0000e- 005	2.0200e- 003	2.3557	2.3578
Exhaust PM10			2.0200e- 003	0.0521	0.0542
Fugitive PM10)/qj			2.3036	2.3036
802		0000.0	1.6000e- 004	0.0324	0.0325
00		0.0135	0.0223	26.0158	26.0516
×ON		1.4443 1.3000e- 0.0135 004	0.0266	4.4727	4,4995
ROG		1.4443	2.92006 (3.0144	4.4615
	Саевдогу	Area	1 :	Mobile	Total

C02e	0.16
N20	13.43
CH4	90.0
Total CO2	0.16
Bio- CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2	0.16
Bio- CO2	00.0
PM2.5 Total	0.04
Exhaust PM2.5	0.58
Fugitive PM2.5	00.0
PM10 Total	10.0
Exhaust PM10	65.0
Fugitive PM10	00'0
\$05	90'0
00	10'0
NOx	90.08
ROG	0.01
	Percent Reduction

3.0 Construction Detail

Construction Phase

Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description
	Site Preparation	aration		1/30/2015	2	2	
N	; ; ; ; t t	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	i 1 1 1	2/5/2015	5	†	, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Building Construction	Building Construction	: ! ! !	11/12/2015	5	200	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
4	and	Paving	S.	11/12/2015	9	200	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	2/6/2015	11/12/2015	9	200	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 1

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 2.48

Acres of Paving: 0

Residential Indoor: 0; Residential Outdoor: 0; Non-Residential Indoor: 32,006; Non-Residential Outdoor: 10,669 (Architectural Coating - sqft)

OffRoad Equipment

Architectural Coating Air Compressors Paving Building Construction Generator Sets Building Construction Graders Site Preparation Grading Paving Rubber Tired Dozers Building Construction Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes Grading Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes Site Preparation Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes Grading Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes Grading Grading Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes Grading Grading Graders Grading Graders G				
Construction Construction Construction Construction Construction Construction		6.00	78	0.48
Construction Construction Construction Construction Construction Construction	rtar Mixers	6.00	50	0.56
Construction Construction Construction paration		8.00	94	0.74
Construction		6.00	226	0.29
Construction		6.00	99	0.20
Construction		8.00	174	0.41
Construction		6.00	125	0.42
Construction		7.00	80	0.38
Construction)zers	6.00	255	0.40
paration	s/Backhoes	6.00	76	0.37
paration	s/Backhoes	7.00	97	0.37
paration	s/Backhoes	8.00	26	0.37
	s/Backhoes	8,00	26	0.37
**************************************		6.00	174	0.41
	tu:	8.00	130	0.36
Site Preparation Rubber Tired Dozers)zers	7.00	255	0.40
Building Construction Welders	3.	8.00	46:	0.45

Trips and VMT

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Worker Trip Vendor Trip Count Number Number	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Hauling Trip Length Length	Hauling Trip Length	Worker Vehicle Class	Vehicle Class Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Site Preparation	e	8.00	00.00	00.0	10.00	6.50	20.00	20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Grading	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (8.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.50	20.00	20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction		25.00	10.00	0.00	10.00	6.50	20.00	20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving	150 	13.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.50]] [! ! ! ! !	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating		5.00	00.00	00.0	10.00	6.50	į 	20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT

3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction
Use Cleaner Engines for Construction Equipment

Clean Paved Roads

3.2 Site Preparation - 2015

CO2e		0.0000	1,813,039 8	1,813.039 B					
N20			 						
CH4	λí		0.5379	0.5379					
Total CO2	lb/day	0.0000	1,801,744 0	1,801.744 0					
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			1,801,744 1,801,744 0,5379 0 0	1,801,744 1,801,744 0.5379 0 0					
Bio- CO2									
PM2.5 Total		2.9537	1.3497	4.3034					
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	1.3497	1.3497					
Fugitive PM2.5		2.9537	 	2.9537					
PM10 Total		9662'9 0000'0	1,4671	7.2666					
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	lb/day	lb/day	lb/day	lb/day	lb/day	0.000.0	1,4671	1.4671
Fugitive PM10							5.7996		5.7996
\$02				0.0171	0.0171				
oo									17.0107
NOX			2.5362 26.8886 17.0107 0.0171	2.5362 26.8886 17.0107 0.0171					
ROG			2.5362	2.5362					
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total					

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Date: 10/22/2014 4:31 PM

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod 2013.2.2

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site 3.2 Site Preparation - 2015

		-			
COZe		0.0000	0.0000	58.3606	58.3606
N20					
CH4	ay	0.000.0	0.000.0	3.4000e- 003	3.4000e- 003
Total CO2	lb/day	00000	0.0000	58.2893	58.2893
NBio- CO2		0.000.0	0.0000	58.2893	58.2893
Bio- CO2			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
PM2.5 Total		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0166	0.0166
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.0000	4.3000e- 004	4.3000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5	vlday	0.0000	0.000	0.0161	0.0161
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.000.0	0.0613	0.0613
Exhaust PM10		0:0000	0.000.0	4.7000e- 004	4,7000e- 004
Fugitive PM10	p/qI	0.000	0.0000	6090.0	0.0609
80s		0:0000	0.0000	6.8000e- 004	6.8000e- 004
00		0.0000	0.0000	0.3918 6.8000e- (0.3918 6.8000e- 004
XON		0.0000	0.0000	0.0402	0.0402
ROG		0000'0 0000'0 0000'0 0000'0 0000'0	00:00	0.0315	0.0315
	Саtедогу			Worker	Total

			<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
9ZO2		0.0000	1,813.039 8	1,813.039 8
NZO				
CH4	ay		0.5379	0.5379
Total CO2	lb/day	0000'0	1,801.744	1,801.744
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			0.0000 1.801.744 1,801.744	1,801.744 1,801.744 0 0
Bio- CO2			0.000	0.000
PM2.5 Total		2.9537	0.4010	3.3547
Exhaust PM2.5		00000	0.4010	0.4010
Fugitive PM2.5		2.9537		2,9537
PM10 Total		5.7996	0.4010	6.2006
Exhaust PM10	b/day	0.0000	0.4010	0.4010
Fugitive PM10	lb/c	45		5.7996
20S			0.0171	8.3054 11.0902 0.0171
00			11.0902	11.0902
XON			8,3054	8.3054
ROG			0.4158	0.4158
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total

3.2 Site Preparation - 2015 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ſ		1		ω .
COZe		0.0000	0.0000	58.3606	58.3606
NZO			,		
CH4	ау	0.0000	0.000	3.4000e- 003	3.4000e- 003
Total CO2	lb/day	00000	0.000.0	58.2893	58.2893
NBio- CO2 Total CO2			0,000,0	58.2893	58.2893
Bio- CO2			t t t	1 1 1 1 1	
PM2.5 Total		0.000.0	0.000.0	0.0166	0.0166
Exhaust PM2.5		00000	0.0000	4.3000e- 004	4.3000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0.000.0	0.0161	0.0161
PM10 Total		0.000.0	0.000	0.0613	0.0613
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.0000	0.0000	4.7000e- 004	4.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM10)/q	0.0000	0000.0	6090.0	6090.0
802		0.0000	0.000.0	6.80006-0.0	6.8000e- 004
8		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.3918	0.3918
Ŏ		0.0000	0.0000 0.0000	0.0402	0.0402
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	0.0315	0.0315
	Calegory	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

3.3 Grading - 2015

,	T		7	T.
CO28		0.0000	1,489.077	1,489.077
NZO				
CH4			0 0.4418	0.4418
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	1,479.800	1,479.800 0
Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2			1,479,800 1,479.800 0 0	1,479.800 1,479.800 0 0
Bio- CO2			1 t ; t ; t ;	
PM2.5 Total		2.5537	1.1011	3.6547
Exhaust PM2.5			1.1011	1.1011
Fugitive PM2.5	<u> </u> 	2.5537		2.5537
PM10 Total			1.1968	6.3709
Exhaust PM10	lay	0.000.0	1.1968	1,1968
Fugitive PM10	lb/day	5.1741		5.1741
205		***	0.0141	0.0141
00		}	14.0902	14.0902
Ň			21.9443 14.0902 0.0141	2.0666 21.9443 14.0902 0.0141 5.1741
ROG			2.0666	2.0666
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total

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3.3 Grading - 2015 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

)		
CO2e		0.000	0.0000	58.3606	58.3606
N20				;	
CH4	ау	0.000.0	0.0000	3.4000e- 003	3.4000e- 003
Total CO2	lb/day	000000	0.0000	58.2893	58.2893
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.0000	58.2893	58,2893
Bio- CO2			1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
PM2.5 Total		0.000.0	0.000	0.0166	0.0166
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	4.3000e- 004	4.3000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0000.0	0.0000	0.0161	0.0161
PM10 Total		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0613	0.0613
Exhaust PM10	ib/day	0.0000	0.0000	4.7000e- 004	4.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM10	lb/c	0.0000	0.000.0	6090	0.0609
S02		0.0000 1 0.0000	0.000	6.8000e- 0 004	6.8000e- 004
00		0.000.0	0.000	0.3918	0.3918
XON		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0402	0.0402
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	0.0315	0.0315
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

			,	
CO2e		0.0000	1,489,077	1,489.077 4
NZO				
CH4	ay		0.4418	0.4418
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	1,479.800	1,479.800 0
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			0.0000 1,479.800 1,479.800 0.4418	0.0000 1,479.800 1,479.800
Bio- CO2			0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total		2.5537	0.3308	2.8844
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.3308	0.3308
Fugitive PM2.5		2.5537		2.5537
PM10 Total		5.1741	0.3308 0.3308	5.5048
Exhaust PM10	lay lay	0.000	0.3308	0.3308
Fugitive PM10	lb/day	5.1741		5.1741
3O2			0.0141	0.0141
00			9.0489	6.8371 9.0489 0.0141
ΧΟΝ			0.3416 6.8371 9.0489 0.0141	6.8371
ROG			0.3416	0.3416
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total

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Mitigated Construction Off-Site 3.3 Grading - 2015

. Se		900	000	909	909
CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	58.3606	58.3606
NZO					
CH4	lay	0.0000	0.0000	3.4000e- 003	3.4000e- 603
Total CO2	lb/day		0.000.0	58.2893	58.2893
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.000.0	0.0000	58.2893	58.2893
Bio-CO2			1		
PM2.5 Total		0.000	0.0000	0.0166	0.0166
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.0000	4.3000e- 004	4.3000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0000'0	0.0000	0.0161	0.0161
PM10 Total	; i	0.0000	0.0000	0.0613	0.0613
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.0000	0.000	4,7000e- 004	4.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM10)/q	0.000.0	0.000.0	0.0609	0.0609
205		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.3918 1 6.8000e-	6.8000e- 004
00		0.0000	0.000.0	0.3918	0.3918
XON		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0402	0.0402 0.3918
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	0.0315	0.0315
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

3.4 Building Construction - 2015

CO2 CH4 N2O CO2e	lb/day	5.624 0.4741 2,065.581 7	5.624 0.4741 2,065.581 7
Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2		2,055,624 2,055,624 0.4741	2,055.624 2,055.624 0.4741
PM2.5 Total		1,4344 1 1,4344	1.4344
Exhaust PM2.5		1,4344	1.4344
Fugitive PM2.5			
PM10 Total		1.4851	1.4851
Exhaust PM10	b/day	1.4851	1.4851
Fugitive PM10	ਰ		
802		0.0220	0.0220
ខ		15.0041	15.0041
NOX		3.6000 21.5642 15.0041 0.0220	3.6000 21.5642 15.0841
ROG		3.6000	3.6000
	Category	Off-Road	Total

3.4 Building Construction - 2015 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

			· -	,	
CO2e		0.0000	209.7771	182.3770	392.1542
N20					
CH4	ay	0.000.0	1.8600e- 003	0.0106	0.0125
Total CO2	tb/day	0.000.0	209.7381	182.1539	391.8919
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	209.7381	182.1539	391.8919
Bio- CO2					
PM2.5 Total		0000:0	0.0314	0.0518	0.0832
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.0147	1.3400e- 003	0.0160
Fugitive PM2.5		0.000.0	:	0.0505	0.0672
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0747	0.1916	0.2663
Exhaust PM10	lay	0.0000	0.0160	1.4700e- 003	0.0174
Fugitive PM10	lb/day	0:0000	0.0587	0.1902	0.2489
802		0.0000	2 0900e- 003	2.1400e- 003	4.2300e- 003
00		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	2.2526	1.2245 1.2.1400e- 1.0	0.2896 1.1122 3.4771 4.2300e-
×ON		0.000.0	0.9867	0.1255	1.1122
ROG		00000	0.1912	0.0984	0.2896
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

) CO2e		2,065.581	2,065.581
NZO			
CH4	lb/day	0.4741	0.4741
Total CC2	rqi	2,055.624	2,055.624 7
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 2,055.624 2,055.624 0.4741	0.0000 2,055.624 2,055.624 7
Bio- CO2		0.000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0.8941	0.8941
Exhaust PM2.5		0.8941	0.8941
Fugitive PM2.5			
PM10 Total		0.8941	0.8941
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.8941	0.8941
Fugitive PM10	/ q I	,	
205	;	0.0220	0.0220
00		15.0300	15.0300
XON		2.1992 12.5612 15.0300 0.0220	2.1992 12.5612
ROG		2.1992	2.1992
	Category	Off-Road	Total

3.4 Building Construction - 2015

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

		,			· ·
COZe		0.0000	209.7771	182.3770	392.1542
OZN					
CH4	ау	0.000.0	1.8600e- 003	0.0106	0.0125
Total CO2	lb/day	0.0000	209.7381	182.1539	391.8919
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.000.0	209.7381	182.1539	391.8919
Bio- CO2					
PM2.5 Total		0.000.0	0.0314	0.0518	0.0832
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0147	1.3400e- 003	0.0160
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0.0167	0.0505	0.0672
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0747	0.1916	0.2663
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.0000	0.0160	1.4700e- 003	0.0174
Fugitive PM10)/qi		0.0587	0.1902	0.2489
S02		0.0000	2.0900e- 003	5 2.1400e- 003	1 4.2300e- 003
CO		0.000.0	2.2526	1.2245	3.4771
NOX		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.1912 0.9867	0.1255	1.1122 3.4771
ROG		0.000	0.1912	0.0984	0.2896
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

3.5 Paving - 2015

		f <u>.</u> .	,	1
CO2e		1,390.982 6	0.0000	1,390.982 6
NZO				
CH4	à	0.4054	 i i i i i i	0.4054
Total CO2	lb/day	1,382,470 3	0.0000	1,382.470 1,382.470 3
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		1,382.470 1,382.470 0.4054	j - - - - - - -	1,382.470 3
Bio- CO2			i i i i	
PM2.5 Total		0.8215	0.0000	0.8215
Exhaust PM2.5		0.8215	0.0000	0.8215
Fugitive PM2.5				
PM10 Total		0.8919	0.0000	0.8919
Exhaust PM10	o/day	0.8919 0.8919	0.0000	0.8919
Fugitive PM10	lb/c			
802		0.0133		0.0133
00		9.1695		9.1695
NOX		1.4041 14.5959 9.1695 0.0133	F 	1.4169 14.5959 9.1695
ROG		1.4041	0.0128	1.4169
	Category	Off-Road	Paving	Total

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3.5 Paving - 2015

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e		0.0000	0.000.0	94.8360	94.8360
N20			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
CH4	ау	0000'0	0.0000	5.5200e- 003	5.5200e- 003
Total CO2	lb/day	0.0000	0.0000	94.7200	94.7200
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.0000	94.7200	94.7200
Bio- CO2					
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0269	0.0269
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.000.0	7.0000e- 004	7.0000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0262	0.0262
PtM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0997	0.0997
Exhaust PM10	/day	0.0000	0.0000	7.6000e- 004	7.6000 e- 004
Fugitive PM10)/9	0.000.0	0.000.0	0.0989	0.0989
s02		0.0000	0:0000	1.1100e- D. 003	1.1100e- 003
00	-	0.0000	0.0000	0.6367	0.6367
×ON		0.0000	0.0000	0.0652	0.0652
ROG		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0512	0.0512
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

	ROG	XON	00	2OS	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Category					lb/day	ay.							lb/day	λe		
Off-Road	0.3146	6.5459	9.7014 0.0133	0.0133		0.3818	0.3818		0.3818	0.3818	0.0000	1,382.470 3	0.0000 1,382.470 1,382.470 0,4054	0.4054		1,390.982 6
Paving	0.0128					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	} } } } }		0.0000			0.0000
Total	0.3275	6.5459	9.7014	0.0133		0.3818	0.3818		0.3818	0.3818	0.000	1,382.470 1,382.470 3	1,382.470 3	0.4054		1,390.982 6

3.5 Paving - 2015 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

, e		8		980	999
CO2e	•	0.0000	0.0000	94.8360	94.8360
NZO				[
CH4	â	0.0000	0.0000	5.5200e- 003	5.5200e- 003
Total CO2	lb/day	0,000	0.0000	94.7200	94.7200
NBio- CO2 Total CO2			0.000.0	94.7200	94.7200
Bio- CO2			1		
PM2.5 Total		0,000	0.000	0.0269	0.0269
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	7.0000e- 004	7.0000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		L	0.0000	0.0262	0.0262
PM10 Total	,	0.0000	0.0000	0.0997	0.0997
Exhaust PM10	/day		0.000.0	7.6000e- 004	7.6000e- 004
Fugitive PM10)⁄q	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0989	0.0989
S02		0.000	0.0000	1.1100e- 003	1.1100e- 0.
00		0.000	000	6367	0.6367
×ON		0.0000	0.0000	0.0652	0.0652
ROG		0.0000	0.000	0.0512	0.0512
	Calegory	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

3.6 Architectural Coating - 2015 Unmitigated Construction On-Site

_	7			
CO2e		0.0000	282.2177	282.2177
NZO			i 1 1 1 1 1 1	
CH4	Ŷe		0.0367	0.0367
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	281.4481	281.4481
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			281.4481 281.4481	281.4481 281.4481
Bio- CO2	!		1	
PM2.5 Total		0000.0	0.2209	0.2209
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.2209	0.2209
Fugitive PM2.5				
PM10 Total		0.000.0	0.2209	0.2209
Exhaust PM10	b/day	0.0000	0.2209	0.2209
Fugitive PM10)/qı		r	
802			3 1.9018 2.9700e-	1.9018 2.9700e- 003
00			1.9018	1,9018
NOX			2.5703	2.5703
ROG			0.4066	1.8901
	Category	Archit. Coating 1.4835	Off-Road	Total

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3.6 Architectural Coating - 2015 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

1	<u> </u>				_
CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	36.4754	36.4754
N20	1				
CH4	ау	0.0000	0.000.0	2.1200e- 003	2.1200e- 003
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	0.0000	36.4308	36.4308
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.000.0	0.0000	36,4308	36.4308
Bio- CO2					
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0104	0.0104
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.0000	2.7000e- 004	2.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.000	0000	0.0101	0.0101
PM10 Total		0.000	0.000.0	0.0383	0.0383
Exhaust PM10	/day	0.000	0.0000	2.9000e- 004	2.9000e+ 004
Fugitive PM10	IP/C	0.000	0.0000	0.0380	0.0380
802		0.0000	0.0000	4.3000e- 004	6.2449 4.3000e- 064
00		0.0000	0.0000	0.0251 0.2449 4.3000e-	0.2449
XON		0.0000 1 0.0000 1 0.0000 1 0.0000		0.0251	0.0251
ROG		0.0000		0.0197	0.0197
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

	ROG	×ON	00	205	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	NZO	CO2e
Category					lb/day	ж́в							lb/day	аў		
o)						0.0000	0.000.0			0.000.0			0.000.0	[0.0000
Off-Road	0.4066	0.4066 2.5703	1.9018 2.9700e- 003	2.9700e- 003		0.2209	0.2209		0.2209	0.2209	0.0000	0.0000 281.4481 281.4481		0.0367		282.2177
Total	1.8901	2.5703	1.9018	1,9018 2,9700e- 003		0.2209	0.2209		0.2209	0.2209	0.0000	281.4481 281.4481	281.4481	0.0367		282.2177

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3.6 Architectural Coating - 2015 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

_			1		
COZe		0.0000	0.0000	36.4754	36.4754
N2O	:				
CH4	έr.	0.000.0	0.0000	2.1200e- 003	2.1200e- 003
Total CO2	lb/day	0.000.0	0.0000	36.4308	36.4308
NBio- CO2 Total CO2			0.0000	36.4308	36.4308
Bio- CO2				* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
PM2.5 Total		0.000.0	0.000	0.0104	0.0104
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.000.0	2.7000e- 004	1 2.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5			0,0000	0.0101	0.0101
PM10 Total		0.000.0	0.000.0	0.0383	0.0383
Exhaust PIM10	lay		0.000.0	2.9000e- 004	2.9000e- 004
Fugitive PM10	lb/day	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0380	0.0380
S02				4.3000e- 004	4.3000e- 0.
co		0.000.0	0.0000 0.0000	0.2449	0.2449
NOX		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0251	0.0251
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	0.0197	0.0197
	Саtедогу	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Fotal

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

Category	ROG	Š Ž	8	S02	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10 day	PM10 Totai	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	NZO	C02e
Mitigated	3.0144 4.4727 26.0158 0.0324 2.3036	4.4727	26.0158	0.0324	2.3036	0.0521	2.3557	0,6153	0.0479	0.6632		2,799.178	2,799.178 2,799.178 0,1398	0,1398		2,802.114
Unmitigated	3.0144 4.4727 26.0158 0.0324 2.3036	4.4727	26.0158	0.0324	2.3036	0.0521	2.3557	0.6153	0.0479	0.6632	1 1 1 1 1	2,799.178	2,799.178 2,799.178	0.1398		2,802.114

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4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Aver	Average Daily Trip Rate	ate	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
Free-Standing Discount Store	894.90	894.90	894.90		1,088,078
Parking Lot	00.0	00.00	00:00	0.00	
Total	894.90	894.90	894.90	1,088,078	1,088,078

4.3 Trip Type Information

		Miles			Trip %			Trip Purpose %	% a
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-W or C-W H-S or C-C H-O or C-NW H-W or C-W H-S or C-C H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	pass-by
Free-Standing Discount Store	10.00	5.00	6.50	12.20	68.80	19.00	47.5	35.5	17
Parking Lot	10.00	5.00	6.50	00.00	0.00	0.00	o	0	0 0 0 0.00 0.00 0.00

FDA	LDT1	LDT2	MDV	LMD1	LHD2	MHD	대	SNBO	SUBU	, ACY	SBUS	МН
0.504516	0.068219	0.178179	0.147873	0.044976	0.006346	0.020386	0.015946	0.002304 0	.002308	0.006193	0.000574	0.002181
•	-	-	-				•	_		-	•	

5.9 Figgramx Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

Exceed Title 24

CO2e			36.6970
NZO		31,9044 31,9044 6.1000e- 5.8000e-	7.0000e- 6.7000e- 004 004
CH4	lb/day	6.1000e- 004	7.0000e- 004
Total C02)/ql	31.9044	36.4751 36.4751
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		31.9044	36.4751
Bio- CO2			[
PM2.5 Total		2.0200e- 003	2.3100e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		2.0200e- 2.0200e- 003 003	2.3100e-
Fugitive PM2.5			[
PM10 Total	lb/day	2.0200e- 2.0200e- 003 003	2.3100e- 003
Exhaust PM10		2.0200e- 003	2.3100e- 2. 003
Fugitive PM10)/qj		
20S		1.6000e- 004	1.8000e-
00		0.0223	3.3400e- 1 0.0304 1 0.0255 1 1.8000e- 003 004
XON		0.0266	0.0304
ROG		2.9200e- 0.0266 0.0223 1.6000e- 003 004	3.3400e-
	Category	s	NaturalGas Unmitigated

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Unmitigated

Ф		e e	. g	2
CO2e		36.6970	0,0000	36.6970
NZO		6.7000e- 36 004	0.0000	6.7000e- 36 004
CH4	lay	7.0000e- 004	0.0000	7.0000e- 6.7 004
NBio- CO2 Total CO2	lb/day	36.4751 7.0000e- 6.3	0.0000	36.4751
NBio- CO2		36.4751	0.0000	36.4751
Bio-CO2				
PM2.5 Total	,	2.3100e- 003	0.0000	2.3100e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		2.3100e- 003	0.0000	2.3100e- 003
Fugitive PM2.5				
PM10 Total		2.3100e- 003	0.000	2.3100e- 003
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	2.3100e- 2.3100e- 003 003	0.0000	2.3100e- 063
Fugitive PM10	/qı			
80s		1.8000e- 004	0.0000	1.8000e- 004
00		0.0255	0.0000	0.0255
NOX		0.0304	0.0000	0.0304
ROG			0.0000	3.3400e- 003
NaturalGa s Use	квт∪⁄уг		0	
	Land Use	Free-Standing 310.038 Discount Store	Parking Lot	Total

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5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Mitigated

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	XON	00	zos	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	NZO	CO2e
Land Use	квтџ/уг					lb/day	ау)/qı	lb/day		
Parking Lot	0	0.000	0.000.0	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.000.0		0.000.0	0000.0		0.0000	0000'0		0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.000.0	0.0000
Free-Standing Discount Store	0.271187	9 0.271187 4 2.9200e-1 e 003	0.0266	0.0223	1,6000e- 004		2.020 0e - 1 003	2.0200e- 003		2.0200e- 003	2.0200e- 003		31.9044	31.9044	6.1000e- 004	5.8000e- 004	32.0985
Total		2.9200e- 003	0.0266	0.0223	1.6000e- 004		2.0200e- 003	2.0200e- 003		2.0200e- 003	2.0200e- 003		31.9044	31.9044	6.1000e- 004	5.8000e- 004	32.0985

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

coze		0.0299	0.0299
N2O			† ; ; ; ; ; ;
CH4	lay	8.0000e- 005	8.0000e-
Total CO2	lb/day	0.0282	0.0282
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0282	0.0282
Bio- CO2			1
PM2.5 Total		5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM2.5		5.0000e-	5.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM2.5			
PM10 Total		5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM10	lay	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM10	lb/day		
S02		0.0000	0.0000
00		0.0135	0.0135
XON		1.3000e- 004	1.3000e- 004
ROG		1.4443 1.3000e- 0.0135 0.0000	1.4443 1.3000e- 0.0135 0.0000 004
	Category		Unmitigated

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6.2 Area by SubCategory

Unmitigated

	ROG	XON	္ပ	S02	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio-CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	NZO	C02e
SubCategory					lb/day	lay							lb/day	ay		
Architectural Coating	0.0813					0.0000	0,000.0		0.000.0	0.000			0.000.0			0.0000
Consumer	1.3617					0.0000	0.0000	-	0.0000	0.0000	1		0.0000	- j] 		0.0000
Landscaping	1.3200e- 1.3000e- 003 004	1.3000e- 004	0.0135	0.0000		5.0000e-	5.0000e- 005		5.0000e-	5.0000e- 005		0.0282	0.0282	8.0000e- 005		0.0299
Total	1.4443	1.3000e- 004	0.0135	0.0000		5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005		5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005		0.0282	0.0282	8.0000e- 005		0.0299

Mitigated

	<u> </u>	I		:	<u> </u>
CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	0.0299	0.0299
N20]]]] ! !	[]] []	
CH4	ńe ńe		 	8.0000e-	8.0000e- 005
Total CO2	(p)/qa	0.0000	0.000	0.0282	0.0282
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			}	0.0282	0,0282
Bio- CO2			**************************************	; ; ; ; ;	
PM2.5 Total		0000.0	0.000	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM2.5			 		
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM10	lb/day	0.0000	0.0000	5.0000e- 005	5,0000e-
Fugitive PM10)/Q]				
S02				0.0000	0.0000
00				0.0135	0.0135
NOX				1.3000e- 004	1.4443 1.3000e- 004
ROG		0.0813	1.3617	1.3200e- 1 003	1.4443
	SubCategory	Architectural Coating	Consumer Products	Landscaping	Total

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

9.0 Operational Offroad

		Fuel Type	Load Factor	Horse Power	Days/Year	Hours/Day	Number	Equipment Type
--	--	-----------	-------------	-------------	-----------	-----------	--------	----------------

10.0 Vegetation

B. BIOLOGY

CNDDB 9-Quad Species List 274 records.

Element Type	Scientific Name	Common Name	Element Code	Federal Status	State Status	CDFW Status			Quad Name	Data Status	Taxonomic Sort
Animats - Amphibíans	Ambystoma californiense	California tiger salamander	AAAAA01180	Threatened	Threatened	SSC	-	3812132	Clay	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Amphibians - Ambystomatidae Ambystoma californiense
Animals - Amphibians	Ambystoma californiense	California tiger	AAAAA01180	Threatened	Threatened	SSC	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Amphibians - Ambystomatidae Ambystoma californiense
Animals - Amphibians	Ambystoma californiense	California tiger salamander	AAAAA01180	Threatened	Threatened	SSC	-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Unprocessed	Animals - Amphibians - Ambystomatidae Ambystoma californiense
Animals - Amphibians	Spea hammondii	western spadefoot	AAABF02020	None	None	SSC	-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped	Animals - Amphibians - Scaphiopodidae Spea hammondii
	Spea hammondii	western spadefoot	AAABF02020	None	None	SSC	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped	Animals - Amphibians - Scaphiopodidae Spea hammondii
Animals - Amphibians	Spea hammondii	western spadefoot	AAABF02020	None	None	SSC	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Amphibians - Scaphiopodidae Spea hammondii
Animals - Birds	Accipiter cooperii	Cooper's hawk	ABNKC12040	None	None	WL	-	'	Carmichael	,Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Accipiter cooperi
Animals - Birds	Accipiter cooperii	Cooper's hawk	ABNKC12040	None	None	WL .	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Accipiter coopen
Animals - Birds	Accipiter cooperii	Cooper's hawk	ABNKC12040	None	None	WL	= : : -	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Accipiter cooperi
Animals - Birds	Accipiter cooperii	Cooper's hawk	ABNKC12040	None	None	WL	-	3812143 	Elk Grove	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Accipiter cooperi
Animals - Birds	Accipiter cooperii	Cooper's hawk	ABNKC12040	None	None	WL	-		Florin	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Accipiter cooperi
Animals - Birds	Aquila chrysaetos	golden eagle	ABNKC22010	None	None	FP, WL		3812152	Buffalo Creek	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Aquila chrysaeto
Animals - Birds	Aquila chrysactos	golden eagle	ABNKC22010	None	None	FP, WL		3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Aquila chrysaeto
Animals - Birds	Buteo regalis	ferruginous hawk	ABNKC19120	None	None	WL	-	3812153	Carmichael	,Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo regalis
Animals - Birds	Buteo regalis	ferruginous hawk	ABNKC19120	None	None	WL '	 - - <i>-</i>	.3812152	Buffalo Creek	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo regalis
Animals - Birds	Buteo regalis	ferruginous hawk	ABNKC19120	None	None	WL '	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo regalis
Animals - Birds	Buteo swainsoni	Swainson's hawk	ABNKC19070	None	'Threatened	- -		3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo swainsoni
Animals - Birds	Buteo swainsoni	Swainson's hawk	ABNKC19070	None	Threatened	(- -	- -	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo swainsoni
Animals - Birds	Buteo swainsoni	Swainson's 'hawk	ABNKC19070	None	Threatened	i-	· ·	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo swainsoni
Animals - Birds	Buteo swainsoni	Swainson's hawk	ABNKC19070	None	Threatened	•		3812132	Clay	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo swainsoni

Animals - Birds	Buteo swainsoni	Swainson's hawk	ABNKC19070	None	Threatened	-		3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo swainsoni
Animals - Birds	Buteo swainsoni	Swainson's hawk	ABNKC19070	None	Threatened	_	-	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo swainsoni
Animals - Birds	Buteo swainsoni	Swainson's hawk	ABNKC19070	None	Threatened	-	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo swainsoni
Animals - Birds	Buteo swainsoni	Swainson's hawk	ABNKC19070	None	Threatened	-	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo swainsoni
Animals - Birds	Buteo swainsoni	Swainson's hawk	ABNKC19070	None	Threatened	-	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Buteo swainsoni
Animals - Birds	Circus cyaneus	northern harrier	ABNKC11010	None	None	ssc	-	3812153	Carmichael	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Circus cyaneus
Animals - Birds	Circus cyaneus	northern harrier	ABNKC11010	None	None	ssc	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Circus cyaneus
Animals - Birds	Circus cyaneus	northern harrier	ABNKC11010	None	None	ssc	-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Circus cyaneus
Animals - Birds	Elanus legeurus	white-tailed kite	ABNKC06010	None	None	FP	-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Elanus leucurus
Animals - Birds	Elanus leucurus	white-tailed kite	ABNKC06010	None	None	FP	-	38121 4 2	Sloughhouse	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Elanus leucurus
Animals - Birds	Elanus leucurus	white-tailed kite	ABNKC06010	None	None	FP	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Elanus leucurus
Animals - Birds	Elanus leucurus	white-tailed kite	ABNKC06010	None	None	FP	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Elanus leucurus
Animals - Birds	Elanus leucurus	white-tailed kite	ABNKC06010	None	None	FP	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Elanus leucurus
Animals - Birds	Elanus leucurus	white-tailed kite	ABNKC06010	None	None	FP	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Elanus leucurus
Animals - Birds	Elanus leucurus	white-tailed kite	ABNKC06010	None	None	FP	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Elanus leucurus
Animals - Birds	Elanus leucurus	white-tailed kite	ABNKC06010	None	None	FP	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Elanus leucurus
Animals - Birds	Pandion haliaetus	osprey	ABNKC01010	None	None	WL		3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Pandion haliaetus
Animals - Birds	Pandion haliaetus	osprey	ABNKC01010	None	None	WL	-	3812153	Carmichael	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Pandion haliaetus
Animals - Birds	Pandion haliaetus	osprey	ABNKC01010	None	None	WL	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Accipitridae - Pandion haliaetus
Animals - Birds	Chaetura vauxi	Vaux's swift	ABNUA03020	None	None	ssc	-	3812153	Carmichael	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Apodidae - Chaetura vauxi
Animals - Birds	Ardea alba	great egret	ABNGA04040	None	None	•	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Ardea alba
Animals - Birds	Ardea alba	great egret	ABNGA04040	None	None	-	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Ardea albe
Animals - Birds	Ardea alba	great egret	ABNGA04040	None	None	_	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Ardea alba
Animals - Birds	Ardea alba	great egret	ABNGA04040	None	None	-	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Ardea alba

Animals - Birds	Ardea herodias	great blue heron	ABNGA04010	None	None	-	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Ardea herodias
Animals - Birds	Ardea herodías	great blue heron	ABNGA04010	None	None	-	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Ardea herodias
Animals - Birds	Ardea herodias	great blue heron	ABNGA04010	None	None	_	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Ardea herodias
Animals - Birds	Ardea herodias	great blue heron	ABNGA04010	None	None	-	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Ardea herodias
Animals - Birds	Ardea herodias	great blue heron	ABNGA04010	None	None	-	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Ardea herodias
Animals - Birds	Botaurus Ientiginosus	American bittern	ABNGA01020	None	None	-		3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Botaurus Ientiginosus
Animals - Birds	Egretta thula	snowy egret	ABNGA06030	None	None	-	-	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Egretta thula
Animals - Birds	Egretta thula	snowy egret	ABNGA06030	None	None	-	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Egretta thula
Animals - Birds	Ixobrychus exilis	least bittern	ABNGA02010	None	None	ssc	-	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Ixobrychus exilis
Animals - Birds	Nycticorax nycticorax	black-crowned night heron	ABNGA11010	None	None	_	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Nycticorax nycticorax
Animals - Birds	Nycticorax nycticorax	black-crowned night heron	ABNGA11010	None	None	-	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Ardeidae - Nycticorax nycticorax
Animals - Birds	Cardinalis cardinalis	northern cardinal	ABPBX60010	None	None	WL	-	3812133	Galt	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Cardinalidae - Cardinalis cardinalis
Animals - Birds	Pica nuttalli	yellow-billed magpie	ABPAV09020	None	None	-	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Corvidae - Pica nuttalli
Animals - Birds	Coccyzus americanus occidentalis	western yellow-billed cuckoo	ABNRB02022	Proposed Threatened	Endangered	-	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Cuculidae - Coccyzus americanus occidentalis
Animals - Birds	Ammodramus savannarum	grasshopper sparrow	ABP8XA0020	None	None	ssc	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Emberizidae - Ammodramus savannarum
Animals - Birds	Ammodramus savannarum	grasshopper sparrow	ABPBXA0020	None	None	ssc	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Emberizidae - Ammodramus savannarum
Animals - Birds	Ammodramus savannarum	grasshopper sparrow	ABPBXA0020	None	None	ssc	-	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Emberizidae - Ammodramus savannarum
Animals - Birds	Chondestes grammacus	lark sparrow	ABPBX96010	None	None	_	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Emberizidae - Chondestes grammacus
Animals - Birds	Melospiza melodia	song sparrow (-inModesto-in population)	ABPBXA3010	None	None	ssc		3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Emberizidae - Melospiza melodia
Animals - Birds	Melospiza melodia	song sparrow (-inModesto-in population)	ABPBXA3010	None	None	ssc	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Emberizidae - Melospiza melodia
Animals - Birds	Melospiza melodia	song sparrow (-inModesto-in population)	ABPBXA3010	None	None	ssc	-	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Emberizidae - Melospiza melodia

Animals - Birds	Spizella breweri	Brewer's sparrow	ABPBX94040	None	None	-	- - 	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Emberizidae - Spizella breweri
Animals - Birds	Falco columbarius	merlin	ABNKD06030	None	None	WL	- -	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Falconidae - Falco columbarius
Animals - Birds	Falco columbarius	merlin	ABNKD06030	None	None	WL	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Falconidae - Falco columbarius
Animals - Birds	Falco mexicanus	prairie falcon	ABNKD06090	None	None	WL	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Falconidae - Falco mexicanus
Animals - Birds	Spinus lawrencei	Lawrence's goldfinch	ABPBY06100	None	None	-]- -	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Fringillidae - Spinus lawrencei
Animals - Birds	Grus canadensis canadensis	lesser sandhill crane	ABNMK01011	None	None	ssc	 - 	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animats - Birds - Gruidae - Grus canadensis canadensis
Animals - Birds	Grus canadensis tabida	greater sandhill crane	ABNMK01014	None	Threatened	FP	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Gruidae - Grus canadensis tabida
Animals - Birds	Grus canadensis tabida	greater sandhill crane	ABNMK01014	None	Threatened	FP	[-]	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Gruidae - Grus canadensis tabida
Animals - Birds	Progne subis	purple martin	ABPAU01010	None	None	SSC	- -	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Hirundinidae - Progne subis
Animals - Birds	Riparia riparia	bank swallow	ABPAU08010	None	Threatened	-		3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Hirundinidae - Riparia riparia
Animals - Birds	Riparia riparia	bank swallow	ABPAU08010	None	Threatened	-	 - 	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Hirundinidae - Riparia riparia
Animals - Birds	Riparia riparia	bank swallow	ABPAU08010	None	Threatened	-	-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Hirundinidae - Riparia riparia
Animals - Birds	Agelaius tricolor	tricolored blackbird	ABPBXB0020	None	None	ssc	-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Icteridae - Agelaius tricolor
Animals - Birds	Agelaius tricolor	tricolored blackbird	ABPBXB0020	None	None	ssc	-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Icteridae - Agelaius tricolor
Animals - Birds	Agelaius tricolor	tricolored blackbird	ABPBXB0020	None	None	ssc		3812134	Bruceville	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Icteridae - Agelaius tricolor
Animals - Birds	Agelaius tricolor	tricolored blackbird	ABPBXB0020	None	None	ssc	_	3812133	Galt	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Icteridae - Agelaius tricolor
Animals - Birds	Agelaius tricolor	tricolored blackbird	ABPBXB0020	None	None	ssc	-	3812132	Clay	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Icteridae - Agelaius tricolor
Animals - Birds	Agelaius tricolor	tricolored blackbird	ABP8X80020	None	None	ssc	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Icteridae - Agelaius tricolor
Animals - Birds	Agelaius tricolor	tricolored blackbird	ABPBX80020	None	None	ssc	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Icteridae - Agelaius tricolor
Animals - Birds	Agelaius tricolor	tricolored blackbird	ABPBXB0020	None	None	ssc		3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Icteridae - Agelaius tricolor
Animals - Birds	Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus	yellow-headed blackbird	ABPBXB3010	None	None	ssc	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Birds - Icteridae - Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus
Animals - Birds	Lanius Iudovicianus	loggerhead shrike	ABPBR01030	None	None	ssc	-	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Laniidae - Lanius Iudovicianus
Animals - Birds	Lanius Iudovicianus	loggerhead shrike	ABPBR01030	None	None	ssc	-	3812153	Carmichael	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Laniidae - Lanius Iudovicianus
Animals - Birds	Lanius Iudovicianus	loggerhead shrike	ABP8R01030	None	None	ssc	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Laniidae - Lanius Iudovicianus

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Animals - Birds	Lenius Iudovicianus	loggerhead shrike	ABP8R01030	None	None	ssc	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Laniidae - Lanius Iudovicianus
Animals - Birds	Sternula antillarum browni	California least tern	ABNNM08103	Endangered	Endangered	FP	-	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Laridae - Sternula antillarum browni
Animals - Birds	Baeolophus inornatus	oak titmouse	ABPAW01100	None	None	-	-	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Paridae - Baeolophus inornatus
Animals - Birds	Setophaga occidentalis	hermit warbler	ABPBX03090	None	None		-	3812133	Galt	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Parulidae - Setophaga occidentalis
Animals - Birds	Phalacrocorax auritus	double- crested cormorant	ABNFD01020	None	None	WL	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Phalacrocoracidae - Phalacrocorax auritus
Animals - Birds	Phalacrocorax auritus	double- crested cormorant	ABNFD01020	None	None	WL	•	3812144	Florin	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Phalacrocoracidae - Phalacrocorax auritus
Animals - Birds	Picoides nuttallii	Nuttall's woodpecker	ABNYF07020	None	None	-		3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Picidae - Picoides nuttallii
Animals - Birds	Picoides nuttallii	Nuttall's woodpecker	ABNYF07020	None	None	-	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Picidae - Picoides nuttallii
Animals - Birds	Picoides nuttallii	Nuttall's woodpecker	ABNYF07020	None	None	-	- 	3812153	Carmichael	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Piccidae - Piccides nuttallii
Animals - Birds	Athene cunicularia	burrowing owl	ABNSB10010	None	None	ssc	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Strigidae - Athene cunicularia
Animals - Birds	Athene cunicularia	burrowing owl	ABNSB10010	None	None	SSC	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Strigidae - Athene cunicularia
Animals - Birds	Athene cunicularia	burrowing owl	ABNSB10010	None	None	ssc	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Strigidae - Athene cunicularia
Animals - Birds	Athene cunicularia	burrowing owl	ABNSB10010	None	None	ssc	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Strigidae - Athene cunicularia
Animals - Birds	Athene cunicularia	burrowing owl	ABNSB10010	None	None	SSC	-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Strigidae - Athene cunicularia
Animals - Birds	Athene cunicularia	burrowing owl	ABNSB10010	None	None	SSC	-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Strigidae - Athene cunicularia
Animals - Birds	Athene cunicula ri a	burrowing owl	ABNSB10010	None	None	ssc	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Strigidae - Athene cunicularia
Animals - Birds	Athene cunicularia	burrowing owl	ABNSB10010	None	None	SSC	-	3812132	Clay	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Strigidae - Athene cunicularia
Animals - Birds	Athene cunicularia	burrowing owl	ABNSB10010	None	None	ssc		3812134	Bruceville	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Birds - Strigidae - Athene cunicularia
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta lynchi	vernal pool fairy shrimp	ICBRA03030	Threatened	None	-	-	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta lynchi
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta lynchi	vernal pool fairy shrimp	ICBRA03030	Threatened	None	-	-	3812132	Clay	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta lynchi
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta lynchi	vernal pool fairy shrimp	ICBRA03030	Threatened	None	-	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta Iynchi

Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta Iynchi	vernal pool fairy shrimp	ICBRA03030	Threatened	None		-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta Iynchi
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta lynchi	vernal pool fairy shrimp	ICBRA03030	Threatened	None	*	-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta lynchi
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta lynchi	vernal pool fairy shrimp	ICBRA03030	Threatened	None	-	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animats - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta Iynchi
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta lynchi	vernal pool fairy shrimp	ICBRA03030	Threatened	None	-	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta Iynchi
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta lynchi	vernal pool fairy shrimp	ICBRA03030	Threatened	None	t	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta Iynchi
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta lynchi	vernat pool fairy shrimp	ICBRA03030	Threatened	None	-	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta lynchi
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta mesovallensis	midvalley fairy shrimp	ICBRA03150	None	None	- -	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta mesovallensis
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta mesovallensis	midvalley fairy shrimp	ICBRA03150	None	None	-	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta mesovallensis
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta mesovallensis	midvalley fairy shrimp	ICBRA03150	None	None		-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta mesovallensis
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta mesovallensis	midvalley fairy shrimp	ICBRA03150	None	None	-	-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta mesovallensis
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta mesovallensis	midvalley fairy shrimp	ICBRA03150	None	None		-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta mesovallensis
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta mesovallensis	midvalley fairy shrimp	ICBRA03150	None	None	-	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta mesovallensis
Animals - Crustaceans	Branchinecta mesovallensis	midvalley fairy shrimp	ICBRA03150	None	None	-	-	3812132	Clay	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Branchinectidae - Branchinecta mesovallensis
Animals - Crustaceans	Dumontia oregonensis	hairy water flea	ICBRA23010	None	None		-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped	Animals - Crustaceans - Dumontiidae - Dumontia oregonensis
Animals - Crustaceans	Dumontia oregonensis	hairy water flea	ICBRA23010	None	None	•	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped	Animals - Crustaceans - Dumontiidae - Dumontia oregonensis

Animals - Crustaceans	Linderiella occidentalis	California linderiella	ICBRA06010	None	None	-	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Linderiellidae - Linderiella occidentalis
Animals - Crustaceans	Linderiella occidentalis	California linderiella	ICBRA06010	None	None	-	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Linderiellidae - Linderiella occidentalis
Animals - Crustaceans	Linderiella occidentalis	California linderiella	ICBRA06010	None	None	-	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Linderiellidae - Linderiella occidentalis
Animals - Crustaceans	Linderiella occidentalis	California linderiella	ICBRA06010	None	None	-	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Linderiellidae - Linderiella occidentalis
Animals - Crustaceans	Linderiella occidentalis	California linderiella	ICBRA06010	None	None	-	-	3812132	Clay	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Linderiellidae - Linderiella occidentalis
Animals - Crustaceans	Linderiella occidentalis	California linderiella	ICBRA06010	None	None	-		3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Crustaceans - Linderiellidae - Linderiella occidentalis
Animals - Crustaceans	Linderiella occidentalis	California linderiella	ICBRA06010	None	None			3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Animals - Crustaceans - Linderiellidae - Linderiella occidentalis
Animals - Crustaceans	Linderiella occidentalis	California linderiella	ICBRA06010	None	None	-	-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Linderiellidae - Linderiella occidentalis
Animals - Crustaceans	Linderiella occidentalis	California linderiella	ICBRA06010	None	None	-	-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Linderiellidae - Linderiella occidentalis
Animals - Crustaceans	Lepidurus packardi	vernal pool tadpole shrimp	ICBRA10010	Endangered	None	-	-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Triopsidae - Lepidurus packardi
Animals - Crustaceans	Lepidurus packardi	vernal pool tadpole shrimp	ICBRA10010	Endangered	None	-	-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Triopsidae - Lepidurus packardi
Animals - Crustaceans	Lepidurus packardi	vernal pool tadpole shrimp	ICBRA10010	Endangered	None	-	-	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Animals - Crustaceans - Triopsidae - Lepidurus packardi
Animals - Crustaceans	Lepidurus packardi	vernal pool tadpole shrimp	ICBRA10010	Endangered	None	-	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Crustaceans - Triopsidae - Lepidurus packardi
Animals - Crustaceans	Lepidurus packardi	vernal pool tadpole shrimp	ICBRA10010	Endangered	None		-	3812132	Clay	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Triopsidae - Lepidurus packardi
Animals - Crustaceans	Lepidurus packardi	vernal pool tadpole shrimp	ICBRA10010	Endangered	None	-	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Triopsidae - Lepidurus packardi

Animats - Crustaceans	Lepidurus packardi	vernal pool tadpole shrimp	ICBRA10010	Endangered	None		-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Triopsidae - Lepidurus packardi
Animals - Crustaceans	Lepidurus packardi	vernat pool tadpote shrimp	ICBRA10010	Endangered	None	-] - -	3812144	Florin	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Triopsidae - Lepidurus packardi
Animals - Crustaceans	Lepidurus packardi	vernal pool tadpole shrimp	ICBRA10010	Endangered	None			3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Crustaceans - Triopsidae - Lepidurus packardi
Animals - Fish	Lavinia exilicauda exilicauda	Central Valley	AFCJB19012	None	None		-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Cyprinidae - Lavinia exilicauda exilicauda
Animals - Fish	Mylopharodon conocephalus	hardhead	AFCJB25010	None	None	ssc	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Cyprinidae - Mylopharodon conocephalus
Animals - Fish	Pogonichthys macrolepidotus	Sacramento splittail	AFCJB34020	None	None	ssc	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Cyprinidae - Pogonichthys macrolepidotus
Animals - Fish	Pogonichthys macrolepidotus	Sacramento splittail	AFCJB34020	None	None	SSC	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Fish - Cyprinidae - Pogonichthys macrolepidotus
Animais - Fish	Pogonichthys macrolepidotus	Sacramento splittail	AFCJB34020	None	None	SSC	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Cyprinidae - Pogonichthys macrolepidotus
Animals - Fish	Hysterocarpus traski traski	Sacramento- San Joaquin tule perch	AFCQK02012	None	None		-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Embiotocidae - Hysterocarpus traski traski
Animals - Fish	Hysterocarpus traski traski	Sacramento- San Joaquin tule perch	AFCQK02012	None	None	-	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Embiotocidae - Hysterocarpus traski traski
Animals - Fish	Hypomesus transpacificus	Delta smelt	AFCHB01040	Threatened	Endangered	-	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Osmeridae - Hypomesus transpacificus
Animals - Fish	Hypomesus transpacificus	Delta smelt	AFCHB01040	Threatened	Endangered	-		3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Osmeridae - Hypomesus transpacificus
Animals - Fish	Spirinchus thaleichthys	longfin smelt	AFCHB03010	Candidate	Threatened	SSC	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Fish - Osmeridae - Spirinchus thaleichthys
Animals - Fish	Entosphenus tridentatus	Pacific lamprey	AFBAA02100	None	None		•	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Petromyzontidae - Entosphenus tridentatus
Animals - Fish	Entosphenus tridentatus	Pacific lamprey	AFBAA02100	None	None	-	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Petromyzontidae - Entosphenus tridentatus
Animals - Fish	Lampetra ayresii	river lamprey	AFBAA02030	None	None	ssc	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Petromyzontidae - Lampetra ayresii
Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus	steelhead - Central Valley DPS	AFCHA0209K	Threatened	None	 -	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus
Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus	steelhead - central California coast DPS	AFCHA0209G	Threatened	None	-	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus

Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus	steelhead - Central Valley DP\$	AFCHA0209K	Threatened	None	-	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus
Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus	steelhead - Central Valley DPS	AFCHA0209K	Threatened	None	-	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus
Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus	steelhead - Central Valley DPS	AFCHA0209K	Threatened	None	-	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus
Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus	steelhead - Central Valley DPS	AFCHA0209K	Threatened	None	-	-	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus
Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus	steelhead - Central Valley DPS	AFCHA0209K	Threatened	Non e		-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus
Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus	steelhead - Central Valley DPS	AFCHA0209K	Threatened	None	-	-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus
Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha	chinook salmon - Central Valley fall / late fall- run ESU	AFCHA0205N	None	None	ssc	-	3812134	8ruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha
Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha	chinook salmon - Central Valley spring-run ESU	AFCHA0205A	Threatened	Threatened	_	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha
Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha	chinook salmon - Sacramento River winter- run ESU	AFCHA0205B	Endangered	Endangered	-	_	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha
Animals - Fish	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha	chinook salmon - Central Valley fall / late fall- run ESU	AFCHA0205N	None	None	SSC		3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Fish - Salmonidae - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha
Animals - Insects	Andrena blennospermatis	Blennosperma vernal pool andrenid bee	IIHYM35030	None	None	-	-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped	Animals - Insects - Andrenidae - Andrena blennospermatis
Animals -	Desmocerus californicus dimorphus	valley elderberry longhorn beetle	IICOL48011	Threatened	None	-	-	3812142	Sioughhouse	Mapped	Animals - Insects - Cerambycidae - Desmocerus californicus dimorphus
Animals - insects	Desmocerus californicus dimorphus	valley elderberry longhorn beetle	IICOL48011	Threatened	None	-	-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Animals - Insects - Cerambycidae - Desmocerus californicus dimorphus
Animals - Insects	Desmocerus californicus dimorphus	valley elderberry longhorn beette	IICOL48011	Threatened	None	-	_	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Animals - Insects - Cerambycidae - Desmocerus californicus dimorphus
Animals - Insects	Desmocerus californicus dimorphus	valley elderberry longhorn beetle	IICOL48011	Threatened	None	-	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Insects - Cerambycidae - Desmocerus californicus dimorphus
Animals - Insects	Desmocerus californicus dimorphus	valley elderberry longhorn beetle	IICOL48011	Threatened	None	-	_	3812153	Carmicha el	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Insects - Cerambycidae - Desmocerus californicus dimorphus
Animals - Insects	Desmocerus californicus dimorphus	valley elderberry longhorn beetle	IICOL48011	Threatened	None	•	_	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Insects - Cerambycidae - Desmocerus californicus dimorphus

Animals - Insects	Desmocerus californicus dimorphus	valley elderberry longhorn beetle	IICOL48011	Threatened	None	-	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped	Animais - Insects - Cerambycidae - Desmocerus califomicus dimorphus
Animals - Insects	Hydrochara rickseckeri	Ricksecker's water scavenger beetle	IICOL5V010	None	None		1	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped	Animals - Insects - Hydrophilidae - Hydrochara rickseckeri
Animals - Insects	Hydrochara rickseckeri	Ricksecker's water scavenger beetle	IICOL5V010	None	None		-	3812153	Carmicha el	Mapped	Animals - Insects - Hydrophilidae - Hydrochara rickseckeri
Animals - Insects	Hydrochara rickseckeri	Ricksecker's water scavenger beetle	IICOL5V010	None	None	-	-	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Animals - Insects - Hydrophilidae - Hydrochara rickseckeri
Animals - Mammals	Taxidea taxus	American badger	AMAJF04010	None	None	ssc		3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Animals - Mammals - Mustelidae - Taxidea taxus
Animals - Mammals	Taxidea taxus	American badger	AMAJF04010	None	None	ssc	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped	Animals - Mammals - Mustelidae - Taxidea taxus
Animals - Mammals	Taxidea taxus	American badger	AMAJF04010	None	None	ssc	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped	Animals - Mammals - Mustelidae - Taxidea taxus
Animals - Mammals	Taxidea taxus	American badger	AMAJF04010	None	None	ssc		3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Mammals - Mustelidae - Taxidea taxus
Animals - Mammals	Taxidea taxus	American badger	AMAJF04010	None	None	ssc		3812144	Florin	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Mammals - Mustelidae - Taxidea taxus
Animals - Mammals	Lasiurus blossevillii	westem red	AMACC05060	None	None	ssc	-	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Mammals - Vespertilionidae - Lasiurus blossevillii
Animals - Mammals	Lasiurus cinereus	hoary bat	AMACC05030	None	None	-	-	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Mammals - Vespertilionidae - Lasiurus cinereus
Animals - Mammals	Lasiurus cinereus	hoary bat	AMACC05030	None	None		-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Mammals - Vespertilionidae - Lasiurus cinereus
Animals - Mammals	Myotis ciliolabrum	western small- footed myotis	AMACC01140	None	None		-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Mammals - Vespertilionidae - Myotis ciliolabrum
Animals - Mammals	Myotis lucifugus	little brown bat	AMACC01010	None	None	-	-	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Mammals - Vespertilionidae - Myotis lucifugus
Animals - Mammals	Myotis lucifugus	little brown bat	AMACC01010	None	None			3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Mammals - Vespertilionidae - Myotis lucifugus
Animals - Mammals	Myotis yumanensis	Yuma myotis	AMACC01020	None	None	-	-	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Animals - Mammals - Vespertilionidae - Myotis yumanensis
Animals - Mammals	Myotis yumanensis	Yuma myotis	AMACC01020	None	None	-	_	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Animals - Mammals - Vespertilionidae - Myotis yumanensis
Animals - Reptiles	Emys marmorata	western pond turtle	ARAAD02030	None	None	ssc		3812133	Gait	Mapped	Animals - Reptiles - Emydidae - Emys marmorata

Animals - Reptiles	Emys marmorata	western pond turtie	ARAAD02030	None	None	SSC	•	3812132	Clay	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Reptiles - Emydidae - Emys marmorata
Animals - Reptiles	Emys marmorata	western pond turtle	ARAAD02030	None	None	ssc	-	3812134	Brucevill e	Mapped	Animals - Reptiles - Emydidae - Emys marmorata
Animals - Reptiles	Emys marmorata	western pond turtle	ARAAD02030	None	None	ssc	-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped	Animals - Reptiles - Emydidae - Emys marmorata
Animals - Reptiles	Emys marmorata	western pond turtle	ARAAD02030	None	None	ssc		3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Animals - Reptile: - Emydidae - Emys marmorata
Animals - Reptiles	Emys marmorata	western pond turtle	ARAAD02030	None	None	ssc	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Reptile - Emydidae - Emys marmorata
Animals - Reptiles	Emys marmorata	western pond turtle	ARAAD02030	None	None	ssc	-	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped and Unprocessed	Animals - Reptile - Emydidae - Emys marmorata
Animals - Reptiles	Emys marmorata	western pond turtle	ARAAD02030	None	None	ssc	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Animals - Reptile - Emydidae - Emys marmorata
Animals - Reptiles	Emys marmorata	western pond turtle	ARAAD02030	None	None	ssc	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped	Animals - Reptile: - Emydidae - Emys marmorata
Animals - Reptiles	Thamnophis gigas	giant garter snake	ARADB36150	Threatened	Threatened		-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Animals - Reptile - Natricidae - Thamnophis giga
Animals - Reptiles	Thamnophis gigas	giant garter snake	ARADB36150	Threatened	Threatened	-	-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Animals - Reptile - Natricidae - Thamnophis giga
Animals - Reptiles	Thamnophis gigas	giant garter snake	ARADB36150	Threatened	Threatened	-	-	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Animais - Reptile - Natricidae - Thamnophis giga
Animals - Reptiles	Thamnophis gigas	giant garter snake	ARADB36150	Threatened	Threatened	-	-	3812132	Clay	Mapped	Animals - Reptile - Natricidae - Thamnophis giga
Animals - Reptiles	Thamnophis gigas	giant garter snake	ARADB36150	Threatened	Threatened	-	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Animals - Reptile - Natricidae - Thamnophis giga
Community - Terrestrial	Coastal and Valley Freshwater Marsh	Coastal and Valley Freshwater Marsh	C1T52410CA	None	None) - 	-	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Coastal and Valley Freshwate Marsh
Community - Terrestrial	Elderberry Savanna	Elderberry Savanna	CTT63440CA	None	None	-	-	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Elderberry Savanna
Community - Terrestrial	Great Valley Mixed Riparian Forest	Great Valley Mixed Riparian Forest	CTT61420CA	None	None	-		3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Great Valley Mixed Riparian Forest
Community - Terrestrial	Great Valley Valley Oak Riparian Forest	Great Valley Valley Oak Riparian Forest	CTT61430CA	None	None	-	-	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Grea Valley Valley Oal Riparian Forest
Community - Terrestrial	Great Valley Valley Oak Riparian Forest	Great Valley Valley Oak Riparian Forest	CTT61430ÇA	None	None	-	-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Grea Valley Valley Oai Riparian Forest
Community - Terrestrial	Great Valley Valley Oak Riparian Forest	Great Valley Valley Oak Riparian Forest	CTT61430CA	None	None	_	-	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Grea Valley Valley Oal Riparian Forest
Community - Terrestrial	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	CTT44110CA	None	None	•	•	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Northern Hardpa Vernal Pool
Community - Terrestrial	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	CTT44110CA	None	None	-	-	3812132	Clay	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Northern Hardpa Vernal Pool

Community	Northern Hardpan Vernal	Northern Hardpan	CTY44110CA	None	None		-	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial -
- Terrestrial	Pool	Vernal Pool			ļ	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool
Community - Terrestrial	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	CTT44110CA	None	None		}-	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool
Community - Terrestrial	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	CTT44110CA	None	fvone	-	-	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool
Community - Terrestrial	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	CTT44110CA	None	None	-	-	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool
Community - Terrestrial	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	CTT44110CA	None	None	_	-	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool
Community - Terrestrial	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	CTT44110CA	None	None	-	•	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool
Community - Terrestrial	Valley Oak Woodland	Valley Oak Woodland	CTT71130CA	None	None]-	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Valley Oak Woodland
Community - Terrestrial	Valley Oak Woodland	Valley Oak Woodland	CTT71130CA	None	None			3812133	Galt	Mapped	Community - Terrestrial - Valley Oak Woodland
Plants - Vascular	Sagittaria sanfordii	Sanford's arrowhead	PMALI040Q0	None	None	-	1B.2	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Alismataceae - Sagittaria sanfordii
Plants - Vascular	Sagittaria sanfordii	Sanford's arrowhead	PMALI040Q0	None	None		1B.2	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Alismataceae - Sagittaria sanfordii
Plants - Vascular	Sagittaria sanfordii	Sanford's arrowhead	PMALI040Q0	None	None		1B.2	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Alismataceae - Sagittaria sanfordii
Plants - Vascular	Sagittaria sanfordii	Sanford's arrowhead	PMALI040Q0	None	None	-	1B.2	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Alismataceae - Sagittaria sanfordii
Plants - Vascular	Sagittaria sanfordii	Sanford's arrowhead	PMALI040Q0	None	None	-	1B.2	3812144	Florin	Mapped and Unprocessed	Plants - Vascular - Alismataceae - Sagittaria sanfordii
Plants - Vascular	Sagittaria sanfordii	Sanford's arrowhead	PMALI040Q0	None	None	-	1B.2	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Alismataceae - Sagittaria sanfordi
Plants - Vascular	Sagittaria sanfordii	Sanford's arrowhead	PMALI040Q0	None	None	<u> </u> -	18.2	3812154	Sacramento East	Mapped and Unprocessed	Plants - Vascular - Alismataceae - Sagittaria sanfordii
Plants - Vascular	Cicuta maculata var. bolanderi	Bolander's water- hemlock	PDAPIOM051	None	None	 - 	2B.1	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Apiaceae - Cicuta maculata var, bolanderì
Plants - Vascular	Lilaeopsis masonii	Mason's filaeopsis	PDAPI19030	None	Rare	-	1B.1	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Apiaceae - Lilaeopsis masonii
Plants - Vascular	Centromadia parryi ssp. rudis	Parry's rough tarplant	PDAST4R0P3	None	None	-	4.2	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Plants - Vascular - Asteraceae - Centromadia parryi ssp. rudis
Plants - Vascular	Centromadia parryi ssp. rudis	Parry's rough tarplent	PDAST4R0P3	None	None		4.2	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Plants - Vascular - Asteraceae - Centromadia parryi ssp. rudis
Plants - Vascular	Hesperevax caulescens	hogwallow starfish	PDASTE5020	None	None	 - 	4.2	3812144	Florin	Unprocessed	Plants - Vascular - Asteraceae - Hesperevax caulescens
Plants - Vascular	Lasthenia ferrisiae	Ferris' goldfields	PDAST5L070	None	None		4.2	3812134	Bruceville	Unprocessed	Plants - Vascular - Asteraceae - Lasthenia ferrisiae

Plants - Vascular	Lepidium latipes var, heckardii	Heckard's pepper-grass	PDBRA1M0K1	None	None	-	1B.2	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Brassicaceae - Lepidium latipes var, heckardii
Plants - Vascular	Brasenia schreberi	watershield	PDCAB01010	None	None	-	2B,3	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Cabombaceae - Brasenia schreberi
Plants - Vascular	Downingia pusilla	dwarf downingia	PDCAMosoco	None	None		28.2	3812133	Gait	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Downingia pusilla
Plants - Vascular	Downingia pusilia	dwarf downingia	PDCAM060C0	None	None	-	2B.2	3812132	Çlay	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Downingia pusilla
Plants - Vascular	Downingia pusilla	dwarf downingia	PDCAM060C0	None	None	-	2B.2	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Downingia pusilla
Plants - Vascular	Downingia pusilla	dwarf downingia	PDCAM060C0	None	None	-	2B.2	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Downingia pusilla
Plants - Vascular	Legenere limosa	legenere	PDCAM0C010	None	None	-	1B.1	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Legenere limosa
Plants - Vascular	Legenere limosa	legenere	PDCAM0C010	None	None	-	1B.1	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Legenere limosa
Plants - Vascular	Legenere limosa	legenere	PDCAM0C010	None	None		18.1	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Legenere limosa
Plants - Vascular	Legenere limosa	legenere	PDCAM0C010	None	None		18,1	3812143	Ejk Grove	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Legenere limosa
Plants - Vascular	Legenere limosa	legenere	PDCAM0C010	None	None	-	1B.1	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Legenere limosa
Plants - Vascular	Legenere limosa	legenere	PDCAM0C010	None	None	-	1B.1	3812132	Clay	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Legenere limosa
Plants - Vascular	Legenere limosa	legenere	PDCAM0C010	None	None		1B.1	3812133	Galt	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Legenere limosa
Plants - Vascular	Legenere limosa	legenere	PDCAM0C010	None	None	-	1B.1	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Campanulaceae - Legenere limosa
Plants - Vascular	Cuscuta obtusifiora var. glandulosa	Peruvian dodder	PDCUS01111	None	None	-	2B.2	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Cuscutaceae - Cuscuta obtusiflora var, glandulosa
Plants - Vascular	Carex comosa	bristly sedge	PMCYP032Y0	None	None		2B.1	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Cyperaceae - Carex comosa
Plants - Vascular	Lathyrus jepsonii var. jepsonii	Delta tule pea	PDFAB250D2	None	None]-	1B.2	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Fabaceae - Lathyrus jepsonii var. jepsonii
Plants - Vascular	Trifolium hydrophilum	saline dover	PDFAB400R5	None	None	-	18.2	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Fabaceae - Trifolium hydrophilum
Plants - Vascular	Trifolium hydrophilum	saline dover	PDFAB400R5	None	None	-	1B.2	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Fabaceae - Trifolium hydrophilum
Plants - Vascular	Juglans hindsii	Northern California black walnut	PDJUG02040	None	None	- -	1B.1	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Juglandaceae - Juglans hindsii
Plants - Vascular	Juncus leiospermus var, ahartii	Ahart's dwarf rush	PMJUN011L1	None	None	-	1B.2	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped	Plants - Vascular Juncaceae - Juncus leiospermus var, ahartii

Plants - Vascular	Juncus leiospermus var, ahartii	Ahart's dwarf rush	PMJUN011L1	None	None	-	1B.2	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Juncaceae - Juncus Ieiospermus var. ahartii
Plants - Vascular	Scutellaria galericulata	marsh skulicap	PDLAM1U0J0	None	None	-	2B.2	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Lamiaceae - Scutellaria galericulata
Plants - Vascular	Scutellaria lateriflora	side-flowering skullcap	PDLAM1U0Q0	None	None	-	2B.2	3812134	Bruceville	Марреф	Plants - Vascular - Lamiaceae - Scutellaria lateriflora
Plants - Vascular	Fritillaria agrestis	stinkbells	PMLILOV010	None	None	-	4.2	3812142	Sloughhouse	Unprocessed	Plants - Vascular - Liliaceae - Fritillaria agrestis
Plants - Vascular	Fritillaria agrestis	stinkbells	PMLIL0V010	None	None	-	4.2	3812154	Sacramento East	Unprocessed	Plants - Vascular - Liliaceae - Fritillaria agrestis
Plants - Vascular	Hibiscus lasiocarpos var. occidentalis	woolly rose- mallow	PDMAL0H0R3	None	None	-	1B.2	3812144	Florin	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Malvaceae - Hibiscus Iasiocarpos var. occidentalis
Plants - Vascular	Hibiscus lasiocarpos var. occidentalis	woolly rose- mallow	PDMAL0H0R3	None	None		1B.2	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Malvaceae - Hibiscus lasiocarpos var. occidentalis
Plants - Vascular	Gratiola heterosepala	Boggs Lake hedge-hyssop	PDSCR0R060	None	Endangered		1B.2	3812142	Sloughhouse	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Plantaginaceae - Gratiola heterosepala
Plants - Vascular	Gratiola heterosepala	Boggs Lake hedge-hyssop	PDSCR0R060	None	Endangered	-	1B.2	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Plantaginaceae - Gratiola heterosepala
Plants - Vascular	Gratiola heterosepala	Boggs Lake hedge-hyssop	PDSCR0R060	None	Endangered	-	1B.2	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Plantaginaceae - Gratiola heterosepala
Plants - Vascular	Gratiola heterosepala	Boggs Lake hedge-hyssop	PDSCR0R060	None	Endangered	-	1B.2	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Plantaginaceae - Gratiola heterosepala
Plants - Vascular	Orcuttia tenuis	slender Orcutt grass	PMPOA4G050	Threatened	Endangered	-	1B.1	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Poaceae - Orcuttia tenuis
Plants - Vascular	Orcuttia tenuis	slender Orcutt grass	PMPOA4G050	Threatened	Endangered	-	1B.1	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Poaceae - Orcuttia tenuis
Plants - Vascular	Orcuttia viscida	Sacramento Orcutt grass	PMPOA4G070	Endangered	Endangered	-	1B.1	3812143	Elk Grove	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Poaceae - Orcuttia viscida
Plants - Vascular	Orcuttia viscida	Sacramento Orcutt grass	PMPOA4G070	Endangered	Endangered	-	1B.1	3812152	Buffalo Creek	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Poaceae - Orcuttia viscida
Plants - Vascular	Orcuttia viscida	Sacramento Orcutt grass	PMPOA4G070	Endangered	Endangered	-	18.1	3812153	Carmichael	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Poaceae - Orcuttia viscida
Plants - Vascular	Navarretia eriocephala	hoary navarretia	PDPLM0C060	None	None	-	4.3	3812143	Elk Grove	Unprocessed	Plants - Vascular - Polemoniaceae - Navarretia eriocephala
Plants - Vesculer	Limosella australis	Delta mudwort	PDSCR10050	None	None	-	2B.1	3812134	Bruceville	Mapped	Plants - Vascular - Scrophulariaceae - Limosella australis

Plant List

24 matches found. Click on scientific name for details

Search Criteria

Found in 9 Quads around 38121D3

Scientific Name	Common Name	Family	Lifeform	Rare Plant Rank	State Rank	Global Rank
Brasenia schreberi	watershield	Cabombaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	2B.3	S2	G5
Carex comosa	bristly sedge	Cyperaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	2B.1	S2	G5
<u>Centromadia parryi ssp.</u> rudis	Parry's rough tarplant	Asteraceae	annual herb	4.2	\$3,2	G3T3
<u>Cicuta maculata var.</u> bolanderi	Bolander's water- hemlock	Apiaceae	perennial herb	2B.1	S2	G5T3T4
Cuscuta obtusiflora var. glandulosa	Peruvian dodder	Convolvulaceae	annual vine (parasitic)	28.2	SH	G5T4T5
Downingia pusilla	dwarf downingia	Campanulaceae	annual herb	2B.2	S2	GU
Gratiola heterosepala	Boggs Lake hedge- hyssop	Plantaginaceae	annual herb	1B.2	S2	G2
Hesperevax caulescens	hogwallow starfish	Asteraceae	annual herb	4.2	S3.2	G3
Hibiscus lasiocarpos var. occidentalis	woolly rose-mallow	Malvaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	1B.2	S2	G5T2
Jugtans hindsii	Northern California black walnut	Juglandaceae	perennial deciduous tree	1B.1	S 1	G1
<u>Juncus leiospermus var.</u> <u>ahartii</u>	Ahart's dwarf rush	Juncaceae	annual herb	18.2	S 1	G2T1
Lasthenia ferrisiae	Ferris' goldfields	Asteraceae	annual herb	4.2	S3.2	G3
<u>Lathyrus jepsonii var.</u> jepsonii	Delta tule pea	Fabaceae	perennial herb	1B.2	S2	G5T2
Legenere limosa	legenere	Campanulaceae	annual herb	1B.1	S2	G2
<u>Lepidium latipes var.</u> heckardii	Heckard's pepper- grass	Brassicaceae	annual herb	1B.2	S2	G4T2
Lilaeopsis masonii	Mason's lilaeopsis	Apiaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	1B.1	S2	G2
Limosella australis	Delta mudwort	Scrophulariaceae	perennial stoloniferous herb	2B.1	S2	G4G5
Navarretia eriocephala	hoary navarretia	Polemoniaceae	annual herb	4.3	S3.3	G3
Orcuttia tenuis	slender Orcutt grass	Poaceae	annual herb	1B.1	S2	G2
Orcuttia viscida	Sacramento Orcutt grass	Poaceae	annual herb	1B.1	S 1	G1
Sagittaria sanfordii	Sanford's arrowhead	Alismataceae		1B.2	S 3	G3

			perennial rhizomatous herb			
Scutellaria galericulata	marsh skullcap	Lamiaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	2B.2	S2	G5
Scutellaria lateriflora	side-flowering skullcap	Lamiaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	2B.2	S1	G5
Trifolium hydrophilum	saline clover	Fabaceae	annual herb	1B.2	\$2	G2

Suggested Citation

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U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Sacramento Fish & Wildlife Office

Federal Endangered and Threatened Species that Occur in or may be Affected by Projects in the Counties and/or U.S.G.S. 7 1/2 Minute Quads you requested

Document Number: 141023111019

Current as of: October 23, 2014

Quad Lists

Listed Species Invertebrates Branchinecta conservatio Conservancy fairy shrimp (E) Branchinecta lynchi Critical habitat, vernal pool fairy shrimp (X) vernal pool fairy shrimp (T) Desmocerus californicus dimorphus Critical habitat, valley elderberry longhorn beetle (X) valley elderberry longhorn beetle (T) Lepidurus packardi Critical habitat, vernal pool tadpole shrimp (X) vernal pool tadpole shrimp (E) Fish. Acipenser medirostris green sturgeon (T) (NMFS) Hypomesus transpacificus Critical habitat, delta smelt (X) delta smelt (T) Oncorhynchus mykiss Central Valley steelhead (T) (NMFS) Critical habitat, Central Valley steelhead (X) (NMFS) Oncorhynchus tshawytscha Central Valley spring-run chinook salmon (T) (NMFS) Critical Habitat, Central Valley spring-run chinook (X) (NMFS) winter-run chinook salmon, Sacramento River (E) (NMFS) Amphibians Ambystoma californiense California tiger salamander, central population (T) Critical habitat, CA tiger salamander, central population (X) Rana dravtonii California red-legged frog (T) Reptiles Thamnophis gigas giant garter snake (T) Plants Castilleja campestris ssp. succulenta Critical habitat, succulent (=fleshy) owl's-clover (X) succulent (=fleshy) owl's-clover (T) Orcuttia tenuis

Critical habitat, slender Orcutt grass (X)

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slender Orcutt grass (T)
     Orcuttia viscida
           Critical habitat, Sacramento Orcutt grass (X)
           Sacramento Orcutt grass (E)
Quads Containing Listed, Proposed or Candidate Species:
SLOUGHHOUSE (495B)
CLAY (495C)
ELK GROVE (496A)
FLORIN (496B)
BRUCEVILLE (496C)
GALT (496D)
BUFFALO CREEK (511C)
SACRAMENTO EAST (512C)
CARMICHAEL (512D)
                                         County Lists
Sacramento County
Listed Species
Invertebrates
     Apodemia mormo langei
           Lange's metalmark butterfly (E)
     Branchinecta conservatio
           Conservancy fairy shrimp (E)
     Branchinecta lynchi
           Critical habitat, vernal pool fairy shrimp (X)
           vernal pool fairy shrimp (T)
     Desmocerus californicus dimorphus
           Critical habitat, valley elderberry longhorn beetle (X)
           valley elderberry longhorn beetle (T)
     Elaphrus viridis
           delta green ground beetle (T)
     Lepidurus packardi
           Critical habitat, vernal pool tadpole shrimp (X)
           vernal pool tadpole shrimp (E)
Fish
     Acipenser medirostris
           green sturgeon (T) (NMFS)
     Hypomesus transpacificus
           Critical habitat, delta smelt (X)
           delta smelt (T)
     Oncorhynchus mykiss
           Central Valley steelhead (T) (NMFS)
           Critical habitat, Central Valley steelhead (X) (NMFS)
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Oncorhynchus tshawytscha

Central Valley spring-run chinook salmon (T) (NMFS)
Critical Habitat, Central Valley spring-run chinook (X) (NMFS)
Critical habitat, winter-run chinook salmon (X) (NMFS)
winter-run chinook salmon, Sacramento River (E) (NMFS)

Amphibians

Ambystoma californiense

California tiger salamander, central population (T)
Critical habitat, CA tiger salamander, central population (X)

Rana draytonii
California red-legged frog (T)

Reptiles

Thamnophis gigas
giant garter snake (T)

Birds

Charadrius alexandrinus nivosus western snowy plover (T)

Rallus longirostris obsoletus California clapper rail (E)

Sternula antillarum (=Sterna, =albifrons) browni California least tern (E)

Vireo bellii pusillus Least Bell's vireo (E)

Mammals

Reithrodontomys raviventris salt marsh harvest mouse (E)

Sylvilagus bachmani riparius riparian brush rabbit (E)

Vulpes macrotis mutica
San Joaquin kit fox (E)

Plants

Arctostaphylos myrtifolia Ione manzanita (T)

Calystegia stebbinsii
Stebbins's morning-glory (E)

Castilleja campestris ssp. succulenta
Critical habitat, succulent (=fleshy) owl's-clover (X)
succulent (=fleshy) owl's-clover (T)

Ceanothus roderickii Pine Hill ceanothus (E) Cordylanthus mollis ssp. mollis soft bird's-beak (E) Cordylanthus palmatus palmate-bracted bird's-beak (E) Eriogonum apricum var. apricum Ione buckwheat (E) Eriogonum apricum var. prostratum Irish Hill buckwheat (E) Erysimum capitatum ssp. angustatum Contra Costa wallflower (E) Critical Habitat, Contra Costa wallflower (X) Fremontodendron californicum ssp. decumbens Pine Hill flannelbush (E) Galium californicum ssp. sierrae El Dorado bedstraw (E) Lasthenia conjugens Contra Costa goldfields (E) Neostapfia colusana Colusa grass (T) Oenothera deltoides ssp. howellii Antioch Dunes evening-primrose (E) Critical habitat, Antioch Dunes evening-primrose (X) Orcuttia tenuis Critical habitat, slender Orcutt grass (X) slender Orcutt grass (T) Orcuttia viscida Critical habitat, Sacramento Orcutt grass (X) Sacramento Orcutt grass (E) Senecio layneae Layne's butterweed (=ragwort) (T) Sidalcea keckii Keck's checker-mallow (=checkerbloom) (E)

Candidate Species Birds

Coccyzus americanus occidentalis Western yellow-billed cuckoo (C)

Key:

- (E) Endangered Listed as being in danger of extinction.
- (T) Threatened Listed as likely to become endangered within the foreseeable future.
- (P) Proposed Officially proposed in the Federal Register for listing as endangered or threatened.
- (NMFS) Species under the Jurisdiction of the <u>National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration Fisheries Service</u>. Consult with them directly about these species.
- Critical Habitat Area essential to the conservation of a species.
- (PX) Proposed Critical Habitat The species is already listed. Critical habitat is being proposed for it.
- (C) Candidate Candidate to become a proposed species.
- (V) Vacated by a court order. Not currently in effect. Being reviewed by the Service.
- (X) Critical Habitat designated for this species

Important Information About Your Species List

How We Make Species Lists

We store information about endangered and threatened species lists by U.S. Geological Survey 7½ minute quads. The United States is divided into these quads, which are about the size of San Francisco.

The animals on your species list are ones that occur within, **or may be affected by** projects within, the quads covered by the list.

- Fish and other aquatic species appear on your list if they are in the same watershed as your quad or if water use in your quad might affect them,
- Amphibians will be on the list for a quad or county if pesticides applied in that area may be carried to their habitat by air currents.
- Birds are shown regardless of whether they are resident or migratory. Relevant birds on the county list should be considered regardless of whether they appear on a quad list.

Plants

Any plants on your list are ones that have actually been observed in the area covered by the list. Plants may exist in an area without ever having been detected there. You can find out what's in the surrounding quads through the California Native Plant Society's online Inventory of Rare and Endangered Plants.

Surveying

Some of the species on your list may not be affected by your project. A trained biologist and/or botanist, familiar with the habitat requirements of the species on your list, should determine whether they or habitats suitable for them may be affected by your project. We recommend that your surveys include any proposed and candidate species on your list. See our <u>Protocol</u> and <u>Recovery Permits</u> pages.

For plant surveys, we recommend using the <u>Guidelines for Conducting and Reporting</u>
<u>Botanical Inventories</u>. The results of your surveys should be published in any environmental documents prepared for your project.

Your Responsibilities Under the Endangered Species Act

All animals identified as listed above are fully protected under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. Section 9 of the Act and its implementing regulations prohibit the take of a federally listed wildlife species. Take is defined by the Act as "to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect" any such animal.

Take may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding, or shelter (50 CFR §17.3).

Take incidental to an otherwise lawful activity may be authorized by one of two procedures:

- If a Federal agency is involved with the permitting, funding, or carrying out of a project that may result in take, then that agency must engage in a formal <u>consultation</u> with the Service.
 - During formal consultation, the Federal agency, the applicant and the Service work together to avoid or minimize the impact on listed species and their habitat. Such consultation would result in a biological opinion by the Service addressing the anticipated effect of the project on listed and proposed species. The opinion may authorize a limited level of incidental take.
- If no Federal agency is involved with the project, and federally listed species may be taken as part of the project, then you, the applicant, should apply for an incidental take permit. The Service may issue such a permit if you submit a satisfactory conservation plan for the species that would be affected by your project.
 - Should your survey determine that federally listed or proposed species occur in the area and are likely to be affected by the project, we recommend that you work with this office and the California Department of Fish and Game to develop a plan that minimizes the project's direct and indirect impacts to listed species and compensates for project-related loss of habitat. You should include the plan in any environmental documents you file.

Critical Habitat

When a species is listed as endangered or threatened, areas of habitat considered essential to its conservation may be designated as critical habitat. These areas may require special management considerations or protection. They provide needed space for growth and normal behavior; food, water, air, light, other nutritional or physiological requirements; cover or shelter; and sites for breeding, reproduction, rearing of offspring, germination or seed dispersal.

Although critical habitat may be designated on private or State lands, activities on these lands are not restricted unless there is Federal involvement in the activities or direct harm to listed wildlife.

If any species has proposed or designated critical habitat within a quad, there will be a separate line for this on the species list. Boundary descriptions of the critical habitat may be found in the Federal Register. The information is also reprinted in the Code of Federal Regulations (50 CFR 17.95). See our Map Room page.

Candidate Species

We recommend that you address impacts to candidate species. We put plants and animals on our candidate list when we have enough scientific information to eventually propose them for listing as threatened or endangered. By considering these species early in your planning process you may be able to avoid the problems that could develop if one of these candidates was listed before the end of your project.

Species of Concern

The Sacramento Fish & Wildlife Office no longer maintains a list of species of concern. However, various other agencies and organizations maintain lists of at-risk species. These lists provide essential information for land management planning and conservation efforts. More info

Wetlands

If your project will impact wetlands, riparian habitat, or other jurisdictional waters as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act and/or section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act, you will need to obtain a permit from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Impacts to wetland habitats require site specific mitigation and monitoring. For questions regarding wetlands, please contact Mark Littlefield of this office at (916) 414-6520.

Updates

Our database is constantly updated as species are proposed, listed and delisted. If you address proposed and candidate species in your planning, this should not be a problem. However, we recommend that you get an updated list every 90 days. That would be January 21, 2015.

Species Summary for 99 Cent Store, Elk Grove

18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Selentific Name	Commun Nume	Federal	State Status	CNPS Rare Plant Rank	Habitat	Habitat Present Absent	Impact Potential
therbery vatershield						Plents		
tricity weight tony strain weight tony strain the weight tony strain december of the strain the	Reasemen schreberr	vatershiekl	,	,	213.3	Freshvaler merskes and swamps. Hex; 98-7,218 (eet.) (20-2,200 m.) Blooms: Sure-September (CNPS 2014)	<	No effect, Sumble habitat net present,
remoperators Cartical Frobles (Section 1981) John Cartical Horizon, secretal finals (Section 1982) John Cartical Horizon, secretal finals (Section 1983) John Cartical Horizon, secretar finals (Section 1984) John Cartical Horizon, secretar finals (Section 1984) John Cartical Horizon, vanile per finals (John Vanile) John Cartical Horizon, vanile per finals (John		agbas vitsial		,	28.1	Marshes, swamps and lake margans. Elev; 0-2,031. Eed. (0-625 m.). Blooms: May-September (CMPS-2014).	<	No effect. Statishe habitat not present.
region vii. Regional vii. Regional Regist Jake helpe-th oseyn		eneration wets-clover Critical Hebrat, securiori wets- clover	K X	is:	- =	Acidic vernat pools, Elev. 164-2,461 ft (50-750m) Blooms: Apr-May (CNPS 2014	< <	No effect. Suinble habitat not present. No effect. Project site is not within or adjacent to a certical Justilat serie.
State of the chart	Centa mandana vat. bulanderi	Botander's water-hemiwek		,	28.1	Coastol, fresh or brackish marshes and swamps. Elev: 0-656 ft. (0-200 m.) Blooms. July-Sopy (CNPs. 2014)	٧	No effect, sunable habun not present
repression description of the control of the contro	t ascida obtasiflara var. glandalava	Peruvian dadder	,		218.2	Freshwater marshes and swamps. Elev. 49-919 ft. (15- 280 m.) Bioonis: July Oct. (CNPS 2014)	٧	No effect, Surtable Inbitut not present
18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Perenniga pasila	กรมเป็นพรมกับมะก	,		28.2	Vernal profs and reese valley and loviful grasslands [Bev; A-1,459 ft, CL-445 in.) Blooms, Mar-May (CNPS) 2014)	٧	No effect. Sutable habitat not present. No vernal prods and soil is well drained (NRCS 2014)
18.2 18.3 18.3	iratiolo heurosepula	मिल्ह्यूड हे और विश्वधिकां के अभू	x	SIĘ	18.2	Clay work in marshees, swampe, lake margins wod vernal prods. Elev. 33-7,702 ft. (30-2,375 m.) Blooms. April-August (3MPS 2014)	<	No effect. Sanable laubint not present
reportures reporter reportures reportur	Thisers lastocarpus var. occidentalis	woolly rose-mallow	•	,	B 2	Freshwater marshes and swirings. Effect 11:394-ft. (0-120 m.) Blooms: June September (CNPS 2014)	V	No effect. Suitable habitat not present
18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2 18.3	lagian's harten	Northern California black walnul			118.1	Riparran forestive, oddand. Teks; 0-1,444 feet (1-440 m.) Blowns: Apr-May (CNPS 2014)	٧	No effect, Soundle habital rest procept
tatport vis. Indiport vis. Indipor	howns lenesperanos var. ohoma	Abarts dwarfresh	•	•	19.2	Mesic valley and feathful grasslands Ellev; 98-751 ft 130-229 m i Bleoms: March-May (CNPS 2014)	٧	No effect. Project site (43 Red) is belon species elevation range. Soil is well durined (NIRC) 2014)
tagper var.	Latherne Jepsonn voc.	Delin tule pes	•	•	19.2	Freshwater and brackish marshes and swamps. Elev. θ 13 Ω (0-4 m.) Blooms. May-Sept (CNPS 2014)	٧	Na effect. Sutable habitat not present
tapper v.m. The control of the cont	Legerior lineses	क्रमध्यक	-	•	1.81	Vernal profs. 145v: 3-2,887 ff (1486) m) Booms. Apr. June (CNPS 20[4)	٧	. Hieser Statishe taibint not present.
the property of the property o	Lepedum lauper vor. heckarti	lleckad's proper-grass	x		IB.2	Akaline flats in valley and leveluit gansslunds. Elevi, 7 656 feet (2-200 m.) Broams: March-May (CNPS [20]4)	٧	Ne effect. Suttable souls not present (NRC)s
retrodor [Nela madacet decider Pacini gass FI Sij. 1B virtual Hibbar, dender Fecul X FI Sij. 1B virtual Hibbar, dender Fecul X FI Sij. 1B virtual Hibbar, Sermeters X FI Sij. 1B virtual Hibbar, Sermeters X FI Sij. Sij. virtual Hibbar, Sermeters X FI Sij. virtual post factor sating FI F	Litaeopsix maximi	Muson's lilucopsis	,	X.	<u>=</u>	Riperion serub, and franchish or Inchroneite marshes and sworings, Plex, 143 (L. (6-10 m.) Blaome: Apr- Nec (CNPS 2014)	<	Ne effect, Satiable Labitat not present.
Activity library, dealer (variation) Token form library, dealer form library, vernal pool ladent, value, electronic library, dealer form library, along the form library, and library, along the form library, and library, and library, along the form library, and lib	tannsetta emetreta	Petri madwar			238 1	Dauth mod banks in riperim worth, and freshwater or brackish marshes mak swampe. Blev (1-10) (10-3 m.). Histories (Am - Ang (CAMPA 2014)	<	Ne effect, Snitable inchitat not present
merch denical factor (National) and		dender i Senti pensi	Œ	38	181	Vernal pools, Elev. 115-5-774 ft (35-1780 m.)	<	No effect, Supable habitet net present
Total Tolyton, Sermoreto X Total Tolyton Statisty Y Total Tolyton Statisty H; Total Tolyton Statisty Statisty H; Total Tolyton Statisty Sta	Deagna tennis	Critical Habitat, dendes Creuti grass	×		•	Bleomy May 4 Sciober (CNPS 2014)	<	No effect, Project site is not within or adjacent to a entired babiliti unit
mersh skuliarp x rawshead		Saggamento Pacut grass	ŧ	38	118.1	Vernal pools. [dev; 98-328 (t. (30-100 m.) Blooms	<	No effect. Suitable Indigit not present.
mersh studient 219.2 mersh studient	Эксини учяна	Cheutt grass	×			Apr-Sep (UNF)s 211(4)	<	a craical bahatat und.
neresh skulkap 219.2 Interplata side-flowering skulkap - 219.2 Interplation share dower - 119.2 Oneservance flow shrimp FT - 119.2 Critical Internal, vernal pool fair, X - 119.2 Critical Internal, vernal pool fair, X - 119.2 Critical Internal, vernal pool fair, Servand	Signiana safendu	Santiura's arrow head			H 2	Asserted shallow reshwater marshes and swirths filter (F.2.) 13 ft. (F.6.9) m.) Blooms: May-Corober (CNPS 2014)	<	No effect, Sunable habiat not present
Integlata side-flowening skulteap Integlation states diver Armal pool fact, shiring Integlation states the shiring Integrated the shiring the shi	Senellaria gulenculata	mersh skulkap		1	29.2	Jawer minitaine conjuercus forest, mendewas seeps, mursines, and saamips, Edec (14,890 feet (0-2,100 m.) Blooms Jun-Sep (CNPS 2014)	<	No effect, Suitable bablist not present
onescrause, fare, shirip same poet line, shirip sales deterters longiburabente sales, edenters longiburabente sales, edenters longiburabente sales deterters sales	Sentellaria lacerfola	side-flowering skulkup			28.2	Marshes, swarps, meir mendaws and seeps. Flex; 0- 1,640 feet (U-Swi m.) Blooms; Jul-sep (CNPS, 2014)	<	No effect. Surable habitat net present
o onservance fore string vernal pool dary string Critical Infoat, vernal pool fairy Critical Infoat, vernal pool fairy variety vernal pool dary electron; kernal pool darye electron; kernal pool darye electron; cekand darye electron; x x x x cekand darye electron; x x x x	Trifoluot tyskephilitur		,	,	IB 2	transporter wamps, taley of tentini procuried (mestic, alkaline), and vernal profit Pley 0-004 ft (the 300m) Bloomer Apri-lune (CNPS 2014)	<	No effect, Stillede babilation present. Novemal pools and soil is nell diamort (NRCS 2014).
vernal pool sing skiling Critical Inhosa, vernal pool sing sales, edest serv. knythom beetle Grit cail Inhosa, valley elserberry knythem beetle Vernal pool halpske skiling vernal pool halpske skiling vernal pool shythy, venal pool knythy,	Praichinecia conservator	enservaney fare shrimp	#				<	Na effect. Sunable habitat net present
Critical Inhosa, vernet powl faire, calley, elderteern lengthem beetle Critical Inhosa, valley elderberry Neghern beetle Vernetal Food halpside during Vernetal powl halpside during Vernetal Powl Arthring Nechenth langer de shringe		vernal poort fain; shrimp	Ĭ.		i		٧	No effect, Suitable habitat ton present
solles edecterre longisteribente FT care denterre longisteribente Kirtient Habria, valley elektherry X care all prod ladyele eleting Fig. X care all prod ladyele eleting X X care all highest ethings.	Втандинст влер	Critical Habaut, vernet pesel fairs shrimp	×			Darributed throughout the Central Valley, including Secramento County (USFWS 2005)	<	No effect. Project are is not within or adjusting to a critical habitat and
Critical Indone, valley electronic X hoghers being the value of the va		valles, eldenteers kingborn beetle				Dependent on hostplant, elderherry (Sumbucus spp.). which generally graws in riparian woodlands and	<	No effect. Host plant not present sethin or schnere to project size.
ternal tool talpole strainp Central Indiana, vernal powi X A Rebanta balpole shrimp	Permusepure califormens fanosplars	Critical Hobital, valley elderberry longitum beetle	×	,		upland habitate of the Central Valley, Current darmbution in the Central Valley from Shasin County to Fresno County (1957-WS 1999)	<	No effect: Project site is not within an adjacent to a concert labeling with
	Lepuisma pickanis	terral pool tadpole shrimp Cetteral Hobbat, vernal pool tadpole shrimp	E ×			Wide veriety of ephemeral wetland habitus, including versal peels Destributed throughout Central Volley, and San Ferreico Bay area (UNFWS 2005)	< <	No effect. Suitable babilat not present. No effect. Project site is not within or adjacent to a critical laborat unit.
					1.0	Fish Entire coust of California Newsting occurs in		
green stuggern 77 38C	lenpenser bedinstra	และสักษุ และสั	F			Sectamento Kirce and Klassili Kirce (15)-WS 1990). Keanie waters, beyes, and estuaries during non- gravining season. Sjenymug hebut = keep ponik in lange, kubuleni, ficehvater meinsterne (NMFS 1905).	V	No effect. Sanable habial net present

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Scientific Nume	Commen Name	Federal	State Status	CNPS Rare Plant Rank	Habites	Habitat Preventi Absent	Impact Potential
	sela savelt	<u>.</u>	æ		Denthution includes the Sucramento River below falent, Sun Ausgain River below Monstelle, and Savinn Ray Sucramenta more meltiglish the Secrements	٧	No effect. Naturble habbins may present.
Іхрынечая чанура: (Асия	टासांद्रनी मिन्धाम, वेहीम smelt	×		14	River below. Separating treas national are set an instance the Separation of Advantage River water. Cookie Shough, the debt, and Montecums Shrugh (UMFWS 1995).	<	No effect. Project sate is not wathin or adjacent to a critical habitat unit.
सम्बद्धाः त्याप्रदेशः	river familyres	•	88C		Adults require clean, gas ells refles in permanent streams for spararing, while the animosoches require spararing he bekinder or estimate begins in which he bay, thereworker, where water quality is constituently high and lemperatures do not exceed \$25°C (Maje leet al)	<	Pio effect. Surable beloat net present
Winplanalm remayaletta	herfhand		Sec		Small to large streams in a low in indictication exervention. May also indiction in indiction in professed account instances in indiction in indiction to exerve the vector of the indiction in indiction in orange in orange in orange in orange in orange in indiction. The transfers the handland mission in orange it indiction the handland mission in orange it is on the indiction of the indiction of the indiction or in problems. Or if these the bedding area will repeat the bedding area will repeat the indiction or in these indictions in order in problems.	. <	do effect. Susiable haling not present.
не от в не дня тубах	Central Valley steelhand Central Habitat, Central Valley steelbood	ē ×			Spawning habini = gravel-battomed, fast-flowing. well-ow genated rivers and streams. Non-spawning = estuarine, marine waters (Bushy, 1996)		No effect. Suttable habitat not present. No effect. Project site is not within or adjacent to a ratical babitat unit
	Central Valley speng-run chinash satmon Cetical Habitat, Central Valley	75	12		Spawning habdatt = fast moving, freshvater stroums		No effect. Sutable babast mygresom. No effect. Fraget ste is not wikin or adjacent to
энгэн үнхэн захг	Sucramento Ricer Sucramento Ricer Chinook sulmon, Central Valley	E .	SI:		and rivers (ive-sile) tabilist blankish esturies. Nen-		No effect. Sutuble habitat net present.
torent were the factors of the facto	Secremento sobilari		1		Prefer slow-moving sections of freshwater rivers and sloughs Miret shundarn in Susum Bay and Mursh region 1 alreich sheerst from Sweenerms River except during severating (USPNS) 1955		No effect. Suitable habitation present
spermetur bedevektur	հորքնո smelt	FC			Addits and investies require self or bruckish estuary waters. Spawning takes place in fredwater over sandy gravel substrates, rocks, and equatic plants (Mayle et. al. 1995).		Ne effect. Sunable haftlat not present.
	California tiger salamander, ecrital ovendation	<u>i.</u>			Amphibiass Cecurs in grasslands of the Central Valley and onk savatrath communities in the Central vielles, the Sierra	<	No effect. Suitable habitat net treesoft.
tanategan senatesida	Critical Habitat, CA liger sulamander, ceatral population	. ×			Nevada and Coast ranges, and the San Francisco (b), ore bleets seasoned to sem-permanent withouts to reproduce, and terrestrial larbitat with active ground staterict or sewher barrows (Wolster 2010).		No effect, Project site is not within an edjacent to a critical habitat unit.
учен даласт	California nel-Egged Invg	<u>i.</u>	SSC		Found manity mear pearls in humal forests, woodlenable gravilands, coveral seriely, and determenistics with plant of the control for the contr	<	No effect. Suriable habitut mat present.
ipuonimi rook	western spankford	,	388.		Apen arona with enclosignically waits. Variable babening inclosing most woodlands, greatedneds, covered sugar exist, chaptered, sundy wather, lowlands, river freely family allowing another wather, lowlands river freely family allowing places, about lines, contains another measurements Bampools, which do not certain builtings, (34), of carry fifth are increasing for Preceding	<	No effect. Soil walten powiech me characterized as oil terms (NRC'S 2014). Breeding helysot not present.
fars nermonite	western pend turle		3,		Repiles remethes, and impation distributions creeks, mere thes, and impation distributions, with abundant receivers respectively and either mode; or musticle between so received by the confident, forest, and generated to streams, prefers the of whether waren it sign closes, control must, and exceptional for hosting. May enter beachists waster and or on seasonate. Found as elevations from sea level neavor 35000 (1,300 m) (basis 2013).	<	Na effect. Surable Jurbant nett present

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Species Summary for 99 Cent Store, Elk Grove

Scientific Name	Countries Name	Federal	State Status	CNPS Rare	H	Hahitat Present	ference Percentia
	giun gater stake	en e	ঠ		Marthus, shoughs, prietle, small lishes, low gradern streams, irrigation and drainage ocusuls, rice fields and their associated uptimits. Uptimal habitat should have harves are offer set or teacures authorities for standards in reside draining their dormancy period Possonialses in barech, Tangers in the Centeral Valley, from Butte County, to Barone Vedes Like in Kern County, Findermel in valley, how rechands (USS WZ 2012).	Absent A	Ne effect. Supake babina ne presan
					Back Nes in wellands or m dense vegetation men upen water. Deminant nesting substrates entials, hulmabes, blackberr, agreedtural silage. Nesting		
igelaus vicolos	mediated Masking	٠	ssc		way defined against reclears (lamilion 2004). Any feeting way well amilion 2004). Any feeting way well on the feeting and law lands west of the	<	No effect, Surable habital nut present
เกษกดไรสมเธ เกรษาเลานาก	grasskupper sparrow		SSC		CascadesZiterus Day, dense grasslends, especially three with a variety of grasses and full forbs and seatored stands for sugang perchas CDPW 2014b)	<	No effect. Suitable habitet net present Ginssland is comprosed of heavily prazed weeth annual species. Shrubs are absent
iqurla chervacion	ajžes uspiož	,	er.		Uncommen resolven and migrant throughout California, everyt center (Central Valley, Hohitasi Aryesalli rollong fortidils, mountain areas, superjentysi Dats, devert (CDF W 2014)	<	No effect. Sutable labinat not present.
their cunsalista	barawing and	,	88¢		Open, the expanses with short, sporse vegotation and drives struck, level to gentle opengraphy and well-drived only. Requires undergood humans are on title for execution and recording Con is erect, as written for present and rendered. On its erect, as written derives for present of humans upons labele. The humans upons labele, I the humans with a grand call verts of humans upons labele. The humans with a grand and vertices (CT)? We specifically and a vertices (CT)? We see that the property of the property	<	No effect, Soundle hubban not present. Western prantum of present site is barran compacted soil with no evising burrows. Fastern purities is demo-relatively will grassland.
Васт чканком	Swuinsen's ignk		ST		Nexts in stands with few trees in ripartan areas, jumpel sage flats, and ook savientable in the Central Valley. Franços in adaptorit pass/ands, agricultural fields and gestitess (CI)FW 2013-bb.	<	No effect. Statistic foregamp babean may be present however grassland area is small and adjacent to residence. Higher quality foregang prounds are adjacent to project.
Tearture vanvi	Paus's swift		38C		Prefers reducived and Douglass fir habitats with nest states in large bellow trees and snaps, expecially fall, burnt-out stabs (CLWW 2014s)	V	no other. Sutable belond not present
, irgin eyanen	buthum hares				Note on the general impatches of dense, tall suggistion in intollosable forest freed and incipe in someth of open birthers such as markes, such mediens, such as more of the growth of the such such as more of the such as most as most present, such more of the such as the such of a such as more of the such as more of the such as the s	< !	No effect. Nutuable listhiat not person.
жугил апетсаны и сыбанайх	western yeldow-billed enekw	÷	38.		Requires larga, dense tracts of riportan vocalinad with ball-developed industrients. Essent an identification troo of situals Prefets within, but will also not in overland object on stranger in Sacrameera Valley, Restricted it man dense situations dense situations of situation and british taking situations, sedimng bratefing sacras, (C.B.W. 2014b).	٧,	No effect. Smusik: Isdom nu presem.
illame lencarite	white-nifed late		FP		Uptonity nest in the types form of trees that may be (PE-fett), (34.255 m.) tall. These can be epen-country, rives provents in rectainen, or at the edge of or virtim is forest (Cornell 2013).	<	No effect. Sulable labint not present
irns canalensis emakusis	beser sundhill crane	,	S&C		in surmer, occurs in and near wet meadow, shallow lacustrine, and fresh emergen wellond habitus. In	<	Ne effect, Sustable babilar not present
irus conadensis labila	yeaker sandhill ceane	,	d#is		winter, frequents most croplonds with rac to cern stickle, und open, carregent wellands. Prefers feedless pints. Nests in remote pertitous of extensive wellands of sometimes shortgensy ratings (CLFW 2014s).	<	No effect. Suitside labiat tau present
vabracims exitis	knst bitern		SSC		Luge, freshwiter wellands with Jense emergeni vegetation (CDFW 2014b)	<	Ne effect. Suitable habitat not present
smus heliviteranes	keggerhend sterike		388		Breed in Studiblents or open wisedents with a fair amount of grass cover and areas of bore ground (Studiord 2008)	<	No effect. Suroble furbitst not present
Veloquza meladia	smp spiritive ("Mrdesto" population)	,	SSC		Tristans not written in relation, treat or suize ornergent wetland, when treatens. Break in proving hickory of willows, other shouls, venes, tall herbs, and fresh or saline energent vegetation (13)/W. 2014b)	<	No effect. Nersible liabitat net prusest
Progne whis	purple marisn	,	SSC		Woodland and forces habitors with numerous entiable med earlies, open air space above neet sites, and acradineet prey (Shafird 2008)	<	No effect. Startable habitat and present.

Species Summary for 99 Cent Store, Elk Grove

Scientiffe Name	Common Name	Federal Status	State Status Plant Rank	CNPS Rare Plant Rank	Hablist	Habilat Present/ Absent	Impact Potendal
					Riperian areas with surely, vertical bluffs or riverbanks. Also ness in earthen banks and bluffs, as		
Poperna riparia	hank swedime		ĸ		well as sand and gravel pass (CD):W 2014h)	<	No effect, Sumble hubitet two present.
Merrila antillarum					Nest and roost in collemes on open beaches, Innage ness where ocean waters and in shallow estuaries ad		
hyperen	California bessivern	#	SEVEP		Lapanes (USI-WS 2006)	<	No effect. Sutable habitat not present.
Yanhacephulux					Next in marshes with fall, emergent vegetation (e.g., tules and cataris) adjacent to deepwater (Shuford		
contiboce plants	vellow-handed blacklind	,	388		ZPORY	<	No effect. Suitable habitat not present.
					Mammuls		
					Kooding habitat includes locasts and woodings, often		
Lasinens blussewilla	western red hat		SSC		areas (CDFW 2014b)	<	No effect. Suitable inbitat not present.
					(Yeen struit, Avecs and berbacessus habitats with frinklid solls. Assentiated with Ireeless retaines, prairies, part.		Susserial standard alduras. Position
				in a	lands and cold desert areas. Range includes most of		however, densely urban surroundings preclude the
Transen natus	American badger		Sec		Second Carlownia, except the North Coast (CDFW 2014)		presence of the species
Surges: CDFB 2014a.	Sources: CDFB 2014a, CNPS 2014, USFBS 2014					_	

(18) Rate, Threatened, or Endangered in California and Elexybere. 2(B) Rate, Threatened, or Endangered in Cabifornia, But More Control Elexybere. Ke (X) Federally Designated Certical Habitat CNPS Rare Plant Rank Species of Special Concern Seriously threatened in California (0.2) Fairly threatened in Childornia (0.3) Not very threatened in Childorn Presumed Extinct in California State Candidate Finding Proposed Threatme FD) Federally Delisted

—— 2014b Cablemen Wildlie Tabban Rabinoships Nystem Life History. Accounts and Ronge More (confine edition). CTN:W Brogerspripte: Data Branch, Sucarmento, CA. Accessed Mey. 2014. Available as http://www.dig.ca.gov/bs.gov/pscachackswidine-agr-California Depertment of Fish and Wildrife (GDEW) 2014. California Natural Diversity Database – May 2014 epalate, CHFW Hopeographic Data Branch. Sternmento, CA.

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C. CULTURAL

CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT FOR THE 99 CENTS ONLY STORE PROJECT, CITY OF ELK GROVE, SACRAMENTO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

Prepared by

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Prepared for

PMC 2729 Prospect Park Drive, Suite 220 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670

November 2014 (Job #14-081)

INTRODUCTION

The 99 Cents Only store project area is located on the east side of Elk Grove Florin Road and the north side of Brown Road in Elk Grove, California (Figures 1 and 2).

The proposed project is requesting a General Plan Amendment, Rezone, and Design Review. The entitlements would allow the development of a 20,000± square-foot retail sales building with truck loading well and associated parking, landscaping, and asphalt drive aisles on 3.48 acres (Figure 3)

The project area is in the northwest ¼ of the northwest ¼ of Section 19, Township 7 North and Range 6 East, MDB&M, mapped on the Elk Grove 7.5' topographic quadrangle (Figure 4).

Melinda Peak served as principal investigator for the project, with Robert Gerry completing the field survey of the project area on November 15, 2014 (resumes, Appendix 1).

STATE REGULATIONS

State historic preservation regulations affecting this project include the statutes and guidelines contained in the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA; Public Resources Code sections 21083.2 and 21084.1 and sections 15064.5 and 15126.4 (b) of the CEQA Guidelines). CEQA Section 15064.5 requires that lead agencies determine whether projects may have a significant effect on archaeological and historical resources. Public Resources Code Section 21098.1 further cites: A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource is a project that may have a significant effect on the environment.

An "historical resource" includes, but is not limited to, any object, building, structure, site, area, place, record or manuscript that is historically or archaeologically significant (Public Resources Code section 5020.1).

Advice on procedures to identify such resources, evaluate their importance, and estimate potential effects is given in several agency publications such as the series produced by the Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR), CEQA and Archaeological Resources, 1994. The technical advice series produced by OPR strongly recommends that Native American concerns and the concerns of other interested persons and corporate entities, including, but not limited to, museums, historical commissions, associations and societies be solicited as part of the process of cultural resources inventory. In addition, California law protects Native American burials, skeletal remains, and associated grave goods regardless of the antiquity and provides for the sensitive treatment and disposition of those remains (California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5, California Public Resources Codes Sections 5097.94 et al).

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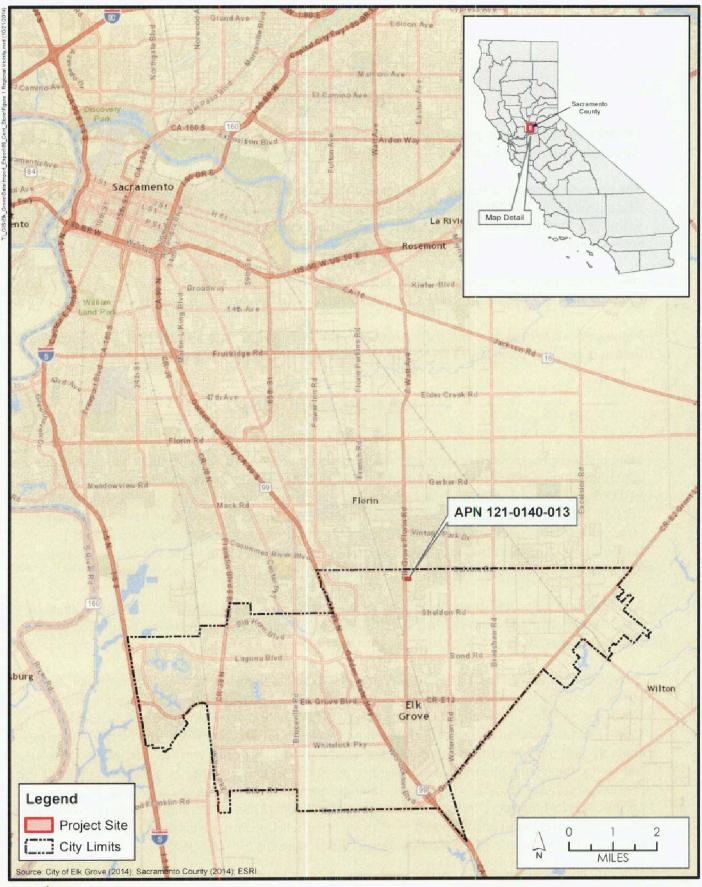




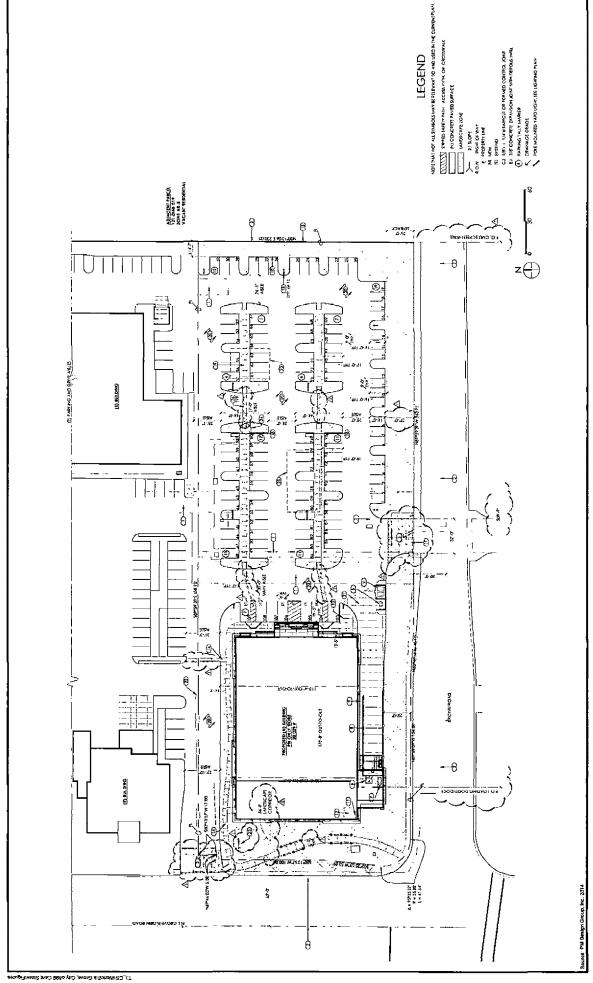
Figure 1
Regional Vicinity

Figure 2



City of Elk Grove Development Services

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City of Elk Grove Development Services

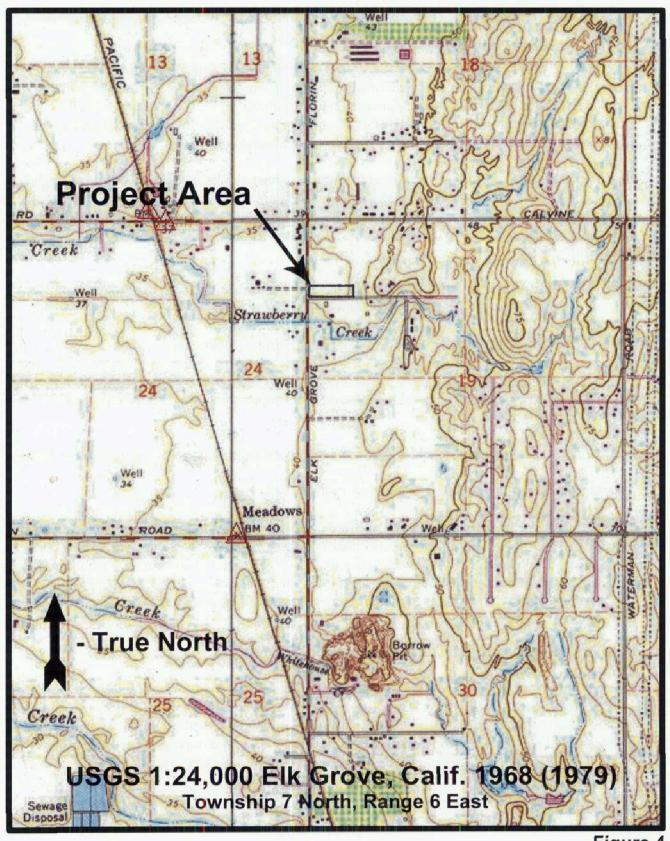


Figure 4

The California Register of Historical Resources (Public Resources Code Section 5020 et seq.)

The State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) maintains the California Register of Historical Resources (CRHR). Properties listed, or formally designated as eligible for listing, on the National Register of Historic Places are automatically listed on the CRHR, as are State Landmarks and Points of Interest. The CRHR also includes properties designated under local ordinances or identified through local historical resource surveys.

For the purposes of CEQA, an historical resource is a resource listed in, or determined eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources. When a project will impact a site, it needs to be determined whether the site is an historical resource. The criteria are set forth in Section 15064.5(a)(3) of the CEQA Guidelines, and are defined as any resource that does any of the following:

- A. Is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of California's history and cultural heritage;
- B. Is associated with the lives of persons important in our past;
- C. Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, region, or method of construction, or represents the work of an important creative individual, or possesses high artistic values; or
- D. Has yielded, or may be likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

In addition, the CEQA Guidelines, Section 15064.5(a)(4) states:

The fact that a resource is not listed in, or determined to be eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, not included in a local register of historical resources (pursuant to section 5020.1(k) of the Public Resources Code), or identified in an historical resources survey (meeting the criteria in section 5024.1(g) of the Public Resources Code) does not preclude a lead agency from determining that the resource may be an historical resource as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(j) or 5024.1.

California Health and Safety Code Sections 7050.5, 7051, And 7054

These sections collectively address the illegality of interference with human burial remains, as well as the disposition of Native American burials in archaeological sites. The law protects such remains from disturbance, vandalism, or inadvertent destruction, and establishes procedures to be implemented if Native American skeletal remains are discovered during construction of a project, including the treatment of remains prior to, during, and after evaluation, and reburial procedures.

California Public Resources Code Section 15064.5(e)

This law addresses the disposition of Native American burials in archaeological sites and protects such remains from disturbance, vandalism, or inadvertent destruction. The section establishes procedures to be implemented if Native American skeletal remains are discovered during construction of a project and establishes the Native American Heritage Commission as the entity responsible to resolve disputes regarding the disposition of such remains.

CULTURAL HISTORY

Archeological Background

The Sacramento Delta was one of the first regions in California to attract intensive archeological fieldwork. Between 1893 and 1901, avocational archeologist J. A. Barr excavated many prehistoric mounds in the Stockton area. He collected nearly 2000 artifacts during the course of his investigations. H. C. Meredith was another avocational archeologist of the period who pursued collecting in the same Stockton locality. Meredith (1899, 1900) did publish a compilation of his own and Barr's findings, and these appear to constitute the earliest accounts of Delta archeology. Holmes (1902), from the Smithsonian Institution, further elaborated on the Delta or "Stockton District" archeology, presenting illustrations of artifacts collected by Meredith and Barr.

It was Elmer J. Dawson who first recognized culture changes through time in delta archeology. Though he was an amateur archeologist, Dawson understood the necessity of keeping accurate notes on grave associations and provenience of artifacts. He collaborated with W. E. Schenck to produce an overview of northern San Joaquin Valley archeology (Schenck and Dawson 1929). The overview contained information on more than 90 prehistoric sites as well as data on previous collectors.

By 1931, the focus of archeological work was directed toward the Cosumnes River locality, where survey and exploration were conducted by Sacramento Junior College (Lillard and Purves 1936). Excavations, especially at the stratified Windmiller mound (CA-SAC-107), suggested three temporally distinct cultural traditions: Early, Transitional, and Late. Information grew as a result of excavations at other mounds in the Delta and lower Sacramento Valley by Sacramento Junior College and the University of California, Berkeley.

Previous investigations in the project region have focused upon very detailed archival research of Spanish sources (Bennyhoff 1977), and the archeological investigations at a number of small sites (Schulz et al. 1979; Schulz and Simons 1973; Soule 1976). A reexamination of earlier work has also been undertaken (Ragir 1972; Schulz 1981; Doran 1980). Several of the previously investigated sites probably represent satellite encampments or small villages associated with major villages.

The majority of the sites appear to be relatively late in time, and probably represent Plains Miwok. As mentioned above, the sites appear to be satellite encampments or small villages. The activities

they practiced are varied, but detailed studies on the faunal collection suggest seasonality of occupation and a focus on fish species other than the main channel varieties.

Writing the definitive summary of California archeology, Moratto (1984: 529-547) devoted an entire chapter to linguistic prehistory. For the Central Valley region, Moratto points out that some Early Horizon and Middle Horizon central California archeological sites appear at least in part, contemporaneous, based on existing radiocarbon dates. Cultural materials recovered from CA-SJO-68, an Early Horizon site, are thought to relate to date to 4350±250 B.P or 2350 B.C. On the other hand, a Middle Horizon component at CA-CCO-308 dates to 4450±400 B.P. or 2450 B.C. The antiquity of other Early and Middle Horizon sites demonstrate an overlap of the two horizons by a millennium or more.

One explanation proposes that the Middle Horizon represents an intrusion of ancestral Miwok speaking people into the lower Cosumnes, Mokelumne, and Sacramento River areas from the Bay Area. The Early Horizon may represent older Yokuts settlements or perhaps the speakers of an Utian language who were somehow replaced by a shift of population(s) from the bay.

Ethnological Background

The Eastern Miwok represent one of the two main divisions of the Miwokan subgroup of the Utian language family (Levy 1978:398). The Plains Miwok, one of five separate cultural and linguistic groups of the Eastern Miwok, occupied the lower reaches of the Mokelumne, Cosumnes and Sacramento Rivers including the area of south Sacramento County surrounding the project area. Linguistic studies and the application of a lexicostatistic model for language divergence suggest that Plains Miwok was a distinct linguistic entity for the last 2000 years (Levy 1970). This result led researchers such as Richard Levy (1978:398) to conclude that the Plains Miwok inhabited the Sacramento Delta for a considerable period of time.

The political organization of the Plains Miwok centered on the tribelet. Tribelets were comprised of 300 to 500 individuals (Levy 1978:410). Each tribelet was thought to control a specific area of resources and usually consisted of several villages or hamlets. Each tribelet also was divided along lineages. These lineages were apparently localized to a specific geographic setting and most likely represented a village site and their associated satellite sites where the seasonal collection of resources occurred (Levy 1978:398-399). Descent was reckoned through males. Each settlement apparently contained roughly 21 individuals according to data collected by Gifford (Cook 1955:35).

The diet of the Plains Miwok emphasized the collection of floral resources such as acorns, buckeye, digger pine nuts, seeds from the native grasses and various fresh greens. Faunal resources such as tule elk, pronghorn antelope, deer, jackrabbits, cottontails, beaver, gray squirrels, woodrats, quail and waterfowl were hunted. Fishing, particularly salmon and sturgeon, contributed significantly to the Plains Miwok diet (Levy 1978:402-403). The primary method of collecting fish was by nets, but the use of bone hooks, harpoons and obsidian-tipped spears is also known ethnographically (Levy 1978:404)

Both twined and coiled basketry were manufactured by the Eastern Miwok. The uses of baskets included the collection and storage of seeds, basketry cradles and gaming (Levy 1978:406). Tule

mats were also known to have been used by the Plains Miwok primarily as a floor covering. Other uses of tule included the manufacture of the tule balsa, a water craft in which native people navigated and exploited adjacent delta and major river systems.

Four main types of structures were known among the Eastern Miwok, depending on the environmental setting. In the mountains, the primary structure was a conical structure of bark slabs. At lower elevations the structures consisted of thatched structures, semi-subterranean earth-covered dwellings and two types of assembly houses used for ceremonial purposes (Levy 1978:408-409).

Bennyhoff (1977:11) characterized the Plains Miwok as intensive hunter-gatherers, with an emphasis upon gathering. The seasonal availability of floral resources defined the limits of the group's economic pursuits. Hunting and fishing subsistence pursuits apparently accommodated the given distribution of resources. The Plains Miwok territory covered six seasonally productive biotic communities and as such native people could apparently afford to pick and choose the resources they ranked highest from each of these zones. The subsequent storage of floral resources (such as acoms in granaries) allowed for a more stable use of the resource base (Bennyhoff 1977:10). The acom was apparently the subsistence base needed to provide an unusually productive environment as earlier non-acom using peoples who resided in the same geographic setting apparently suffered some seasonal deprivation (Schulz 1981). Such an emphasis upon the gathering of acoms is consistent with the population increase evident during the Upper Emergent Period in California (Doran 1980).

The study of piscine (fish) remains from both CA-SAC-65 (Schulz et al. 1979) and CA-SAC-145 (Schulz n.d.; Schulz and Simons 1973) indicates that small villages away from the major rivers appear to concentrate on the collection of piscine species (particularly the Sacramento perch) that inhabited slow-moving waters.

Historical Background

The project area lies a few miles north of the Sheldon and Daylor grant (Rancho Omochumnes). Both men were assistants of John Sutter, with Jared Sheldon becoming a naturalized citizen of Mexico to obtain a land grant. Sheldon was awarded the grant in 1841, but this grant proved defective and another was issued in 1844 (Hoover, Rensch and Rensch 1970:288). William Daylor oversaw ranch operations as Sheldon pursued several other business ventures.

One of the ventures, a grist mill near Sloughhouse, was the indirect cause of Sheldon's death in 1851. The dam that provided water to power the mill had been flooding out miners' claims on the Cosumnes River, so the miners demanded that Sheldon release the water. Sheldon refused, and built a small fort, installing a cannon to back up his refusal. The miners armed themselves and captured the fort. When Sheldon arrived with an armed party, a battle ensued in which Sheldon and two of his men were killed (Hoover, Rensch and Rensch 1970:290). Ironically, the dam washed out during a flood in the winter of the same year.

The name of Elk Grove was originally applied to a spot about a mile away from the eventual location of the town. James Hall built a hotel there in 1850 and named it after his home town in Missouri. This hotel burned down in 1857. The eventual site of Elk Grove was on the ranch of

Major James Buckner, who also built a hotel on the site in 1850. The hotel was owned successively by Buckner, Phineas Woodward, Mrs. Jared Erwin, and Nicholas Christophel (Davis 1890:243).

The site did not really become a town until after the railroad was constructed. A farmer named Everson saw potential commercial opportunities for a town at this location, but none of the residents, including Everson, had the money available to construct the necessary buildings. Everson persuaded the citizens to pool their money to form the Elk Grove Building Company in 1876. The profits from the first building, the Chittenden and Everson general merchandise store, fueled further construction which, in turn, brought in merchants from outside the area. Only four years later, the town boasted the original general store and one other, two hotels, a flouring mill, the railroad depot, a hardware store, a meat market, a furniture factory, two drug stores, a harness shop, a grain and hay warehouse, a dressmaking shop, two millinery shops, a boot shop, a wagon factory and a blacksmith (Thompson and West 1880:234). The town continued to grow, first as a commercial center for the farmers in the area and recently as a suburban residential zone for greater Sacramento.

RESEARCH

Records of previously recorded cultural resources and cultural resource investigations were examined by the North Central Information Center of the California Historical Resources Information System on November 12, 2014 (NCIC File No.: SAC-14-135, Appendix 2).

The project area had never been previously surveyed, and there are no resources recorded in the project area. The buildings currently present date to after 1980. For some reason, Elk Grove-Florin Road was recorded as a site in 1993, assigned CA-SAC-545H (P-34-700). Since it is a modern roadway, paved and widened beyond the original roadway, it is not a concern.

FIELD SURVEY

The property, APN 121-0140-013, is a 3.8 acre parcel lying on the northeast corner of the junction of Brown Road and Elk Grove - Florin Road. It is divided by a north-south fence into a western half that is devoid of almost all vegetation and an eastern half that is landscaped around the two buildings on the property. The grass had been recently cut at the time of the field inspection and ground visibility was excellent.

The project area was covered by linear transects spaced at ten meter intervals by Robert Gerry on November 5, 2014 (Figure 5). The only feature on the property other than the standing buildings was a pile of concrete rubble near the northeast corner of the property. This is clearly left over from construction of the shopping center that adjoins the property on the north. No sign of Native American occupation or use of the property was observed and no indications of Euro-American occupation prior to the modern day were present.

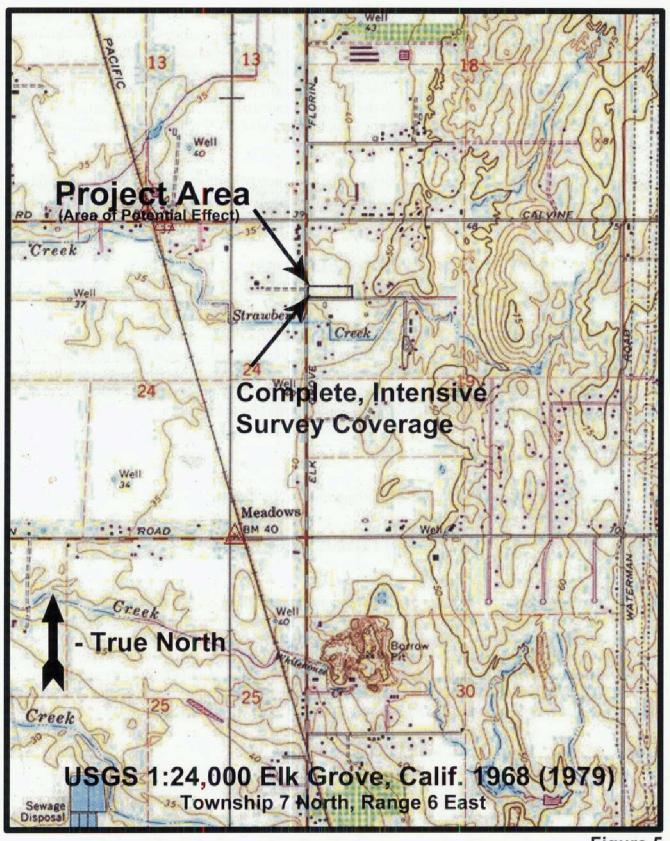


Figure 5

The residence on the property, 8945 Brown Road, is a narrow one story structure in a Minimal Traditional style. It is wood frame on a concrete slab with attached garage. Siding is vinyl wood-grained that looks like board-and-batten. The roof is a composite that looks like shingles. The windows are aluminum sliders. The county assessor places a construction date of 1972 on the building and this is consistent with the style and construction materials. The actual date may be later than that, since the Elk Grove topographic map with 1979 photorevisions shows no buildings present on the property.

To the east and a bit north of the residence is an even newer building that is all aluminum on a concrete slab. This appears to have housed a commercial venture at one time.

CONCLUSIONS

Prehistoric Period Resources

No evidence of prehistoric period resource has been found in or near the property. The Project site lies on a flat open plain, near a minor creek course. Campsites and villages would more likely be located near the larger, more reliable water sources such as the Cosumnes River. As a result, it is likely that the Native American inhabitants of the region used the Project site for collecting plant foods and for hunting, but such activities leave little physical evidence.

Historic Period Resources

The buildings present post-date 1979, and are modern buildings.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Although no prehistoric sites were found during the survey, there is a slight possibility that a site may exist and be totally obscured by vegetation, fill, or other historic activities, leaving no surface evidence. Should artifacts or unusual amounts of stone, bone, or shell be uncovered during construction activities, an archeologist should be consulted for on-the-spot evaluation of the finding. If the bone appears to be human, state law requires that the Sacramento County Coroner be contacted. If the Coroner determines that the bone is human and is most likely Native American in origin, he must contact the Native American Heritage Commission (916-322-7791).

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APPENDIX 1

Resumes

PEAK & ASSOCIATES, INC. RESUME

January 2014

MELINDA A. PEAK Senior Historian/Archeologist 3941 Park Drive, Suite 20 #329 El Dorado Hills, CA 95762 (916) 939-2405

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Ms. Peak has served as the principal investigator on a wide range of prehistoric and historic excavations throughout California. She has directed laboratory analyses of archeological materials, including the historic period. She has also conducted a wide variety of cultural resource assessments in California, including documentary research, field survey, Native American consultation and report preparation.

In addition, Ms. Peak has developed a second field of expertise in applied history, specializing in site-specific research for historic period resources. She is a registered professional historian and has completed a number of historical research projects for a wide variety of site types.

Through her education and experience, Ms. Peak meets the Secretary of Interior Standards for historian, architectural historian, prehistoric archeologist and historic archeologist.

EDUCATION

M.A. - History - California State University, Sacramento, 1989

Thesis: The Bellevue Mine: A Historical Resources Management Site Study in Plumas and Sierra Counties, California

B.A. - Anthropology - University of California, Berkeley

RECENT PROJECTS

Ms. Peak completed the cultural resource research and contributed to the text prepared for the DeSabla-Centerville PAD for the initial stage of the FERC relicensing. She also served cultural resource project manager for the FERC relicensing of the Beardsley-Donnells Project. For the South Feather Power Project and the Woodleaf-Palermo and Sly Creek Transmission Lines, her team completing the technical work for the project.

In recent months, Ms. Peak has completed several determinations of eligibility and effect documents in coordination with the Corps of Engineers for projects requiring federal permits, assessing the eligibility of a number of sites for the National Register of Historic Places. She has also completed historical research projects on a wide variety of topics for a number of projects including the development of navigation and landings on the Napa River, farmhouses dating to the 1860s, bridges, an early roadhouse, Folsom Darn and a section of an electric railway line. In recent

years, Ms. Peak has prepared a number of cultural resource overviews and predictive models for blocks of land proposed for future development for general and specific plans. She has been able to direct a number of surveys of these areas, allowing the model to be tested.

She served as principal investigator for the multi-phase Twelve Bridges Golf Club project in Placer County. She served as liaison with the various agencies, helped prepare the historic properties treatment plan, managed the various phases of test and data recovery excavations, and completed the final report on the analysis of the test phase excavations of a number of prehistoric sites. She is currently involved as the principal investigator for the Clover Valley Lakes project adjacent to Twelve Bridges in the City of Rocklin, coordinating contacts with Native Americans, the Corps of Engineers and the Office of Historic Preservation.

Ms. Peak has served as project manager for a number of major survey and excavation projects in recent years, including the many surveys and site definition excavations for the 172-mile-long Pacific Pipeline proposed for construction in Santa Barbara, Ventura and Los Angeles counties. She also completed an archival study in the City of Los Angeles for the project. She also served as principal investigator for a major coaxial cable removal project for AT&T.

Additionally, she completed a number of small surveys, served as a construction monitor at several urban sites, and conducted emergency recovery excavations for sites found during monitoring. She has directed the excavations of several historic complexes in Sacramento, Placer and El Dorado Counties.

Ms. Peak is the author of a chapter and two sections of a published history (1999) of Sacramento County, Sacramento: Gold Rush Legacy, Metropolitan Legacy. She served as the consultant for a children's book on California, published by Capstone Press in 2003 in the land of Liberty series.

PEAK & ASSOCIATES, INC. RESUME

ROBERT A. GERRY Senior Archeologist 3941 Park Drive, Suite 20, #329 El Dorado Hills, CA 95762 (916) 939-2405 January 2014

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Mr. Gerry has forty years of extensive experience in both the public and private sectors. He has directed all types of cultural resource-related projects, including field survey, test excavations, data recovery programs, intensive archival research, cultural resource management and monitoring. He has completed archeological work in most cultural areas of California and in the western Great Basin.

EDUCATION

Graduate studies - Anthropology - California State University, Sacramento B.A. - Anthropology - University of Illinois, Chicago Circle

RECENT PROJECTS

Mr. Gerry was field director for a cultural resources survey of the Diamond Valley Project in Alpine County, California. The project involved an overview and survey of an extensive plan area, recording and evaluation of resources and presenting the results to local Native Americans and helping to conduct a field tour with them. He also directed field survey of the Van Vleck Ranch, a large property in Sacramento County being put into a conservation easement. He has conducted surveys throughout California related to low income housing development.

He was field director and primary report writer on several linear surveys of considerable length-including the San Joaquin Valley Pipeline (157 miles) for Shell Oil, the Point Arena-Dunnigan fiber optic cable (137 miles) and the Medford, Oregon, to Redding, California fiber optic cable (151 miles), the Oregon and Idaho portions of the Spokane to Boise fiber optic cable, and the San Bernardino to San Diego fiber optic cable, for American Telephone & Telegraph Company. He also assisted on the 170 mile Pacific Pipeline survey on the southern coast of California and conducted several surveys of water pipelines in Riverside County for Eastern Municipal Water District: La Sierra pipeline, Perris Valley, Pico Rivera, Temecula, San Jacinto and their entire recycled water project. Follow-up projects involved well sites, pump stations and other infrastructure improvements.

Mr. Gerry supervised the cultural resources assessments and participated in all field surveys for the studies of water supply facilities for seven wildlife refuges in the Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys. He has also developed a specialty in bridge replacement evaluations, completing five such studies in Tuolumne County, two in Santa Barbara County, two in Amador County and ten others in various areas of California.

Mr. Gerry has had extensive experience in the recording and evaluation of mining sites in northern California and Nevada for proposed mining undertakings as well as in the course of survey for proposed subdivisions, reservoirs, and other development projects.

Mr. Gerry has directed test excavations for evaluation of significance at a number of sites, both historic and prehistoric. Examples include CA-NAP-261, twelve sites on Naval Petroleum Reserve No. 1, three sites on Russell Ranch in Sacramento County, a midden site near Guinda and a village known through ethnographic literature in Murphys. He conducted test excavations at a known village site adjacent to a quarry in Yolo County to insure it would not be impacted by expanded quarrying.

In the field of historical resources, Mr. Gerry has prepared site records and significance evaluations for numerous historical buildings throughout California. The bulk of these have been single family residences, but industrial, commercial and multi-family residences were also included. He has also directed excavations for evaluation of historical archeological potential and monitored construction work in areas of known historical sensitivity.

APPENDIX 2

Records Search

California Historical Resources Information System



AMADOR EL DORADO NEVADA PLACER SACRAMENTO YUBA California State University, Sacramento 6000 J Street, Folsom Hall, Suite 2042 Sacramento, California 95819-6100 phone: (916) 278-6217 fax: (916) 278-5162 email: noto@csus edu

11/12/2014

NCIC File No.: SAC-14-135

Robert A Gerry Peak & Associates 3941 Park Drive, Suite 20-329 El Dorado Hills, CA 95762

Re: 99 Cent Only Store

The North Central Information Center received your record search request for the project area referenced above, located on the Elk Grove USGS 7.5' quad. The following reflects the results of the records search for the project area and a 1/8-mile radius:

As indicated on the data request form, the locations of resources are provided in the following format: ☑ custom GIS maps ☐ shapefiles ☐ hand-drawn maps Resources within search area: P-34-700 Reports within search area: none Resource Database Printout (list): ⊠ enclosed □ not requested □ nothing listed Resource Database Printout (details): ☐ enclosed ☐ not requested ☐ nothing listed Resource Digital Database Records: ☐ enclosed ☒ not requested ☐ nothing listed Report Database Printout (list): ☐ enclosed ☐ not requested ☒ nothing listed Report Database Printout (details): ☐ enclosed ☐ not requested ☐ nothing listed Report Digital Database Records: ☐ enclosed ☒ not requested ☐ nothing listed Resource Record Copies: ☑ enclosed ☐ not requested ☐ nothing listed Report Copies: ☐ enclosed ☒ not requested ☐ nothing listed

OHP Historic Properties Directory:	□ enclosed	☐ not requested	⊠ nothing listed
Archaeological Determinations of Eligibility:	□ enclosed	☐ not requested	⊠ nothing listed
CA Inventory of Historic Resources (1976):	\square enclosed	not requested	⊠ nothing listed
<u>Caltrans Bridge Survey:</u>	\square enclosed	□ not requested	\square nothing listed
Ethnographic Information:	\square enclosed	□ not requested	\square nothing listed
Historical Literature:	□ enclosed	□ not requested	\square nothing listed
Historical Maps:	⊠ enclosed	□ not requested	☐ nothing listed
Local Inventories:	\square enclosed	⊠ not requested	\square nothing listed
GLO and/or Rancho Plat Maps:	⊠ enclosed	☐ not requested	☐ nothing listed
Shipwreck Inventory:	□ enclosed	☑ not requested	□ nothing listed
Soil Survey Maps:	□ enclosed	☑ not requested	☐ nothing listed

Please forward a copy of any resulting reports from this project to the office as soon as possible. Due to the sensitive nature of archaeological site location data, we ask that you do not include resource location maps and resource location descriptions in your report if the report is for public distribution. If you have any questions regarding the results presented herein, please contact the office at the phone number listed above.

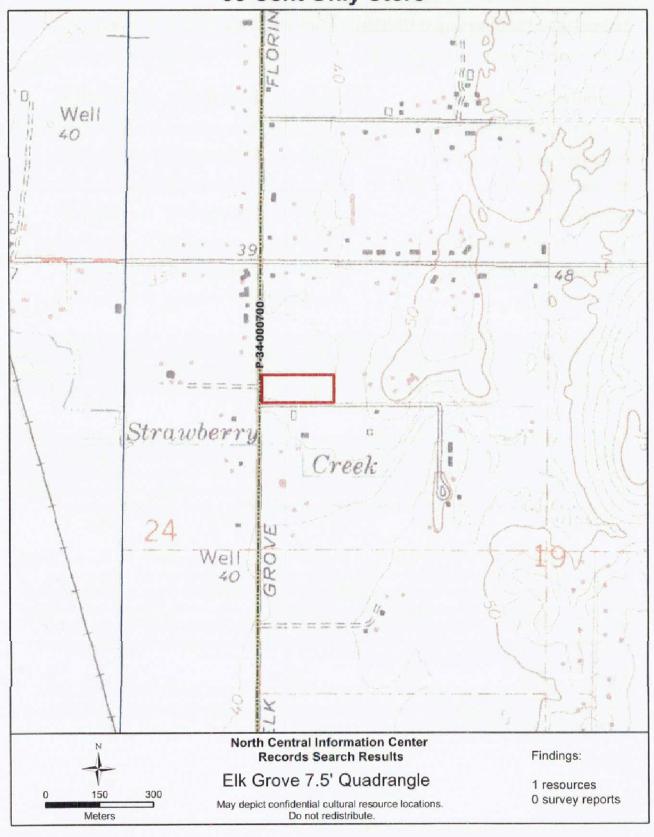
The provision of CHRIS Data via this records search response does not in any way constitute public disclosure of records otherwise exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act or any other law, including, but not limited to, records related to archeological site information maintained by or on behalf of, or in the possession of, the State of California, Department of Parks and Recreation, State Historic Preservation Officer, Office of Historic Preservation, or the State Historical Resources Commission.

Due to processing delays and other factors, not all of the historical resource reports and resource records that have been submitted to the Office of Historic Preservation are available via this records search. Additional information may be available through the federal, state, and local agencies that produced or paid for historical resource management work in the search area. Additionally, Native American tribes have historical resource information not in the California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS) Inventory, and you should contact the California Native American Heritage Commission for information on local/regional tribal contacts.

Should you require any additional information for the above referenced project, reference the record search number listed above when making inquiries. Requests made after initial invoicing will result in the preparation of a separate invoice.

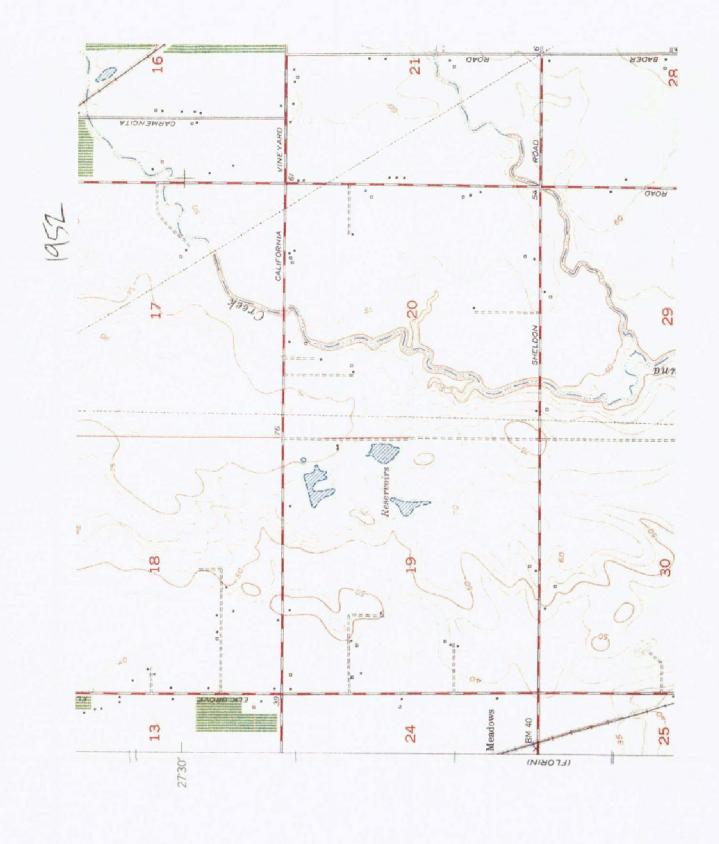
Sincerely,

Nathan Hallam Coordinator, North Central Information Center 99 Cent Only Store



Resource List

Reports	002977, 009989
Recorded by	1993 (Eleanor Derr, Rick Derr, Cultural Resources Unlimited); 2005 (MR Bowen, Jones and Stokes)
Attribute codes	AH07 (Roads/traits/railroad grades)
Age	Historic
Type	Site
Other IDs	p-34-000700 CA-SAC-000545H Resource Name - Elk Grove- Florin Road; Other - CRU-93- SAC-21H
Trinomial	CA-SAC-000545H
Primary No. Trinomial	P-34-000700



D. GREENHOUSE GASES

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod 2013.2.2

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Date: 10/23/2014 12:09 PM

99 Cent Store

Sacramento County, Annual

1.0 Project Characteristics

1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
Parking Lot 109.00	i	Space	86.0	43,600.00	0
Free-Standing Discount Store	20.03	1000sqft 0.46 20,029.00	0.46	20,029.00	

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

Urbanization	Urban	Wind Speed (m/s)	3.5	Precipitation Freq (Days)	58
Climate Zone	9			Operational Year	2016
Utility Company	Sacramento Municipal U	Jtility District			
CO2 Intensity (lb/MWhr)	590.31	CH4 Intensity (Ib/MWhr)	0.029	N2O Intensity (Ib/MWhr)	0.006

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Project Characteristics -

Land Use -

Construction Phase - Building construction, paving, and painting assumed to occur simultaneously

Grading - Project site = 3.48 acres total

Vehicle Trips - Trip generation per Initial Study Subsection 16

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - Tier 3 engine mitigation

Energy Mitigation -

Water Mitigation -

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00.0	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00'0	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	2.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00'0	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00.0	1,00
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tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	00.0	2.00
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tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
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tblConstEquipMitigation	Tight.	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	10 L	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstructionPhase	NumDays	10.00	200.00
tblConstructionPhase	NumDays	10.00	200.00
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	8/18/2016	11/12/2015
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	8/18/2016	11/12/2015
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseStartDate	11/13/2015	2/6/2015
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseStartDate	11/13/2015	2/6/2015
tblGrading	AcresOfGrading	1.50	2.48

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20,030.00	2014	1 1 1 1 1	56.36	57.24
LandUseSquareFeet	OperationalYear)) ; 6 ¢	SU_TR	WD_TR
tblLandUse	tblProjectCharacteristics	tblVehicleTrips	tblVehicleTrips	tblVehicleTrips

2.0 Emissions Summary

Date: 10/23/2014 12:09 PM

2.1 Overall Construction

Unmitigated Construction

CH4 N20 CO2e	tonstyr	862 0.0000 392.1049	0.0862 0.0000 392.1049	
		10 390.2940 0.0862	390.2940 390.2940 0.0	
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 390.2940 390.2940	0.0000 390.294	
PM2.5 Total		0.2711	0.2711	
Exhaust PM2.5		0.2529	0.2529	
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0181	0.0181	
t PM10 Total			5 0,3191	6 0.3191
Exhaust PM10		3 1 0.2655	0.2655	
Fugitive PM10		e- i 0.0536	e- 0.0536	
802		17 4.4600 003	3.0397 4.4600e- 003	
00		2 3.039		
G NOX		96 4.060	0.7296 4.0602	
ROG		0.72	0.72	
	Year	2015	Total	

Mitigated Construction

CO2e		392.1045	392.1045			
N20		0.0000	0.0000			
CH4	MT/yr	0.0862	0.0862			
Total CO2		MT	M	M	390.2936	390.2936
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 390.2936 390.2936	390.2936 390.2936			
Bio- CO2		00000	0.0000			
PM2.5 Totat		0.1706	0.1706			
Exhaust PM2.5	tons/yr	0.1524	0.1524			
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0181	0.0181			
PM10 Total		0.2062	0.2062			
Exhaust PM10		0.1526	0.1526			
Fugitive PM10		0.0536	0.0536			
S02		0.4750 2.3062 3.0795 4.4600e 0.0536 0.0536	3.0795 4.4600e- 003			
00		3.0795				
×ON		2.3062	2.3062			
ROG		0.4750	0.4750			
	Year	2015	Total			

		<u> </u>
COZe		0.00
NZO		00'0
CH4		0.00
Total CO2		0.00
NBio-CO2		00.0
Bio- CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2		0.00
PM2.5	10128	37.07
Exhaust	FM2.3	39.73
Fugitive		0.00
PM10	I OLS	35.38
Exhaust		42.53
Fugitive	2	0.00
205		00:0
8		-1.31
NOX		43.20
ROG		34.90
		Percent Reduction

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2.2 Overall Operational

Unmitigated Operational

		_	,				
COZe		3.3900e- 003	86.2406	472.5504	39,1865	3.7602	601.7410
NZO		0000:0	9.20d0e- 004	0.0000	0.0000	1.1700e- 003	2.0900e- 003
CH4	γγε	1.0000e- 005	4.0400e- 003	0.0230	1.0334	1.9500e- 003	1.0624
Total CO2	MT/yr	3.2000e- 003	85.8700	472.0665	17.4856	3.3566	578.7818
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		3.2000e- 003	85.8700	472.0665	0.0000	2.8316	560.7713
Bio- CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.000.0	17.4856	0.5249	18.0106
PM2.5 Total		1.0000e- 005	4.2000e- 004	0.1171	0.0000	0.0000	0.1176
Exhaust PM2.5		1.0000e- 005	4.2000e-	8.6400e- 003	0,000	0.0000	9.0700e- 003
Fugitive PM2.5			;]]]]] []	0.1085			0.1085
PM10 Total		1.0000e- 005	4.2000e- 004	0.4144	0.0000	0.0000	0.4148
Exhaust PM10	JÁ/SL	1.000 00. 005	4.2000e- 004	9.4000e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	9.8300e- 003
Fugitive PM10	tons			0.4050			0.4050
s02		0000'0	3.0000e- 005	6.0100e- (6.0400e- 003
00		1.6900e- 003	1.6600e 003	4.0914			4.0978
NOX		0000 e 005	5500e 003	0.7708			0.7763
ROG		0.2635	6,1000e- 5. 004	0.5127			6922.0
	Category		Energy	Mobile	Waste	Water	Total

Date: 10/23/2014 12:09 PM

2.2 Overall Operational

Mitigated Operational

			z		ı		
CO2e		3.3900e- 003	82.2642	472.5504	39.1865	3.7086	597.7130
N20		0.000.0	8.8000e- 004	0.0000	0.0000	1.1700e- 003	2.0500e- 003
CH4	۸۲	1.0000e- 005	3.8700e- 003	0.0230	1.0334	1.9500e- 003	1.0622
Total CO2	MTA	3.2000e- 003	81.9115	472.0665	17.4856	3.3046	574.7714
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		3.2000e- 003	81.9115	472.0665	0.000.0	2.7797	556,7609
Bio- CO2	O S	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000	17.4856	0.5249	18.0106
PM2.5 Total	1	1.0000e- 005	3.7000e- 004	0.1171	0.000	0.000.0	0.1175
Exhaust PM2.5		1,0000e- 005	3.7000e- 004	8.6400e-	0.000.0	0.000.0	9.0200e- 003
Fugitive PM2.5				0.1085			0.1085
PM10 Total		1.0000e- 005	3.7000e- 004	0.4144	0.000.0	0.000.0	0.4148
Exhaust PM10	ılyr	1,0000e-	3.7000e- 004	9.4000e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	9.7800e- 003
Fugitive PM10	tons/yr		fr 	0.4050	ř * 		0.4050
802		0.0000	3.0000e- 005	6.0100e- 003	r 		6.0400e- 003
00		2.0000e- 1.6900e- 005 003	4.0800	4.0914	#	,	4.0972
NOX		2.0000e- 005	4,8500e-	0.7708	 	 	0.7756
ROG		0.2635	5.3000e- 4.8500e- 004 003	0.5127		r 	0.7768
	Category	Area	.	Mobile	Waste	Water	Total

CD2e	0.67
N20	1.91
CH4	0.02
Total CO2	69.0
Bio- CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2	0.72
Bio- CO2	00:00
PM2.5 Total	0.04
Exhaust PM2.5	0.55
Fugitive PM2.5	00.0
PM10 Total	0.01
Exhaust PM10	0.51
Fugitive PM10	00'0
s02	00'0
00	10.0
NOX	60.0
ROG	10'0
	Percent Reduction

3.0 Construction Detail

Construction Phase

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Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description
	Site Preparation	Site Preparation	1/29/2015	1/30/2015	5	2	
; ; ; ; ;	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	Grading	ŧ • t	2/5/2015	5	4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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! ! !	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	2/6/2015	11/12/2015	5	200	1

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 1

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 2.48

Acres of Paving: 0

Residential Indoor: 0; Residential Outdoor: 0; Non-Residential Indoor: 32,006; Non-Residential Outdoor: 10,669 (Architectural Coating - sqft)

OffRoad Equipment

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
	Graders	Ţ.	8.00	174	0.41
•	Rubber Tired Dozers	(? ? ? ? ? ! !]]]]]]]]]]]]]	7.00	255	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes		8.00	76	0.37
• :	Graders		00.9	174	0.41
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers		00.9	255	0.40
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	-	7.00	1.6	0.37
Building Construction	Cranes		6.00	226	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts		9	88	0.20
;	Generator Sets		8.00	84	0.74
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes		900.9	126	0.37
Building Construction	Welders	(r)	8 00	46	0.45
Paving	Cement and Mortar Mixers		9	10	0.56
Paving	Pavers		00.9	125;	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment		8.00	130	0.36
Paving	Rollers		7.00	80	0.38
Paving	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	-	8.00	126	0.37
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors		00.9	78,	0.48

Trips and VMT

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Worker Trip Count Number		Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Hauling Trip Worker Vehicle Length Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Site Preparation	3:	8.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.50		20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	ННОТ
Grading	E	8.00	00.00	0.00	10.00	6.50]]]]]	20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction		25.00	10.00	00.0	10.00	6.50	1 1 1 (20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving		13.00	00.0	0.00	10.00	6.50	1 1 1	20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating		5.00	00.0	00.0	10:00	6.50		20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT

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3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction

Use Cleaner Engines for Construction Equipment

3.2 Site Preparation - 2015 Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	ŇON	00	802	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	CH4	NZO	CO2e
Category				:	tons/yr	λγι							MTiyr	γr		
Fugitive Dust					5.8000e- 1	0.000.0	5.8000e- 2.9 003	2.9500e- 0. 003	0000		0.0000	0,000	0.0000	0,0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	2.5400e- (0.0269	0.0170 2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1.4700e- 003	1.4700e- 003		1.3500e- 003	1.3500e- 003	0,000	1.6345	1.6345	4.9000e- 004	0.0000	1.6448
Total	2.5400e- 003	0.0269	0.0170	0.0170 2.0000e- 5.8000e- 005 003	5.8000e- 003	- 1,4700e- 003	7.2700e- 003	2.9500e- 003	1.3500e- 003	4.3000e- 003	0.0000	1.6345	1.6345	4.9000e- 004	0.000	1.6448

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e		0.0000	0,0000	0.0545	0.0545
N2O		0:0000	0.0000	0.000	0.0000
CH4	λr	0.000.0	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000
Total CO2	MTlyr		0.000.0	0.0544	0.0544
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0544	0.0544
Bio- CO2		0.0000	0.000.0	0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total			0.000.0	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM2.5		00000'0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM2.5		0:000 0:0000 0:0000	0.0000	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e+ 005
PM10 Total		0.000.0	0.0000	6.0000e- 2 005	6.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM10	tons	0.000	0.0000	6.0000e- 005	6.0000e- 005
S02		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
00		0.0000	0.0000	3.8000e- 004	3.8000e- 004
XÔN NO		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	4.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 4.0000e- 3.8000e- 005 005
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	3.0000e- 4.0000e- 3.8000e- 005 005 004	3.0000e- 005
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.2 Site Preparation - 2015 Mitigated Construction On-Site

CO2e		0.0000	1.6448	1.6448
NZO		0000	0.000.0	0.0000
CH4	ا ا	0.000.0	4.9000e- 0	4.9000e- 004
Total CO2	MTlyr	0.000.0	1.6345	1.6345 4.9000e- 004
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.000	1.6345	1.6345
Bio- CO2		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0.0000 2.9500e-	4.0000e- 004	3.3500e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		0,000.0	4.0000e- 004	4.0000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		2.9500e- 003		3500e- 003
PIM10 Total		5,8000e- 12,9500e- 003 003	4.0000e- 004	6.200
Exhaust PM10	ons/yr	0.0000	4.0000e- 1.4. 004	4.0000e- 004
Fugitive PM10	tons	5.8000e- 003		5.8000e- 003
802			2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005
00			0.0111	0.0111
×ON.			8.3100e- 003	4.2000e- 8.3100e- 0.0111 2.0000e- 0.04 003
ROG			4,2000e- 8,3100e- 0,0111 004 003	4.2000e- 004
	Category		Off-Road	Total

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

CH4 N2O CO2e		0.0000	0.0000 0.0000	0.0000 0.0000 0.0545	0.0000 0.0000 0.0545
NBio- CO2 Total CO2 C	MTiyr	0:0000	0.0000 0.0000	0.0544	0.0544
Bío- CO2 NBio- CO		0,0000 0,0000	0.0000	0.0000 0.0544	0.0000 0.0544
PM2.5 Bio- Total		0000.0	0.000.0	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005
PM10 Total			0.0000		6.0000e- 2.
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr		0.0000	~ 0.000a	0.0000
Fugitive PM10	•	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	6.0000e- 005	6.0000e- 005
805		0.0000	0.0000	e- 0.0000 6.	e- 0.0000
ပ		0.000(0.0000 0.0000	e- 3.8000e- 0. 004	e- 3,8000e- 0,1
Ŏ		0.0000	000	9000	e- 4.0000e- 005
ROG			0.0000	3.0000e- 4.0 005	3.0000e- 4.0
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.3 Grading - 2015

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

coze		00000	2.7017	2.7017
N20			0.0000	0.0000
CH4	yr	0.0000 0.0000	8.0000e- 004	8.0000e- 004
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	2.6849	2.6849
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 0.0000.0	2.6849	2.6849
Bio- CO2		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		5,1100e- 003	2.2000e- 003	7,3100e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	2.2000e- 003	2.2000e- 003
Fugitive PM2.5		.1100e- 003		5.1100e- 003
PM10 Total		0.0104	2.3900e- 003	0.0127
Exhaust PM10	ons/yr	0.0000	2.3900e- 2.3 003	2.3900e- 003
Fugitive PM10	tons	0.0104		0.0104
802			3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005
00			0.0282	0.0282
NOx			0.0439	0.0439
ROG			4.1300e- 003	4.1300e- 003
	Category	72	Off-Road	Total

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

		r	,	i	
C02e		0.0000	0.0000	0.1090	0.1090
N20		0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	MTyr	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 0
Total CO2	M	0.000.0	0.0000	0.1089	0.1089
NBio- CO2 Total CO2	:	0.000 0.0000	0.000	0.1089	0.1089
Bio- CO2		0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total		0.000.0	0.0000	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005
PIM10 Total		0.000	0.0000	1.2000e- 004	1.2000e- 004
Exhaust PM10	ns/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	00000
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.0000	0.0000	1.2000e- 004	1,2000e- 004
802		0.0000	0.0000	0000	0.0000
CO		0.0000	0.0000	7.5000e- 004	7.5000e- 004
×ON		0.0000	0.0000	7.0000e- 7.5000e- C	6.0000e- 7.0000e- 7.5000e- 0.0000 1.2000e- 005 004
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	6.0000e- 7.00 005 0	6.0000e- 005
	Саtедопу	Hauling	•	Worker	Total

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3.3 Grading - 2015

Mitigated Construction On-Site

CO2e		0,0000	2,7017	2.7017
NZO		0000	0000	0.0000
CH4	λyr	0.000.0	8.0000e- 0	8.0000e- 004
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000 0.0000	2.6849	2.6849
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	2.6849	2.6849
Bio- CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0.0000 5.1100e-	6.6000e- 004	5.7700e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	6.6000e- 1 6	6.6000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0104 5.1100e-		5.1100e- 003
PIM10 Total		0.0104	6.6000e- 004	0.0110
Exhaust PM10	ons/yr	0.000	6,6000e- 1 6 004	6.6000e- 004
Fugitive PM10	tou	0.0104		0.0104
zos		<i>.</i> .	3.0000e- 005	0.0181 3.0000e- 0
00			0,0181	0.0181
NON			0.0137	0137
ROG			6.8000e- 0.0137 C	6.8000e- 6.1 004
	Category		Off-Road	Total

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

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3.4 Building Construction - 2015 Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOX	00	802	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	NZO	CO2e
Category					tons/yr	s/yr							MT/yr] }⁄vt		
Off-Road	0.3600 1.2.1564 1.5004 1.2.2000e-	2.1564	1.5004	2.2000e- 003		0.1485	0.1485		0.1434	0.1434 0.1434	0.0000	0.0000 186.4631 186.4831 0.0430 0.0000 187.3864	186.4831	0.0430	0.0000	187.3864
Total	0.3600	2,1564	1.5004	1.5004 2.2000e- 003		0.1485	0.1485		0.1434	0.1434	0.0000	186.4831 186.4831	186.4831	0.0430	0.0000	187.3864

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	XON	8	S02	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	NZO	CO2e
Category					tons/yr	зуг							MT/yr	lyr.	t .	
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.000.0	0.0000	0.000	0.000.0	0.0000 0.0000		0.000	0.000.0	0.0000	0.000.0	0.0000 1 0.0000	0.000.0	0.000.0
Vendor	0.0160	970	0.1838	2.1000e- 004		1 .	7.2900e- 003	1.6300e-	4500e-	3.0800e- 003	0.0000	19.1235	19.1235	1.7000e- 004	0.000.0	19.1270
Worker	9.4000e- 0.0	112	0.1175	2.2000e- 004	0.0184	1.5000e- 004	0.0185	4.8800e- 1 1 003	1,3000e- 004	5.0200e- 003	0.0000	17.0096	17.0096	9.6000e- 004	0.0000	17.0299
Total	0.0254	0.1082	0.1082 0.3013 4.3000e-	4.30006-	0.0241	1.7300e- 003	0.0258	6.5100e- 003	1.5800e- 8 003	8.1000e- 003	0:0000	36.1331	36.1331	1.1300e- 003	0.0000	36.1569

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3.4 Building Construction - 2015 Mitigated Construction On-Site

COZe		0.0000 187.3862	187.3862
N20		0.0000	0.0000
CH4	MT/yr	0.0430	0.0430
Total CO2	LW .	186.4829	186.4829
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 186.4829 186.4829 0.0430	186.4829 186.4829
Bio- CO2	: i	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0.0894	0.0894
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0894	0.0894
Fugitive PM2.5			
PM10 Total		0.0894	0.0894
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0894	0.0894
Fugitive PM10			
202		2,2000e- 003	2.2000e- 003
00		1,2561 1,5030 2,2000e- 003	1.5030 2.2000e- 003
NOx		1.2561	1.2561
ROG		0.2199	0.2199
	Category	Off-Road	Total

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e		0.0000	19.1270	17.0299	36.1569
NZO		0:0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	γr	0.000	1.7000e- (9.6000e- 004	1.1300e- 003
Total CO2	MTlyr	0.0000	19,1235	17.0096	36.1331
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	19.1235	17.0096	36.1331
Bio-CO2		0:00:00	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0:0000	3.0800e- 003	5.0200e- 003	8.1000e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	1.4500e- 003	1.3000e- 004	1.5800e~ 003
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	1.6300e- 003	4.8800e- 003	6.5100e- 003
PM10 Total		0.0000	7.2900e- 003	0.0185	0.0258
Exhaust PM10	ıs/yr	0.0000	1.5800e- 003	1.5000e- 004	1.7300e- 003
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.0000	0.1838 2.1000e- 5.7000e- 004 003	0.0184	0.0241
802		0.0000	2.1000e- 004	2.2000e- 004	4.3000e- 004
00	;	0.000.0	0.1838	0,1175	0.3013
Ň		0.0000	0970	0112	0.0254 0.1082
ROG		0.0000	0.0160	9.4000e- 0.	0.0254
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.5 Paving - 2015 Unmitigated Construction On-Site

CO2e		126.1878	0.0000	126.1878
NZO		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	γλτ	0.0368	0.0000	0.0368
Total CO2	MT/yr		0.0000	125.4156
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 125.4156 125.4156	0.0000	125.4156 125.4156
Bio- CO2		0.0000	0.000.0	0.000.0
PM2.5 Total		0.0822	0.000	0.0822
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0822	0.0000	0.0822
Fugitive PM2.5				
PMf0 Total		0.0892	0.0000	0.0892
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0892	0.0000	0.0892
Fugitive PM10				
SO2		1.3300e- 003		1.3300e+ 003
00		0.9170		0.9170 1.3300e- 003
×ON		1.4596 i 0.9170 1.3300e-		1.4596
ROG		0.1404	1.2800e- 003	0.1417
	Category		Paving	Total

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

ROG NOx CO SO2 Fugitive Exhaust PM10 PM10 Total	CO SO2 Fugliwe Exhaust PM10	SO2 Fugitive Exhaust PM10 PM10	Fugitive Exhaust PM10 PM10	Exhaust PM10	\vdash	PM10 Total		Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
tons/yr	tons/yr	tons/yr	tons/yr	tons/yr	s/yr								MT/yr	/yr		
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000					0.0000		0.000	[,,	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0000 0.0000 0.0000	0000.0	0000.0	0.0000		0000.0	0.0000	0000	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000
4.8900e- 5.8400e- 0.0611 1.1000e- 9.5500e- 8.0000e- 003 003 005	8400e- 0.0611 1.1000e- 9.5500e- 003 004 003	.0611 1.1000e- 9.5500e- 004 003	5500e- 003	5500e- 003	8.0000e- 005		9.6200e- 003	2.5400e- 7. 003	0000e- 005	2.6100e- 003	0.0000	8.8450	8.8450	5.0000e- 0	0.0000	8.8555
4.8900e- 5.8400e- 0.0611 1.1000e- 9.5500e- 8.0000e- 003 003 005 005 005	004 1.1000e- 9.5500e- 8.0000e- 005	004 1.1000e- 9.5500e- 8.0000e- 005	8.0000e- 005	8.0000e- 005		-	9.6200e- 003	2.5400e- 003	7.0000e- 005	2.6100e- 003	0.000	8.8450	8.8450	5.0000e- 004	0.0000	8.8555

3.5 Paving - 2015 Mitigated Construction On-Site

CO2e		126.1877	0.0000	126.1877
N20		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	λίς	0.0368	0.000.0	0.0368
Total CO2	MT/yr	125.4154	0.0000	125.4154
NBio- CO2 Total CO2			0.0000	125.4154 125.4154
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0.000.0	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0.0382	0.000.0	0.0382
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0382	0.0000	0.0382
Fugitive PM2.5				
PM10 Total		0.0382	0.0000	0.0382
Exhaust PM10	ıs/yr	0.0382	0.0000	0.0382
Fugitive PM10	tons	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
805		1.3300e- 003		1.3300e• 003
ន		0.9701		0.9701 1.3300e-
XON.		0.0315 0.6546 0.9701 1.3300e-		0.0327 0.6546
ROG		0.0315	1.2800e- 003	0.0327
	Category		Paving	Total

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

				•	ı
CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	8.8555	8.8555
N20		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	λyr	0.000	0.0000	5.0000e- 004	5.0000e- 004
Total CO2	MT/yr	0:0000	0.0000	8.8450	8.8450
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.000	8.8450	8.8450
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0.000	0.0000	0.000.0
PM2.5 Total		0:00:00	0.0000	2.6100e- 003	2.6100e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000 0.00000	0.0000	7.0000e- 005	7.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	2.5400	2.5400e- 003
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	9.6200e- 003	9,6200e- 003
Exhaust PM10	ns/yr	0.0000	0.0000	00000	8.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.0000	0.0000	9.5500e- 003	9.5500e- 8 003
202	1	0.0000	0.0000	1.1000e- 004	1.1000e- 004
CO		0.0000	0.0000	0.0611	0.0611
XON		0.0000	0.0000	5.8400e- 003	4.8900e- 5.8400e- 0.0611 1.1000e- 003 003 004
ROG		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	4.8900e- 5.8400e- 0.0611 1.1000e-	4.8900e- 003
	Category		Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.6 Architectural Coating - 2015 Unmitigated Construction On-Site

CO2e		0.0000	25.6024	25.6024
NZO		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	íýr		3.3200e- 003	3.3200e- 003
Total CO2	MT/yr	00:00:0	25.5325	25.5325
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	:	0.0000 0.0000	325	25.5325
Bio- CO2		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0.000	0.0221	0.0221
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0221	0.0221
Fugitive PM2.5				
PM10 Total		0.000.0	0.0221	0.0221
Exhaust PM10	ns/yr	0.000.0	0.0221	0.0221
Fugitive PM10	tons			
80s			3.0000e- 004	3.0000e- 004
00			0.1902	0.1902
NOX			0.2570 0.1902	0.2570 0.1902
ROG			0.0407	0.1890
	Category	Archit. Coating 0.1484	Off-Road	Total

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

COZe		0.0000	0.0000	3,4060	3.4060
N20		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.9000
CH4	λι	0000.0	0.000.0	1.9000e- 004	1.9000e- 004
Total CO2	MTlyr	0.000.0	0.0000	3.4019	3.4019
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.000 0.000.0	0.0000	3,4019	3.4019
Bio- CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	0.0000	1.0000e- 003	1.0000e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5			0.0000	3.0000e-	3.000de- 005
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	9.8000e- 004	9.8000e- 004
PM10 Total		L	0.0000	3.7000e- 003	3.7000e- 9. 003
Exhaust PM10	ıs/yr	0.0000	0.0000	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM10	ton	0,0000	0.0000	3.6700e- 003	3.6700e- 003
s02		0.0000	0.0000	4.0000e- 005	4.0000e- 005
00		0.0000	0000	.0235	0.0235
NOX			0.0000 0.0000	2.2500 0 - 0	1.8800e- 2.2500e- 0.0235 4.0000e- 3.6700e- 0.03
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	1.8800e- 003	1.8800e- 003
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2013.2.2

3.6 Architectural Coating - 2015

Mitigated Construction On-Site

			,	
CO2e		0.000.0	25.6023	25,6023
NZO		0.000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	λyr	0.000.0	3.3200e- 003	3.3200e- 0 003
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.000.0	25.5325	25.5325
NBio- CO2		0.000.0	25.5325	25.5325
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.000	0.000.0
PM2.5 Total		0000	0.0221	0.0221
Exhaust PM2.5		r	0.0221	0.0221
Fugitive PM2.5				
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0221	0.0221
Exhaust PM10	siyr	0.000.0	0.0221	0.0221
Fugitive PM10	tons/yr			
802			3.0000e- 004	3.0000e- 004
00			0.1902	0.1902
NOX			0.2570 0.1902	0.2570 0.1902
ROG			0.0407	0.1890
	Category	<u> </u>	Off-Road	Total

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	3.4060	3.4060
				; } 	<u> </u>
N20		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	/yr	0.000	0.000	1.9000e- 0 004	1.9000e- 004
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.000.0	0.0000	3.4019	3.4019
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		D000.0	0.0000	3.4019	3.4019
Bio-CO2		0.000	0.0000	0.000.0	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	0.000	1.0000e- 003	1.0000e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000	0.0000	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM2.5		0.000	0.000.0	.8000e- 004	9.8000e- 004
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	3.7000e- 9 003	3.7000e- 003
Exhaust PM10	ısíyr	0000.0	0.0000	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM10	ton		0.0000	3.6700e- 003	3.6700e- 003
802			0.0000	4.0000e- 3.6700e- 005 003	4.0000e- 005
00		00000	0.0000	0.0235	0.0235
×ON		0000.0	0.000.0	1.8800e- 2.2500e- 003 003	2.2500e- 003
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	1.8800e- 003	1.8800e- 2. 003
	Category	Hauting	Vendor	Worker	Total

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2013.2.2

4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

	ROG	Š	8	802	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	NZO	CO2e
Category					tons/yr	a/yr							MT/yr	/yr		
Mitigated	0.5127	0.7708	4.0914	0.5127 0.7708 4.0914 6.0100e- 0.4050	0.4050	9.4000e- 003	0.4144	0.1085	9.4000e- 0.4144 0.1085 8.6400e- 0.1171 003		0.000	0.0000 472.0665 472.0665 0.0230 0.0000 472.5504	472.0665	0.0230	0.0000	472.5504
Unmitigated	0.5127	0.7708	4.0914	0.5127 0.7708 4.0914 6.0100e- 0.4050	0.4050	9.4000e- 003	0.4144	0.1085	9.4000e- 0.4144 0.1085 8.6400e- 003 003	0.1171	0.0000	0.1171 0.0000 472.0865 472.0865 0.0230 0.0000 472.5504	472.0665	0.0230	0.0000	472.5504

4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Ave	Average Daily Trip Rate	ate	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday Sunday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
Free-Standing Discount Store	~	894.94	894.94	1,088,133	1,088,133
Parking Lot	0.00	00.00	00.0		
Total	894.94	894.94	894.94	1,088,133	1,088,133

4.3 Trip Type Information

		Miles			% dill			or asodina din	0/ :
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-W or C-W H-S or C-C H-O or C-NW H-W or C-W H-S or C-C H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
Free-Standing Discount Store	10.00	_	6.50	12.20	68.80	19.00	47.5	35.5	41
Parking Lot 10.00 5.00	10.00	. ~	6.50	00:00	0.00	00.0	0	0	6.50 0.00 0.00 0.00

MH	0.002181
SBUS	0.000574
MCY	0.002308 0.006193
SUBU	
OBUS	0.015946 0.002304
QHH H	
MHD	0.006346 0.020386
LHD2	0.006346
LHD1	0.044976
MDV	0.147873
LDT2	0.178179
LDT1	0.068219 (
FDA	0.504516

6.0 ElectroffixDetail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

Exceed Title 24

CO2e		76.9499	80,1650		6.0756								
N20		7,8000e- 004	8,1000e- 004	1.0000e- 004	1.1000e- 004								
CH4	λyr	76.6294 3.7600e- 003	3,9200e- 003		1.2000e- 1								
Total CO2	MT/yr	76.6294	79.8311	5.2821	6.0389								
Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 76.6294	79.8311	5.2821	6.0389								
Bio-CO2		0.0000	00000	0.0000	0.0000								
PM2.5 Total		0.000.0	0.0000	3,7000e- 004	4.2000e- 004								
Exhaust PM2.5	dyr		0,000,0	3.7000e- 004	4.2000e- 004								
Fugitive PM2.5													
PM10 Total		0000.0	0.0000	3.7000e- 004	4.2000e- 004								
Exhaust PM10		s/yr	ns/yr	ns/yr	ns/yr	ns/yr	ns/yr	s/yr	ns/yr	tons/yr	0.000.0	0.0000	3.7000e-3 004
Fugitive PM10	ton												
S02	70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 7			3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005								
00	:				4.0800e- 003	4.6600e- 003							
NOX				5.3000e- 4.8500e- 004 003	5.5500e- 003								
ROG				5.3000e-	6.1000e- 004								
	Category	Electricity Mitigated	Electricity Unmitigated	NaturalGas Mitigated	NaturalGas Unmitigated								

Page 21 of 27

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Unmitigated

_		ſ	1						
CO2e		6,0756	0.0000	6.0756					
NZO			0.0000	1.1000e- 004					
CH4	MTlyr		0.0000	1.2300e- 004					
Total CO2	MT	6.0389	0.0000	6.0389					
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2			0.0000	6.0389					
Bio- CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000					
PM2.5 Total			0.0000	4.2000 a- 004					
Exhaust PM2.5			0.0000	4,2000e- 004					
Fugitive PM2.5	tons/yr								
PM10 Total			0.0000	4.2000e- 004					
Exhaust PM10		tons/yr	dyr	z//r	ıs/yr	ns/yr	4,2000e- 004	0.0000	4.2000e- 004
Fugitive PM10									
205		3.0000e- 005	0.0000	3.0000e- 005					
00		4 6600e- 003	0.0000	4.6600e- 003					
NOX		5.5500e- 003	0.0000	6.1000e- 5.5500e- 004 003					
ROG		6.1000e- 004	0.0000	6.1000e- 004					
NaturalGa s Use	kBTU/yr	113164							
	Land Use		Parking Lot	Total					

Mitigated

CO2e		5.3143	0.0000	5.3143					
N2O C		000e-	0.0000 0.	1.0000e- 5. 004					
CH4			0.0000	1.0000e- 004					
Total CO2	MTlyr	5.2821	0.0000	5.2821					
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		5.2821	0.0000	5.2821					
Bio- CO2		0000	0.000.0	0.000.0					
PM2.5 Total		3.7000e- 0	0.000	3.7000e- 004					
Exhaust PM2.5			0.0000	3,7000e- 004					
Fugitive PM2.5									
PM10 Total		3.7000e- 004	0.0000	3.7000e- 004					
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	sýr	na/yr	nstyr	s/yr	syr.		0.0000	3.7000e- 004
Fugitive PM10									
802				3.0000e- 005	0.0000	3.0000e- 005			
00		4.0800e- 003	0.0000	4.8500e- 4.0800e- 003 003					
XON		4.8500e- 003	0.0000	4.8500e- 003					
ROG		98983.3 5.3000e- 4.8500e- 4.0800e- 3.0000e-	0.0000	5.3000e- 004					
NaturalGa s Use	kBTU/yr		0						
	Land Use	Free-Standing Discount Store	Parking Lot	Total					

5.3 Energy by Land Use - Electricity

Unmitigated

	Electricity Use	Electricity Total CO2 Use	CH4	OZN	C02e
Land Use	kWhyr		M	MT/yr	
Free-Standing Discount Store	259776	69.5577	3.4200e- 003	7.1000e- 004	69.8486
Parking Lot	38368	10.2734	10.2734	1.0000e- 004	10.3164
Total		79.8311	3.9200e- 003	8.1000e- 004	80,1650

Mitigated

Use
kWh/yr
247819
38368

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

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	1	֚֡֜֝֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֝֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֓֓֓֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜
֝֞֞֜֝֝֓֞֝֝֟֝֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֡֓֜֡֓֓֡֓֡֓֜֡֓֡֓֡֓֡֡֓֜֡֓֡֡֓֜֡֡֡֓֜֡֡֓֡֡֡֡֡֡	1	֚֡֝֝֝֝֝֜֜֝֜֝֝֟֝֝֓֜֝֝֓֜֝֟֜֜֜֝֓֓֓֜֜֜֜֝֓֜֜֜֝֓
	1100	֡֝֜֝֜֝֓֜֜֜֝֓֜֓֓֓֓֓֓֜֓֜֓֜֓֓֓֓֓֜֓֜֓֡֓֜֓֜֓֡֓֜֓֡

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Category	ROG	NOX	8	205	Fugitive PM10 tons	Exhaust PM10 ons/yr	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBIO- CO2	NBio- CO2 Total CO2	CH4	N20	COZe
Mitigated	0.2635	0.2635 1.2.0000e 1.6900e 1.0.0000 0.005 003	1.6900e-	0.0000		1.0000e- 1.0000	1.0000e- 005		1.8000e-	1.0000e- 0	0000	3.2000e- 003	3.2000e- 003	35 25	0.0000	3.3900e- 003
Unmitigated	0.2635	0.2635 2.0000e- 1.6900e- 005 005	1 6900e- 003	0.0000		1.0000e-	1.0000e- 005	1 1 1	1.0000e-	1.0000e- 005	0000	3.2000e- (003	3.2000e- 003	1.0000e-	0.0000	3.3900e- 003

6.2 Area by SubCategory <u>Unmitigated</u>

		F	•	. 1	г. —
COZe		0.0000	0.0000	3.3900e- 003	3.3900e- 003
N20		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	٧r	0.000.0	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0.000.0	3.2000e- 1 003	2000e- 003
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.000.0	0.0000	3.2000e- 3. 003	3.2000e- 3. 003
Bio- CO2		0.000.0	0.000	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0.000.0	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM2.5					
PM10 Total		0000'0	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0000.0	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM10	ton				
80s				0.0000	000000
00				1.6900e- 0 003	1.6900e- 003
XON				1.6000e- 2.0000e- 004 005	2.0000e- 005
ROG		0.0148	0.2485	1.6000e- 004	0.2635
	SubCategory	Architectural Coating	Consumer	Landscaping	Total

6.2 Area by SubCategory

Mitigated

CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	3.3900e- 003	3.3900e- 003
N20		0.0000	0.0000	0.000.0	0.0000
CH4	yr	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.000.0	0000	2000e- 003	2000e- 003
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.0000	3.2000e- 3.2 003	3.2000e- 3. 003
Bio- CO2	;	0.000.0	0.0000	0,000.0	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	0.0000	1,0000e-	1,0000e- 005
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	1.0000e-	1.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM2.5					
PM10 Total		0,000.0	0.000.0	1.0000e- 1	1.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM10	ons/yr	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1,0000e~ 005
Fugitive PM10	tons		, 		
S02				0.0000	0.0000
၀၁			,	1.690de- 003	1.6900e- 003
NOx				2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005
ROG		0.0148	0.2485	1.6000e- 2.	0.2635
	SubCategory	Architectural Coating		Landscaping	Total

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

Use Water Efficient Irrigation System

	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	C02e
Category]\\[\]	MT/yr	
Mitigated	3.3046	1.9500e- 003		3.7086
Unmitigated	3.3566	1.9500e- 003	1.1700e- 003	3.7602

	Total CO2	CH4	N20	C02e
Category		MT/yr	'yr	
Mitigated	3.3046	1.9500e- 003	1.1700e- 003	3.7086
Unmitigated	3.3566	1.9500e- 003	1.1700e- 003	3.7602

7.2 Water by Land Use

Unmitigated

Indoor/Out Total CO2 door Use Mgal
3.3566
0.000.0
3.3566

Mitigated

	Indoor/Out door Use	Indoor/Out Total CO2 door Use		N20	CO2e
Land Use	Mgal		MT/yr	<i>i</i> yr	
	1,48367 / 0,853878	3.3046	1.9500e- 003	1.1700e- 003	3.7086
Parking Lot	0/0	0.000	0.0000	0.000.0	0.0000
		3.3045	1.9500e- 003	1.1700e- 003	3.7086

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

Category/Year

N2O CO2e		 0.0000 39.1865
CH4 NZ	MT/yr	 1.0334 0.0
Total CO2		 17.4856
		Unmitigated

8.2 Waste by Land Use

<u>Unmitigated</u>

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	C02e
Land Use	tons		TM	MT/yr	
Free-Standing Discount Store	86.14	17.4856	1.0334	0000.0	39.1865
Parking Lot	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total		17.4856	1.0334	0.000.0	39.1865

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	¥	0 N	C02e
Land Use	tons		MT/yr	/yr	
ree-Standing	86.14	17.4856	1.0334	0.0000	39.1865
Parking Lot	1 0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total		17.4856	1.0334	0.0000	39.1865

8.2 Waste by Land Use

Mitigated

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Land Use	tons		IM	MT/yr	
	86.14	17.4856		0.0000	39.1865
Parking Lot	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total		17.4856	1.0334	0000'0	39.1865

9.0 Operational Offroad

Fuel Type	
Load Factor	
Horse Power	
Days/Year	
Hours/Day	
Number	
Equipment Type	

10.0 Vegetation

E. GEOTECHNICAL

480 Preston Court, Suite B, Livermore, CA 94551, PO Box 405, Livermore, CA 94551 925.454.9033, 925.454.9564 (Fax)

14 June 2014

Mr. Chase Jiannalone 99¢ Only Stores 5500 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 110 Commerce, California 90040

Subject:

GEOTECHNICAL STUDY

99¢ Only Store NEC Elk Grove Florin Road and Brown Road Elk Grove, California Project No. 1428

Dear Mr. Jiannalone:

Korbmacher Engineering, Inc. has completed the geotechnical study for the proposed project to be located in the City of Elk Grove, California. The results of the study are attached, including the plot plan, laboratory test results, boring logs, and geotechnical recommendations.

We appreciate being of service to you in the geotechnical study phase of this project. If design conditions change, or if you have questions concerning this report or any of our testing, design and consulting services, please do not hesitate to contact us. We look forward to working with you on future projects.

Respectfully submitted,

KORBMACHER ENGINEERING INC

Bruno Kombinaci

Copies: Addressee (1 email)

CIVIL

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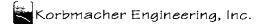
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Appendix A - Corrosivity Analysis



1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of a geotechnical study performed at the subject site for the proposed new retail building. The project is located at northeast corner of Florin Road and Brown Road in the City of Elk Grove, California, as shown on the Vicinity Map, Figure 1.

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this study was to evaluate the soil and geologic characteristics relevant to the design of the proposed development. General soil and foundation engineering design and recommendations are provided based on the physical characteristics of the subsurface materials and the geotechnical limitations created by the site's surface features.

1.2 Proposed Project Development

We understand the proposed projects will consist of construction a new retail building. The construction may consist of concrete slab-on-grade floor with wood-frame structure. Maximum structural wall loads are anticipated to be about 2,000 pounds per lineal foot. Site grading is anticipated to be minimal for preparation of the building pad, site drainage, and parking and drive improvements. If from the information that we provided above is incorrect, please contact Korbmacher Engineering, Inc. (KEI).

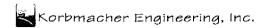
Please contact our office if the conditions of the project change. We may need to revise our recommendations if changes occur in the project's configuration, the type of construction, or the proposed loads.

1.3 Scope of Services

The scope of work for the proposed development included the following:

- Reviewing project documents provided by the client,
- Exploring the subsurface soil conditions with seven exploratory borings,
- Sampling and performing laboratory testing of soil obtained from borings,
- Analyzing the soil data compiled during the exploration, and
- Reporting our findings and providing recommendations for site development.

This study does not include an environmental assessment or investigation for the presence or absence of hazardous or toxic material in structures, soil, surface water, groundwater, or air on, below or around the project site.



2.0 SITE EXPLORATION AND LABORATORY TESTING

2.1 Site Exploration

The subsurface conditions of the site were explored on 13 May January 2014. The exploration consisted of drilling seven exploratory borings to a maximum depth of about 30½ feet below the existing site grade. The boring locations drilled at the project site are shown in Figures 2 and 3, Boring Location Map. The borings were drilled using a truck-mounted, CME 45 drilling rig.

Soils encountered during drilling were logged and samples were obtained to aid in material classification and for laboratory testing. Soil samples were recovered in either a 3-inch or 2.5-inch outside diameter (OD) California sampler or a Standard Penetration Sampler driven by a 140-pound hammer free-falling 30 inches. The number of blows applied to advance the sampler was recorded for each 6 inches of penetration. Blow counts from the bottom 12 inches of penetration were recorded on the log as blows per foot and recorded on the boring log.

Figure 4, Boring Log Legend, illustrates the Unified Soil Classification System which was used to identify subsurface soil during drilling. The log describing the material encountered in the borings was recorded in the field by our representative and are shown on Figures 5 through 12.

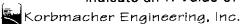
2.2 Laboratory Testing

Laboratory testing was conducted on selected samples to obtain data on density, moisture content, and classification of the soil. Test results are shown on the Boring Logs.

Atterberg limits testing was performed on samples of the subsurface soil. The tests were performed according to American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) test methods and procedures. The test results indicate a low expansion potential. The test results are shown on the Boring Logs and in Figure 13, Plasticity Chart.

A moisture/density relationship curve (compaction curve) was performed on a representative a bulk sample of the probable subgrade soils. The compaction test was performed according to ASTM D-1557 test methods and procedures. The test results are shown in Figure 14, Moisture/Density Relationship.

A resistance value (R-Value) test was performed on a representative a bulk sample of the probable pavement subgrade soils. The R-Value test was performed according to California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) test methods. The test results indicate an R-Value of 56 as shown in Figure 15, Resistance Value (R-Value).



Corrosivity Analysis was performed on a sample of the near surface soil. The tests were performed according to American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) test methods and procedures. The test results indicate the soil is "moderately corrosive" to buried iron, steel, cast iron, ductile iron, galvanized steel and dielectric coated steel or iron base on resistivity measurements. The test results and brief evaluation is presented in Appendix A - Corrosivity Analysis.

3.0 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

3.1 Surface

At the time of our field exploration, the subject site was observed to be an existing vacant field for the western portion of the property and a private residence for the eastern end of the property as shown in Figures 2 and 3, Boring Location Maps and as shown in Figures 16 and 17, Photographs of Project Site.

3.2 Subsurface

We did not observe any material that would indicate that the surface soils were filt. There may be varying depths of fill in areas beyond or between our exploratory borings.

In general, the native soils consisted of stiff to hard silty clay, clayey silt and very dense silty gravel. Laboratory testing indicates that the near surface soils have a low expansion potential. The test results are presented in Figure 13, Plasticity Chart.

Groundwater was not observed in the borings at the time of backfilling the boring. We expect groundwater levels to fluctuate due to variations in rainfall, groundwater recharge, and site conditions. All borings were backfilled with soil cuttings.

4.0 SEISMIC/GEOLOGIC/LIQUEFACTION CONSIDERATIONS

4.1 Seismic

Geologic references indicate that no fault trace designated active or potentially active passes through the subject property. Table 1, on the next page, lists the distance from the fault, the maximum moment magnitude, the slip rate, and fault type for local faults. The *Maps of Known Active Fault Near-Source Zones in California and Adjacent Portions of Nevada*, Uniform Building Code (1997 edition), Figure 16-3, Seismic Zone Map of the United States, was used solely to illustrate the distance between the subject fault zones and the subject site. Seismic design criteria is discussed in a later section of this report.

Table 1 ACTIVE FAULTS AND CHARACTERISTICS				
Fault	Distance ¹ (km)	ME²	Slip Rate ² {mm/yr}	Fault Type ¹
Greenville	73	6.9	2.00	В
Concord-Green Valley	79	6.9	6.00	В

- 1. CDMG, Maps of Known Active Fault, Near-Source Zones in California and Adjacent Portions of Nevada, 1997.
- 2. CDMG, Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Assessment for the State of California, 1996.

4.2 Geotechnical Hazards

Risk of geotechnical hazards will always exist due to uncertainties of geologic conditions and the unpredictability of seismic activity in the area. However, in our opinion, based on available data, there are no indications of geotechnical hazards that would preclude use of the site for the proposed development. The proposed structures should be designed to meet current *Uniform Building Code* (UBC)/California Building Code (CBC) requirements to limit potential damage from ground shaking.

4.2.1 Liquefaction

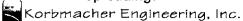
Liquefaction is a phenomenon in which granular material is transformed from a solid state to a liquefied state as a consequence of increased pore-water pressure and reduced effective stress. Increased pore-water pressure is induced by the tendency of granular materials to densify when subjected to cyclic shear stresses associated with earthquakes. This change of state occurs most readily in loose, saturated, cohesionless materials.

A review of liquefaction maps from the Department of Conservation, California Geologic Survey at www.conservation.ca.gov/cgs/shzp/Pages/Index.aspx did not reveal a map for the subject site.

It is our opinion, based on our review of the soil conditions encountered, the site soils encountered have a low potential of soil liquefaction.

4.2.2 Lateral Spreading

Lateral spreading/lurching is a situation in which soil mass deforms laterally toward a free face, such as a stream bank, during a seismic event. The failure occurs along a liquefiable/weak subsurface layer. Based on the soils encountered during our geotechnical investigation, it is our opinion that the site has a low potential for lateral spreading.



4.2.3 Flooding

The site does not appear to be located within the 100-year flood zone according to FEMA National Flood Insurance Rate Map (Map Number 06067C0328H). However, it is located in Zone X as indicating "Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood." The Project Civil Engineer should evaluate the site for flooding potential.

5.0 DISCUSSIONS

5.1 General

The recommendations contained in this report are based on the assumption that the soil conditions encountered during construction are similar to those disclosed by our exploration. If variations are noted during construction, Korbmacher Engineering, Inc. should be notified so that we can supplement our recommendations, as applicable.

Final grading plans were not available at the time of preparing this report. We recommend the final grading plans be reviewed by our office prior to starting the earthwork operations.

Provided the earthwork recommendations are followed, it is our opinion that the proposed retail building may be supported on a conventional foundation system established on compacted, engineered fill.

Proper drainage must be provided to prevent moisture from penetrating beneath foundations and concrete slabs-on-grade. If moisture penetrates the soils beneath these areas, there could be some movement and resulting cracking/distress. Recommendations to help reduce the movement of the foundations and concrete slab-on-grade floors/flatwork are discussed in later sections of this report.

6.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

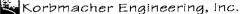
6.1 Earthwork

6.1.1 General

As previously stated, final grading plans were not available during preparation of this report. We recommend that final grading plans be reviewed by our office prior to starting the grading operations.

6.1.2 Site Clearing

All grading must be observed by our representative. It is especially important that our representative be present during the demolition, stripping and scarification process to



observe whether undesirable materials are encountered. Loose, soft, uncontrolled fill, or disturbed native soils must be removed from all structural areas, beneath adjacent walks and slabs, beneath areas to receive fill, and beneath areas to be paved. Excavations must extend at least 2 feet beyond the structure and slab areas, if practicable. The term uncontrolled fill refers to any existing fill that was not properly inspected or tested by an engineering firm.

6.1.3 Excavations and Utility Trenches

As discussed earlier, the native soils consisted of stiff to hard silty clay, clayey silt and very dense silty gravel. Contractors, especially those digging utilities, should satisfy themselves as to the hardness of deposits and equipment required. If construction requires personnel to enter the excavation, the contractor must comply with the Occupational Health and Safety Administration regulations set forth in 29 CFR 1926.

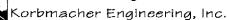
Utility trenches that parallel the sides of the buildings should be placed so that they do not extend below a line sloped down and away at a slope of 2H:1V (horizontal to vertical) from the bottom outside edge of the perimeter foundations. All trenches should be backfilled with native materials compacted uniformly to the relative compaction specified in the following section. If local building codes require use of sand as the trench backfill, all utility trenches entering the building should be provided with an impervious seal of either cohesive soil or lean concrete where the trench passes under the building perimeter. The impervious plug should extend 4 feet into, and out of, the building perimeter. Jetting of trench backfill is not recommended as it may result in an unsatisfactory degree of compaction.

6.1.4 Fill Placement and Compaction

After performing the required excavations and/or prior to foundation excavations, the exposed subgrade soil should be carefully inspected to verify removal of all unsuitable deposits. The exposed subgrade soil should then be scarified to a depth of 12 inches, moisture-conditioned, and compacted to a minimum of 90 percent relative compaction at a minimum of 2 percent over optimum moisture content according to the latest ASTM test methods and procedures. After compacting the subgrade soil, all required fill should be placed in loose lifts a maximum of 8 inches in thickness.

On-site soil generated by site grading may be used as structural fill provided the soil is free of deleterious and organic materials and is approved for use as fill by our representative.

Pad/Structure Pad areas backfill should be compacted to a minimum of 90 percent relative compaction at a minimum of 2 percent over the optimum moisture content according to the latest ASTM test methods and procedures.



General fill and trench backfill should be compacted to a minimum of 90 percent relative compaction at a minimum of 2 percent over the optimum moisture content according to the latest ASTM test methods and procedures.

If pumping subgrade soils are encountered, we recommend over-excavating to firm, non-yielding soil and placing recompacted fill as recommended in Section 6.1.4. If non-yielding soil is not encountered within 2 feet below the proposed subgrade elevation, an acceptable option is to place a woven geotextile at the base of the excavation and backfill with a granular material. The geotextile should consist of Mirafi® HP370 or an approved equivalent. A test area should be prepared to evaluate the performance of the method. If a non-yielding pavement subgrade is not achieved, deeper excavation may be necessary.

Soils that are not pumping but are determined to be too wet to properly compact may be prepared by ripping the soil and allowing the soil to dry, excavating and replacing, or lime treating.

All import fill must be compacted to a minimum relative compaction of 90 percent of the maximum dry density and moisture-conditioned to a minimum of 2 percent over the optimum moisture content according to ASTM test methods and procedures. The import fill should be non-expansive, free of deleterious materials, and meet the requirements in Table 2.

Table 2 IMPORTED MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS		
Sieve Size	Percent Passing	
inches (155 mm)	100	
4 inches (100 mm)	95 - 100	
# 200	5 - 25	
Plasticity	(PI) = 12 or less	
Liquid Limit	(LL) = 30 or less	

Samples of any proposed import fill planned for use on this project should be submitted to our representative for approval and appropriate testing no less than 4 working days before the expected delivery to the job site.

6.2 Foundations

6.2.1 Conventional Foundation System

If the earthwork recommendations included in this report are complied with, the proposed concession building may be supported by conventional foundations



established on compacted, engineered fill. Settlement of the proposed structures, supported as recommended, should be less than 1 inch. Recommendations for footing depths and foundation details are included in Table 3.

Table 3 FOUNDATION DESIGN CRITERIA CONTINUOUS STRIP AND ISOLATED FOOTINGS		
Item	Criteria	
Width:		
Wall Footings (Continuous)	Minimum 12 inches	
Column Footings (Isolated)	Minimum 24 inches	
Embedment Depth ¹		
Native Soils	Minimum 18 inches	
Allowable Bearing Capacity ¹		
Compacted, Engineered Soil	2,000 psf	
Coefficient of Sliding Friction	0.35	

- 1. Footing embedment depth is measured from the lowest adjacent soil grade to the bottom of the footing.
- 2. The recommendations above are for a foundation designed for net dead plus live loads. These bearing pressures may be increased by one-third for wind or seismic loads.

The excavations for footings must be cleaned of all loose materials and debris, and moistened prior to placement of concrete. All footing excavations must be observed by our representative to verify the condition of the bearing material. If any localized areas of loose or soft undesirable subsoil are observed in footing excavations, the excavation for the footings must be over-excavated to firm soil and backfilled with compacted fill under the observations and testing of our representative.

All footings should be reinforced with top and bottom reinforcement to provide structural continuity and to permit spanning of local irregularities. The reinforcement of the footing should be designed by a structural engineer.

If a different type of foundation system is desired, this office should be called for supplemental recommendations. Such recommendations will be presented as an addendum to this report.

6.2.2 Seismic Design Site Coefficients

Based on the California Building Code (CBC 2013) and the USGS "Design Maps Summary Report," which are based on the ASCE7-10 Standard and IBC 2012, we present the following Table 4, 2013 CBC Earthquake Load Values.

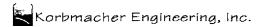


Table 4 2013 CBC EARTHQUAKE LOAD VALUES			
<u>Classification/Parameters</u>	<u>Value</u>		
Latitude	38.449306		
Longitude	-121.370546		
Site Class Definition	D		
Risk Category	1/11/111		
Spectral Response Acceleration at 0.2-second, $\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{S}}$	0.638		
Spectral Response Acceleration at 1.0-second, S,	0.282		
Site Coefficient, F _A	1.29		
Site Coefficient, F _V	1.833		
Maximum Considered Earthquake Spectral Response Acceleration for short period, $S_{\scriptscriptstyle MS}$	0.823		
Maximum Considered Earthquake Spectral Response Acceleration for 1-second period, $S_{\scriptscriptstyle M}$,	0.519		
Spectral Response Acceleration at short periods, \mathcal{S}_{vs}	0.549		
Spectral Response Acceleration at 1-second period, \mathcal{S}_{ot}	0.345		

6.3 Lateral Load Design Criteria

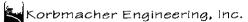
Lateral loads may be resisted by soil friction and by the passive resistance of the soils. For engineered fill or native soil, we recommend the following lateral load design criteria:

Coefficient of Friction	1	0.35
Passive Pressure	350 r	sf/ft

The passive pressure and the frictional resistance of the soils may be combined without reduction in determining the total lateral resistance. These values are ultimate and an appropriate factor of safety should be applied by the structural engineer.

6.4 Concrete Slabs-on-Grade

If the earthwork recommendations are complied with, concrete slabs-on-grade may be protected from unwanted moisture vapor by an underlainment of a 4-inch thick capillary break of Class 2 drain rock, clean ½ by ¾-inch crushed drain rock, or pea gravel. Class 2 base rock may not be used as the capillary break. If the potential for a damp slab is



undesirable or if moisture sensitive floor coverings are used, we recommend that a vapor retarder membrane of 10-mil minimum thickness be placed on the drain rock and overlain by a minimum of 2 inches of clean sand to assist in the proper curing of the slab. The select material or sand should be moistened but not saturated prior to placement of concrete.

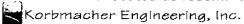
The American Concrete Institute (ACI) currently recommends placing the slab in direct contact with the membrane to eliminate the potential for water becoming trapped in the sand layer and transmitting through the slab. If the Project Engineer chooses to design the slab without the sand layer, the Engineer should be familiar with the ACI recommendations (ACI 302.1R-04) which include discussion of the potential problems associated with this design, such as an increased potential for slab curl.

It should be noted that the intention of the membrane is to limit moisture transmission through the slab, not to eliminate moisture transmission through the slab. A membrane will not eliminate moisture transmission which can cause mold growth. The membrane must be constructed properly to effectively limit moisture transmission. Proper construction includes sealing the perimeter of the membrane as well as all seams and penetrations. For best results, the membrane should meet the requirements of ASTM E-1745.

If greater resistance to moisture transmission is desired, we recommend sealing the slab with an approved concrete sealant. We also recommend reducing the water-cement ratio of the concrete mix design for slabs as low as possible to help further reduce the potential for moisture passing through the slab. The structural engineer should determine the final requirements of the concrete mix design.

We recommend concrete slab-on-grade floors and exterior flatwork be a minimum thickness of 4 inches and the trash enclosure area slab and pavement area be a minimum thickness of 5½ inches at a concrete compressive strength of a minimum of 3,500 pounds per square inch (psi). The trash enclosure area and pavement section should be designed and prepared according to the recommendations presented in Section 6.6 Pavements.

We recommend reinforcing the concrete slab-on-grade floors with a minimum of either, (1) No. 3 reinforcing bars spaced at 24 inches on center, or (2) with an alternate steel reinforcement as required by the project structural engineer. In general, the steel reinforcement should be supported by concrete dobies to maintain the minimum requirement for clearance according to the latest UBC standard. The project structural engineer should determine the acceptable concrete cover. Crack control joints should be located as recommended by the project Structural Engineer.



Recommendations presented in the American Concrete Institute manual should be complied with for all concrete placement and curing operations. Improper curing techniques and/or excessive slump (water-cement ratio) could cause excessive shrinkage, cracking or curling. Concrete slabs should be allowed to cure adequately before placing vinyl or other moisture sensitive floor coverings.

6.5 Drainage

Grades should be such that drainage is away from the structures. Water and sewer utility lines should be properly installed to avoid becoming possible sources for subsurface saturation. It is important that all utility trenches be properly backfilled. If practicable, planters and/or landscaping should not be adjacent to or near the structures. If vegetation must be planted adjacent to or near structures, plants that require very little moisture with drip irrigation systems should be used. Sprinkler heads should not be placed where they could saturate foundation soil.

6.6 Pavements

Based on the laboratory R-value test result of 56, we recommend the pavement sections listed in Table 6.

P.		<u>ble 6</u> Esign Criter	RIA			
TRAFFIC INDEX	ASPHALT		AGGREGATE BASE			
	(inches)	(mm)	(inches)	(mm)		
Flexible Pavement	:					
4.5 (Parking Stalls)	2 ½	64	6	153		
5.0	3	80	6	153		
6.0	31/2	90	6	280		
Rigid Pavement	CONCRETE		CONCRETE		AGGREGA	EGATE BASE
	(inches)	(mm)	(inches)	(mm)		
Concrete Pavement (3,500 psi min.)	5 1/2	153		••		

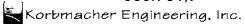
The recommended sections are based on the assumed Traffic Indices (TI) and or an average daily truck traffic of 25 for rigid pavements. The recommended pavement section should be revised if site grading changes the characteristic of the near surface soil condition or a different TI is desired.

Subgrade for the on-site paved areas should be properly prepared as discussed in the Earthwork section of this report and as recommended below prior to placing asphalt or aggregate base materials. Proper drainage of paved areas should be provided to

prevent water from entering beneath the pavement to help increase the life of the pavement and help avoid possible premature failure.

To perform to its greatest efficiency, the pavement section requires the following construction criteria:

- a. Remove organic and deleterious materials from all pavement subgrade.
- b. Moisture-condition and compact the upper 12 inches of subgrade soil to a minimum relative compaction of 95 percent at a minimum moisture content of 2 percent above the optimum moisture content. All pavement subgrade should be stable with no "pumping" at the time the base rock is placed. Refer to Section 6.1.4, Fill Placement and Compaction, for additional recommendations.
- c. Use only good quality materials of the type and minimum thickness specified. All base rock should meet the *Standard Specifications* of the State of California for Class 2 baserock and should be angular in shape.
- d. Compact the baserock uniformly to a minimum relative compaction of 95 percent.
- e. Place the asphalt concrete only during periods of fair weather when the free air temperature is within the prescribed limits as set forth by the Asphalt Concrete Institute.
- f. Compact all trench backfill under the pavement to minimize pavement damage resulting from settlement. Mechanical compaction is recommended because material placed by jetting or ponding will probably not attain satisfactory densities.
- g. Provide adequate drainage or V-ditch systems to prevent surface water from migrating into the subgrade pavement soil from behind curb-and-gutter sections. For areas where pavement abuts landscaping, we recommend extending the concrete curb a minimum of 3 inches below the bottom of the base rock layer to form a cut-off wall to prevent water from migrating into the base rock. If vegetation will be planted adjacent to the pavement, plants that require very little moisture with drip irrigation systems should be used.
- h. Butt-type joints, relying on aggregate interlock for load transfer, are acceptable for parking lots serving light vehicles. For heavy truck traffic, dowels should be considered. Dowels should consist of plain (smooth) dowels and should be aligned and lubricated properly for proper joint function (ref. ACI 330R-01).
- i. We recommend reinforcing concrete pavement that will receive significant truck traffic. Reinforcement should also be considered for odd-shaped slabs, such as a slabs that taper to a sharp angle, slabs with a length to width ratio greater than 1.5, or slabs that are neither square or rectangular. The function of the reinforcement is to hold together the fracture faces when cracks form. Reinforcement should be discontinued at contraction/construction joints (ref. ACI 330R-01).



- Joint spacing for unreinforced concrete pavement should be at a maximum of 15 feet. Joint spacing for reinforced concrete pavement may be designed in accordance with ACI recommendations (ref. ACI 330R-01).
- k. Automobile traffic should not be allowed on pavement until the concrete has attained a strength of 3,500 psi. Alternatively, automobile traffic should not be allowed on pavement slabs for 3 days, and all other traffic should be kept off pavement slab for at least 7 days (ref. ACI 330R-01). In addition, traffic should avoid unsupported slab edges.
- The design and construction of concrete pavement section should be according to the latest Portland Cement Association (ref. PCA publication "Design and Control of Concrete Mixtures") and ACI recommendations.

6.7 Miscellaneous

Our exploration did not reveal the presence of buried items such as leaching fields, wells, storage tanks, etc other than previously discussed. It is possible, however, that such items may be present. If such items are encountered during grading or during excavations of foundations, our firm should be notified immediately to provide recommendations for proper procedures. Also, this study did not include investigations for toxic substances or groundwater contamination of any type. If such conditions are encountered during site development, additional studies will be required.

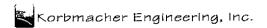
6.8 Plan Review

Before submitting design drawings and construction documents to the appropriate local agency for approval, copies of the documents should be reviewed by our firm to ensure that the recommendations in this report have been effectively incorporated.

6.9 Construction Observations

We recommend that our representative be present during grading and foundation excavation to observe that the work performed is in conformance with specifications and recommendations provided here. We will also perform testing as necessary to evaluate the quality of the materials and their relative compaction. Records will be maintained of our site visits and test results.

At the completion of site grading and foundation excavation, we will submit a summary of our observation and test results along with any necessary supplemental recommendations. To assure that our personnel are at the site when needed, we require that you notify us at least 2 working days before the task begins.



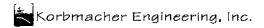
7.0 LIMITATIONS

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of the Client and the Client's consultants for specific application to the proposed development. If changes occur in the nature, design location, or configuration of the proposed development, the conclusions and recommendations contained here shall not be considered valid. Changes must be reviewed by our firm.

The analysis, opinions, conclusions and recommendations submitted in this report are based in part on the referenced materials, site visit and evaluation, and subsurface exploration. The nature and extent of variation among exploratory borings may not become evident until construction. If variations appear, it will be necessary to reevaluate or revise recommendations made in this report.

The recommendations in this report are contingent on conducting an adequate testing and observation program during construction of the proposed development. Unless the construction observation and testing program is provided by or coordinated with our firm, Korbmacher Engineering, Inc. will not be held responsible for compliance with design recommendations presented in this report and other supplemental reports submitted as part of this report.

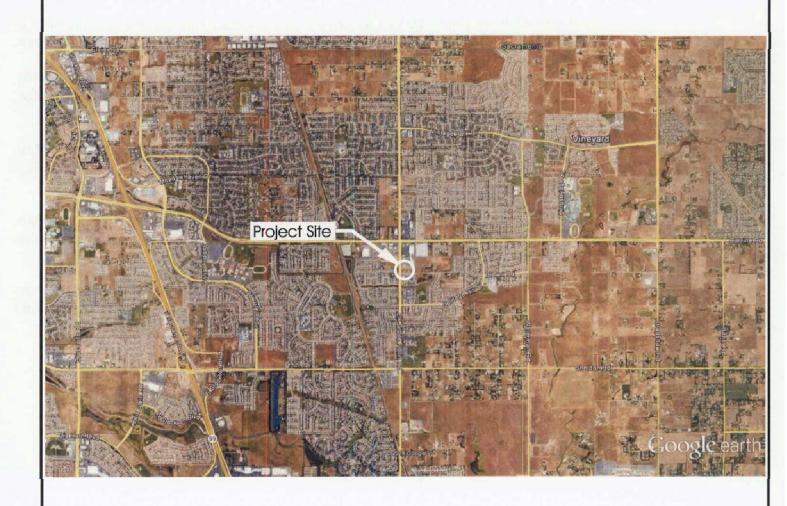
Our services have been provided in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. No warranties are made, express or implied, as to the professional opinions or advice provided. Recommendations contained in this report are valid for a period of 1 year; after 1 year they must be reviewed by this firm to determine whether or not they still apply.



8.0 REFERENCES

- American Concrete Institute, ACI 330R-08, Guide for the Design and Construction of Concrete Parking Lots, Reported by ACI Committee 330. June 2008.
- California Department of Transportation, Highway Design Manual, http://www.dot.ca.gov/hg/oppd/hdm/hdmtoc.htm#hdm, updated 24 July 2009.
- California Building Code, 2013 California Building Code, Title 24, Part 2 Volume 2 of 2, based on the 2012 International Building Code, effective date 1 January 2014.
- California Department Of Conservation, Division Of Mines And Geology (CDMG), Seismic Hazards Zonation Program, State of California, Seismic Hazard Zones, Updated 5 December 2007.
- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Map, https://msc.fema.gov/webapp/wcs/stores/servlet/FemaWelcomeView?storeId=10001&catalogId=10001&langId=-1&userType=G
- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Map, Sacramento County, California and Incorporated areas, Community Panel Number 06067C0328H, Effective date 16 August 2012.
- International Conference Of Building Officials, "Maps of Known Active Fault Near-Source Zones in California and Adjacent Portions Of Nevada, to be used in 1997 Uniform Building Code, Published February 1998.
- USGS, US Seismic Design Maps,

http://earthquake.usgs.gov/designmaps/us/application.php
And http://earthquake.usgs.gov/hazards/designmaps/usdesigndoc.php



Files/Reports 2014/1428/Figure1

Korbmacher

PROJECT NO. 1428

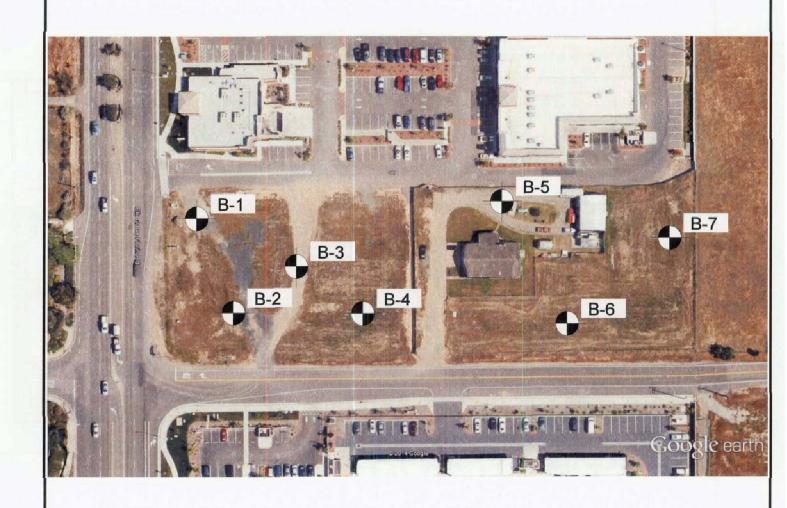
DATE 05/14

VICINITY MAP

Not to scale

99 Cent Store NEC Brown Rd and Florin Rd Elk Grove, California FIGURE NO.

1



Source: PM Design Group

Not to scale



Korbmacher

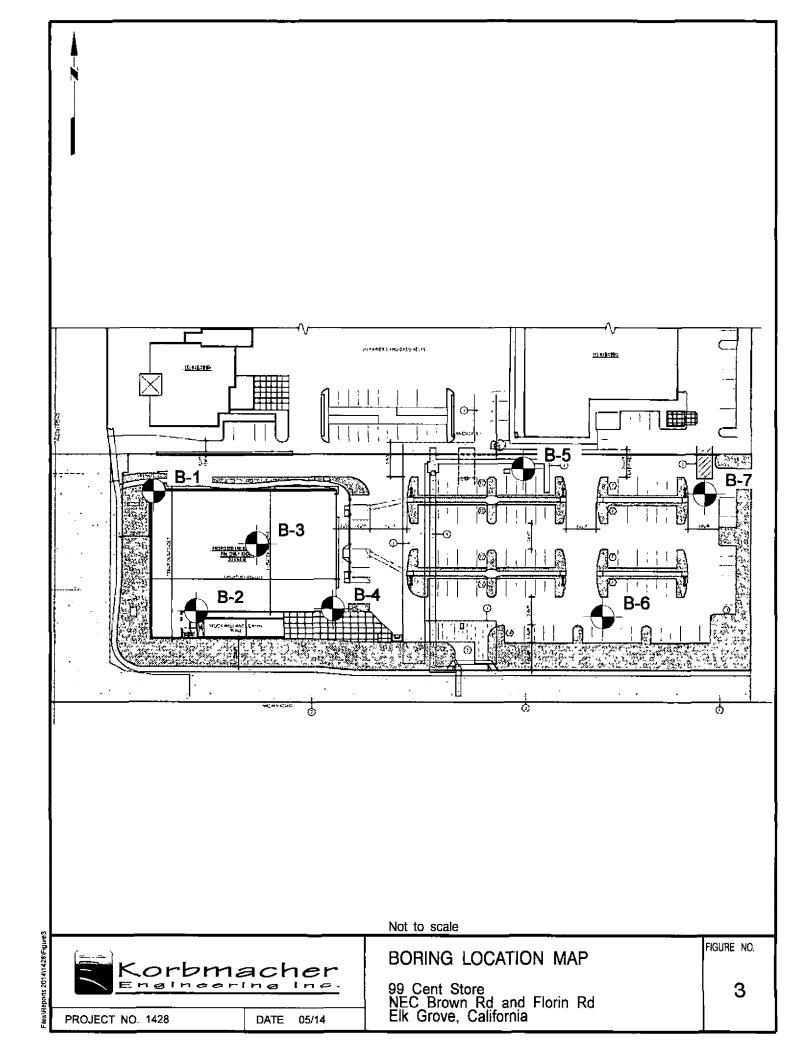
PROJECT NO. 1428

DATE 05/14

BORING LOCATION MAP

99 Cent Store NEC Brown Rd and Florin Rd Elk Grove, California FIGURE NO.

2



UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

MA. DIVI\$	IOR IONS	LTR	DESCRIPTION
	ST	GW	WELL-GRADED GRAVELS OR GRAVEL SAND MIXTURES. LITTLE OR NO FINES
	RAVELLY SOILS	GP	POORLY-GRADED GRAVELS OR GRAVEL SAND MIXTURE, LITTLE OR NO FINES
	GRAVEL AND GRAVELLY	GM	SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-SILT MIXTURES
NINED SOILS	GF	GC	CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURES
COARSE-GRAINED SOILS		sw	WELL-GRADED SANDS OR GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES
	SAND AND SANDY SOILS	SP	POORLY-GRADED SANDS, OR GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES
	SAND AND S	SM	SILTY SANDS, SAND-SILT MIXTURES
		sc	CLAYEY SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES

	IOR IONS	LTR	DESCRIPTION
		ML	INORGANIC SILTS AND VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR, SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT PLASTICITY
	SILTS AND CLAYS LL < 50	CL	INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS
ED SOILS	3	OL	ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILT-CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY
FINE-GRAINED SOILS	rs.	мн	INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS FINE, SANDY OR SILTY SOILS, ELASTIC SILTS
	SILTS AND CLAYS LL > 50	СН	INORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS
	SIIS	ОН	ORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SILTS
ORG	HLY ANIC ILS	Pt	PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS

NOTES

THE LINES SEPARATING STRATA ON THE LOGS REPRESENT APPROXIMATE BOUNDARIES ONLY. THE ACTUAL TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL. NO WARRANTY IS PROVIDED AS TO THE CONTINUITY OF SOIL STRATA BETWEEN BORINGS. LOGS REPRESENT THE SOIL SECTION OBSERVED AT THE BORING LOCATION ON THE DATE OF DRILLING ONLY. DRILLING ONLY.

KEY TO SYMBOLS

MODIFIED CALIFORNIA SAMPLER, 2.0-ID

MODIFIED CALIFORNIA SAMPLER, 2.5-ID

SHELBY TUBE SAMPLE

SF

STANDARD PENETRATION SPLIT-SPOON SAMPLE

WATER LEVEL OBSERVED IN BORING

*

NO RECOVERY

NFWE

NO FREE WATER ENCOUNTERED



BORING LOG LEGEND

99 Cent Store NEC Brown Rd and Florin Rd Elk Grove, California

FIGURE NO.

4

PROJECT NO. 1428

DATE 05/14

Log	ged By: <u>S Bittman</u>	Boring Ele	/: Existing	Grade					_	Pa	ige 1 d	of 1
	I Rig: CME 45	Boring Dian	n:	4 in.								
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	Soil Description		Consistency	USCS Symbol	<u>e</u>		e ≠ 6	, pcf	Plasticity	×	Pock nefer	% Fines/Clay (#200 Sieve/ <0.005 mm)
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_	Gravelly SILT/Silty GRAVEL, reddish brown, a	ngular fine	Very	ML/	Γ					1		
-	gravel, ¼ inch diameter, damp		Stiff to Very	GM		1) 		
5_			Dense							l 1		
_	Clayey SILT, reddish brown, slightly cemented	l, damp	Hard	ML		50/6"	10	96	23	8		
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10	Clayey SILT, grey brown, damp		Hard	ML	1			{				
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_	Bottom of boring at 16½ feet.	_	! 	l		92	30	93		I		
	NFWE Boring backfilled with soil cuttings.			-						! !		
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	Korbmacher									ł		_
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PR	OJECT NO. 1428 DATE 05/14	Elk Grov	e, Califo	rnia			-			- 1		

Log	iged By:	S Bittman		Boring I	Elev: Existing	Grade					_	Pa	ige 1 d	of 1
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	Clayey SILT,	brown, damp)		Stiff	ML								
- - - 5_	gravel, ¼ ind	ch diameter, d			Very Stiff to Very Dense	ML/ GM		41	6	122] 		
- - 	Clayey SILI,	readish brow	n, slightly cemented	o, damp	Hard	ML		95/9"	10	100		 		
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PR	OJECT NO. 1428	3	DATE 05/14	EIK GI	iove, calife	ппа							_	

Log	ged By: S Bittman	Boring Ele	v: <u>Existing</u>	Grade			_		-	Pa	ige 1 c	of 2
	Rig:	Boring Diar	n.	4 in								
	e of Hammer: Automatic								-			
Dat	e Drilled:13 May 2014	Wt. of Hamr	ner/Drop:	140 lb				2170	-			_
Depth, ft	Soil Description		Consistency	USCS Symbol	П	Blows per ft. T	%	Dry Density, pcf	T Plasticity	% xapul =	Unc. Compression Laboratory/Pocket Penetrometer	% Fines/Clay (#200 Sieve/ <0.005 mm)
	Clayey SILT, light brown, damp		Stiff	ML		ш_				") Jul	
-	- color change to orange brown with gravels			-		38	8	107		 		
5	Clayey SILT/Gravelly SILT, reddish brown, and gravel, 1/4 inch diameter, damp - decreasing gravels, becomes grey brown	gular fine	Very Stiff to Very Dense	ML/ GM-		52/6"	12	122		' 		
								}		 		
10 - -	Clayey SILT, grey brown, damp		Hard	ML		50/2"				 		
15	Silty SAND, grey brown, very fine grained, dar	 np	Very Dense	ML .		50	29	90		 		
20	- increase grain size,			- - -		79	12	107		 		
25_ - 30_	Silty CLAY/Clayey SILT, brown, damp		Very Stiff	CL/ ML -		50/4"				 		
PR	Korbmacher Engineering inc.	LOG O 99 Cent NEC Bro Elk Grov							•		FIGURE	NO.

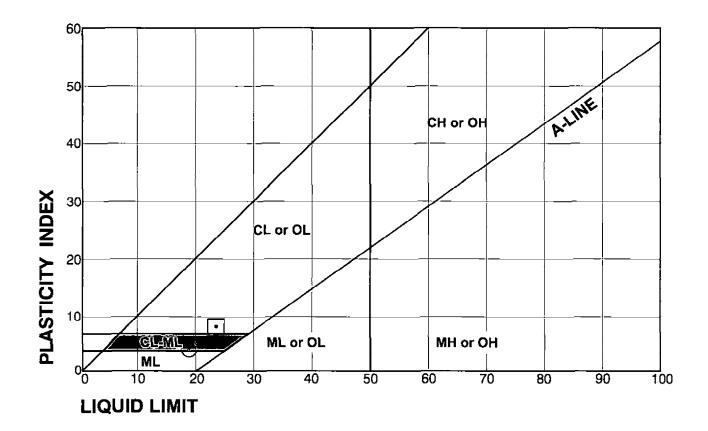
Log	ged By: <u>S Bittman</u>	Boring Ele	v: Existing	Grade_				_ Pa	age 2 o	đ 2
	Rig:	MODEL CONTRACT	α.	⊿ in						
	e of Hammer: <u>Automatic</u>							=		
Date	e Drilled: 13 May 2014	Wt. of Hamr	ner/Drop:	140 lb						
Depth, ft	Soil Description		Consistency	USCS Symbol	Sample H	8	Dry Density, pof	%⊄	Unc. Compression Laboratory/Pocket Penetrometer	% Fines/Clay (#200 Sieve/
25	Silty SAND, grey brown, very fine graine damp	ed to coarse grain,	Very Dense	SM	50/4"			1		
-	Silty CLAY/Clayey SILT, brown, damp		Very Stiff	CL/ ML -				 		
30				_	50/4"	18	108			
	Bottom of boring at about 30½ feet. NFWE Boring backfilled with soil cuttings.	·		-						[
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PROPERTY OF STORY	Korbmacher	LOG O					Conti	nued	8	
PRO	OJECT NO. 1428 DATE 05/14	99 Cent NEC Bro Elk Grov	wn Rd e, Califo	and F ornia	lorin R	₹d			C	•

4	ged By: <u>s Bittman</u>		Boring Elev	/: Existing	Grade					-	Pa	ge 1 o	af 1
	Rig: CME 45		Boring Dian	n:	4 in.								
	e of Hammer: <u>Automatic</u>									-			
Date	e Drilled: 13 May 2014		Wt. of Hamn	ner/Drop:	_140 lb					-			
Depth, ft	Soil I	Description		Consistency	USCS Symbol	Sample	Blows per ft.	Moisture Content %	Dry Density, pcf	īť	% xapul P	Unc. Compression Laboratory/Pocket Penetrometer	% Fines/Clay (#200 Sieve/ <0.005 mm)
	Clayey SILT, light brown, o	damp		Stiff	ML								
5_	Clayey SILT/Gravelly SILT gravel, ¼ inch diameter, o	, reddìsh brown, ang damp	gular fine	Very Stiff to Very Dense	ML/ GM -		17 50/4"						
-	- decreasing gravels, beco			Hard	ML				5				
10_	Clayey SILT, yellow brown	i, damp		Hard	IVIL -		50/5"						i
- -	- color change to grey bon	wn			-								
15 <u> </u>	Bottom of boring at 15½ fe	eet.			_		50/3"						
_	NFWE Boring backfilled with soil				-								
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25_				{	-					[
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30_					-								
,	-	<u> </u>	100.0		INA	<u> </u>						FIGURE	NO.
PRO	Korbma	acher	LOG O									ξ	}
PRO	OJECT NO. 1428	DATE 05/14	99 Cent NEC Bro Elk Grov	e, Califo	and i Ornia	-10	un K	ku					

Logged By: <u>\$ Bittman</u>	Boring Ele	v: <u>Existing</u>	Grade	-			_ P	age 1 o	ı f 1
Drill Rig:CME 45	Boring Dia	m'	4 in						
Type of Hammer: <u>Automatic</u>	_						_		
Date Drilled: 13 May 2014	Wt. of Ham	mer/Drop:	140 lt				_		
Soil Description		Consistency	USCS Symbol	Sample H	, o	Dry Density, pcf	.≥%	Unc. Compression Laboratory/Pocket Penetrometer	% Fines/Clay (#200 Sieve/ <0.005 mm)
Clayey SILT, light brown, damp		Stiff	ML						
Clayey SILT/Gravelly SILT, reddish brown, a gravel, ¼ inch diameter, damp	angular fine	Very Stiff to Very Dense	ML/ GM	1					
Dattom of horizon at 6 foot	···-	<u> </u> 	İ	55/	6"		1		
Bottom of boring at 6 feet. NFWE Boring backfilled with soil cuttings.			-	- - - - - -					
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Selfigure 1	LOG O	F BOR	ING	NO	B-5			FIGURE	NO.
Korbmacher Engineering inc. PROJECT NO. 1428 DATE 05/14								11	0
PROJECT NO. 1428 DATE 05/14	99 Cent Store NEC Brown Rd and Florin Rd Elk Grove, California								

	gged By: <u>\$ Bittman</u>	Boring Ele	/: Existing	<u>Grade</u>					-	Pa	ge 1 d	of 1
	I Rig: CME 45	Boring Diar	n:	4 in.								
	e of Hammer: <u>Automatic</u>								-			
Dat	te Drilled:13 May 2014	Wt. of Hamr	ner/Drop:	140 lk			LABO	DATO	-			
Depth, ft	Soil Description		Consistency	USCS Symbol		Blows per ft.	Moisture Content %	Dry Density, pof	it		Unc. Compression Laboratory/Pocket Penetrometer	% Fines/Clay (#200 Sieve/ <0.005 mm)
_	Clayey SILT, light brown, damp		Very Stiff to Hard	ML		40						
5_	Clayey SILT/Gravelly SILT, reddish brown, and gravel, ¼ inch diameter, damp	gular fine	Very Stiff to Very Dense	ML/ GM		50/6"	1) 			
15_	Bottom of boring at 5½ feet. NFWE Boring backfilled with soil cuttings.					50/6"						
25_				- -						 		
30_				-								
	· · · ·	1000		INIO	A 17		· · ·				FIGURE	NQ.
PR	Korbmacher Engineering Inc. ROJECT NO. 1428 DATE 05/14	LOG O 99 Cent NEC Bro Elk Grov									1	1

Log	ged By: <u>S Bittman</u>		Boring E	lev: Existing	Grade				_	Page	e 1 of	i 1
	Rig: <u>CME_45_</u>		Boring Di	am:	4 in							
	e of Hammer: <u>Automatic</u>					_			-			
Dat	te Drilled: <u>13 May 2014</u>		Wt. of Ha	mmer/Drop:	140 lt							
Depth, ft	Soil	Description		Consistency	USCS Symbol	Sample H		Dry Density, pcf	Plasticity	Index %	Laboratony/Pocket Penetrometer	% Fines/Clay (#200 Sieve/ <0.005 mm)
	Clayey SILT, brown, damp)		Stiff	ML	1 1					-	
5_	Clayey SILT/Gravelly SILT angular fine to coarse gra	, grey to yellow brow	wn,	Very Stiff to Very Dense	ML/ GM -	69			 		į	
10_	Clayey SILT, grey brown,	damp		Hard	ML .	50/6	57		 			
-	Bottom of boring at 16 fee NFWE Boring backfilled with soil				-							
15_					-	-			 			
20_					-	-			 			
25_ -					-				 			
30_ -			1		_					FIG	GURE N	NO:
Reports 2014/142	Korbma Engineer OJECT NO. 1428			OF BOR nt Store rown Rd ove, Califo							12	



TEST SYMBOL		SAMPLE NO.	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	CLASSIFICATION	
0	B-1	1	18.9	4.4	CL/ML - Silty CLAY/Clayey SILT, Brown	
•	8-1	1	22.8	8.4	CL - Silty CLAY, Medium Brown	
			<u>-</u>			

Korbmacl	ner
Engineering	
- mgtco.img	

05/14

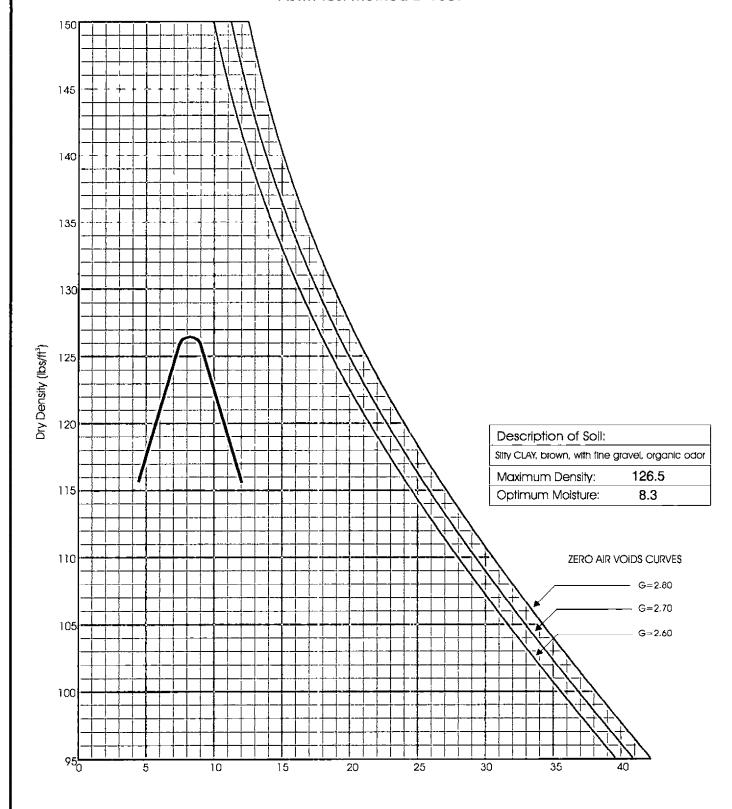
PLASTICITY CHART

FIGURE NO.

PROJECT NO. 1428 DATE

99 Cent Store NEC Brown Rd and Florin Rd Elk Grove, California 13

ASTM Test Method D 1557



Moisture Content (% of Dry Weight)



MOISTURE/DENSITY RELATIONSHIP

14

FIGURE NO.

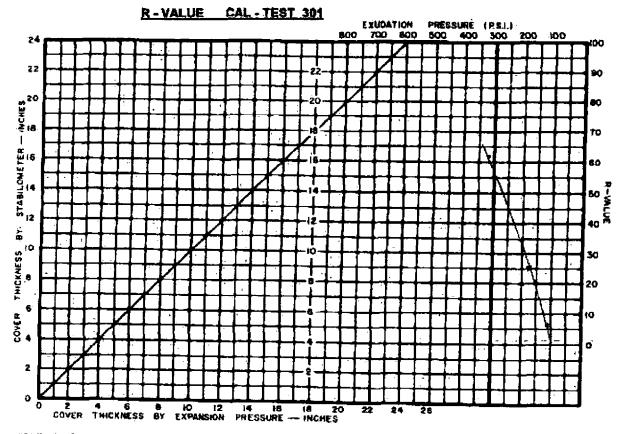
PROJECT NO. 1428

DATE 05/14 99 Cent Store NEC Brown Rd and Florin Rd Elk Grove, California



CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS TESTING INC

Job Name: 99 cent store	_ Job No:	99787
Sample Description: dark yellow brown silty sand	Sample No:	1
Source: on-site	Date:	6-10-14
Client Name: Korhmacher Engineerign Inc. #.1428	Sampled: cli	ent Tester inm



Exudation pa	Compaction psi	Expansion (0.0001")	Expansion psi	Moisture %	Dry Density	Resistance Value
317	350	0.0003	13	11.2	122.6	61
180	325	0.0000	0	12.2	120.9	25
106	275	0.0000	0	13.5	118.5	6

Remarks:	Resistance Value
	56



RESISTANCE VALUE (R-VALUE)

99 Cent Store NEC Brown Rd and Florin Rd Elk Grove, California

FIGURE NO.

15

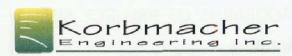


Project Site, Looking Westerly



Project Site, Middle Portion Looking Northward

Not to Scale



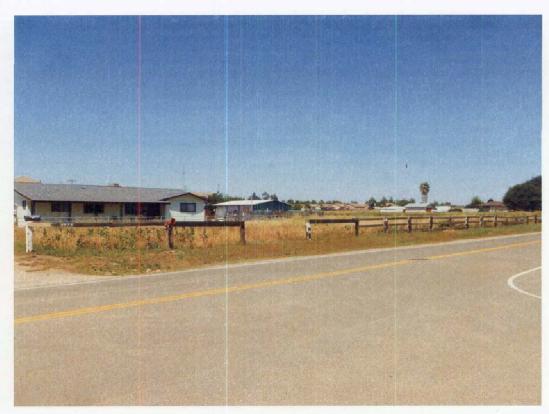
-

PHOTOGRAPHS OF PROJECT SITE

FIGURE NO.

16

99 Cent Store NEC Brown Rd and Florin Rd Elk Grove, California



Project Site, Eastern Portion, Looking Northeasterly



Project Site, Eastern Portion Looking Northwesterly

Not to Scale



PHOTOGRAPHS OF PROJECT SITE

99 Cent Store NEC Brown Rd and Florin Rd Elk Grove, California FIGURE NO.

17

APPENDIX A CORROSIVITY ANALYSIS

9 June, 2014

Job No.1406008 Cust. No.10990



Mr. Bruno Korbmacher Korbmacher Engineering, Inc. P.O. Box 405 Livermore, CA 94551

Subject: Project No.: 1428

Project Name: 99 Cent Store, Florin Rd & Brown Rd, Elk Grove

Corrosivity Analysis - ASTM Test Methods

Dear Mr. Korbmacher:

Pursuant to your request, CERCO Analytical has analyzed the soil sample submitted on June 2, 2014. Based on the analytical results, a brief corrosivity evaluation is enclosed for your consideration.

Based upon the resistivity measurement, the sample is classified as "moderately corrosive". All buried iron, steel, cast iron, ductile iron, galvanized steel and dielectric coated steel or iron should be properly protected against corrosion depending upon the critical nature of the structure. All buried metallic pressure piping such as ductile iron firewater pipelines should be protected against corrosion.

The chloride ion concentration is none detected to 15 mg/kg.

The sulfate ion concentration is 27 mg/kg and is determined to be insufficient to damage reinforced concrete structures and cement mortar-coated steel at these locations.

The pH of the soil is 7.99 which does not present corrosion problems for buried iron, steel, mortar-coated steel and reinforced concrete structures.

The redox potential is 420-mV which is indicative of aerobic soil conditions.

This corrosivity evaluation is based on general corrosion engineering standards and is non-specific in nature. For specific long-term corrosion control design recommendations or consultation, please call *JDH Corrosion Consultants*, *Inc. at (925) 927-6630*.

We appreciate the opportunity of working with you on this project. If you have any questions, or if you require further information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Very truly yours,

EERÇO ANALYTICAL, INC.

J. Darby Howard, Jr., P.E.

President

JDH/jdl Enclosure



1100 Willow Pass Court, Suite A Concord, CA 94520-1006 925 462 2771 Fax. 925 462 2775 www.cercoanalytical.com

Korbmacher Engineering, Inc.

1428 Client's Project No.: Client:

99 Cent Store, Florin Rd & Brown Rd, Elk Grove Client's Project Name:

13-May-14 Date Sampled:

2-Jun-14 Date Received: Matrix: Signed Chain of Custody Authorization:

Date of Report:

9-Jun-2014

Resistivity

Sulfate Chloride Sulfide (100% Saturation) (obms-cm) Conductivity (umhos/cm)* Ή Redox (m) Sample 1.D. Job/Sample No.

	_		 _				 			
(mg/kg)*	27	17								
(mg/kg)*	G N									
(mg/kg)*	ı									
(onms-cm)	2,100									
(uninos/cm)	1									
Пď	7.99									
(AIII)	420									
Carry arduna	Bag			,						
ion and management	1406008-001									

Method:	ASTM D1498	ASTM D4972	ASTM D1125M	ASTM G57	ASTM D4658M	ASTM DA327	A STANDASS
Detection I imit.						Transmitter,	17547 MISC
Descrioi Limit.	1	•	10	1	50	7	<u>.</u>
							2
Date Analyzed	5-Jun-2014	5-Jun-2014	ı	3-Jun-2014	1	5.lim-2014	5. Jun. 2014
						troz imc	2-3 mil-20 [4

Results Reported on "As Received" Basis

N.D. - None Detected

Cheryl McMillen

Laboratory Director



Date Due Time Time Time Time ANALYSIS Date Sampled Date Date Date ř ➤ Brief Evaluation ASTM w/Brief Evaluation Saturated Resistivity-100% × Chloride Relinquished By: Relinguished By: Relinquished By Sulfate Analyte Received By: Schedule Received By: Received By: Hd ŏ Redox Potential Page È Preserv Client Project I.D. 925.454.9033 Total No. of Containers Rec'd Good Cond/Cold \boxtimes Conforms to Record Temp. 2 t Lab - C Size Sampler THERE IS AN ADDITIONAL CHARGE FOR METAL/POLY TUBES Contain. 1428 Bag Chain of Custody Fax Phone 3 Matrix SYMPLE RECEIPT Sample Source 99 Cent Store, Florin Rd and Brown Rd, Elk Grove Ø PV - Petcock Valve PT - Pressure Tank PH - Pump House RR - Restroom GL - Glass Tie Tie 3 PM 10990 HB - Hosebib PL - Ptastic ST - Sterile 5/13/14 Korbmacher Engineering, Inc. **VBBREVIATIONS** DW - Drinking Water GW - Ground Water SW - Surface Water WW - Waste Water Bruno Korbmacher Sample I.D. SL - Sludge S - Soil Bag Comments: Product Full Name Company Water Lab No. MATRIX

INTRODUCTION

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines, Section 15091(d), requires public agencies, as part of the certification of an environmental impact report, to adopt a reporting and monitoring program to ensure that changes made to the project as conditions of project approval to mitigate or avoid significant environmental effects are implemented. The Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) contained herein is intended to satisfy the requirements of CEQA as they relate to the 99 Cents Only Store Project (Project) in the City of Elk Grove (City). The MMRP is intended to be used by City staff and mitigation monitoring personnel during implementation of the Project.

The MMRP will provide for monitoring of construction activities as necessary, in-the-field identification and resolution of environmental concerns, and reporting to City staff. The MMRP will consist of the components described below.

COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

Table 1 contains a compliance-monitoring checklist that identifies all newly adopted mitigation measures, identification of agencies responsible for enforcement and monitoring, and timing of implementation.

FIELD MONITORING OF MITIGATION MEASURE IMPLEMENTATION

During construction of the Project, the City of Elk Grove's designated construction inspector will be responsible for monitoring the implementation of mitigation measures. The inspector will report to the City of Elk Grove Department of Public Works, and will be thoroughly familiar with all plans and requirements of the project. In addition, the inspector will be familiar with construction contract requirements, construction schedules, standard construction practices, and mitigation techniques. Aided by Table 1, the inspector will typically be responsible for the following activities:

- 1. On-site, day to day monitoring of construction activities;
- 2. Reviewing construction plans to ensure conformance with adopted mitigation measures;
- 3. Ensuring contractor knowledge of and compliance with all appropriate conditions of project approval;
- 4. Evaluating the adequacy of construction impact mitigation measures, and proposing improvements to the contractors and City staff;
- Requiring correction of activities that violate project mitigation measures, or that represent unsafe or dangerous conditions. The inspector shall have the ability and authority to secure compliance with the conditions or standards through the City of Elk Grove Public Works Department, if necessary;
- 6. Acting in the role of contact for property owners or any other affected persons who wish to register observations of violations of project mitigation measures, or unsafe or dangerous conditions. Upon receiving any complaints, the inspector shall immediately contact the construction representative. The inspector shall be responsible for verifying any such observations and for developing any necessary corrective actions in consultation with the construction representative and the City of Elk Grove Public Works Department;
- Maintaining prompt and regular communication with City staff;

- 8. Obtaining assistance as necessary from technical experts, such as archaeologists and wildlife biologists, to develop site-specific procedures for implementing the mitigation measures adopted by the City for the Project; and
- 9. Maintaining a log of all significant interactions, violations of permit conditions or mitigation measures, and necessary corrective measures.

PLAN CHECK

Many mitigation measures will be monitored via plan check during Project implementation. City staff will be responsible for monitoring plan check mitigation measures.

MM Number	Mitigation Measure	Timing/ Implementation	Enforcement/ Monitoring	Verification (date and Signature)
Initial Stud	Initial Study Mitigation Measures:			
AIR-1	The Project construction contractor shall provide a plan for approval by the SMAQMD demonstrating that the heavy-duty (50 horsepower [hp] or more) off-road vehicles to be used in the construction of the Project, including owned, leased, and subcontractor vehicles, will achieve a Project-wide fleet-average 20 percent NO _x reduction and 45 percent particulate reduction compared to the most recent California Air Resources Board fleet average. Acceptable options for reducing emissions may include use of late model engines (California Air Resources Board Tier 3 Certified or better!), low-emission diesel products, alternative tuels, engine retrofit technology, after-treatment products, and/or other options as they become available.	Plan shall be submitted to the SMAQMD for review and approval of improvement plans and shall be implemented during all grading and construction within the Project area	City of Elk Grove Planning Department; Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District	
AIR-2	The Project construction contractor shall ensure that emissions from all off-road diesel-powered equipment used do not exceed 40 percent opacity for more than 3 minutes in any one hour. Any equipment found to exceed 40 percent opacity (or Ringelmann 2.0) shall be repaired immediately. Noncompliant equipment shall be documented and a summary provided to the City Planning	During all grading and construction within the Project area	City ot Elk Grove Planning Department; Sacramento Metropolitan	

¹ NOx emissions are primarity associated with use of diesel-powered construction equipment (e.g., graders, excavators, rubber-fired dozers, tractor/loader/backhoes). The Clean Air Act of 1990 directed the EPA to study, and regulate if warranted, the contribution of off-road internal combustion engines to urban air pollution. The first federal Komatsu, Kubata, Mitsubishi, Navistar, New Holland, Wis-Can, and Yanmar), On August 27, 1998, the EPA signed the final rule reflecting the provisions of the Statement of Principles. The 1998 regulation introduced Tier 1 standards for equipment under 50 horsepower and increasingly more stringent Tier 2 and Tier 3 standards for all equipment with phase-in schedules from 2000 to 2008. As a result, all off-road, diesel-fueled construction equipment manufactured in 2006 or later has been manufactured to Tier 3 standards (Tier 1) for new off-road diesel engines were adopted in 1994 for engines over 50 horsepower and were phased in from 1996 to 2000, in 1996, a Statement of Principles pertaining to off-road diesel engines was signed between the EPA, CARB, and engine makers (including Caterpillar, Cummins, Deere, Detroit Diesel, Deutz, Isuzu, standards.

MM Number	Mitigation Measure	Timing/ Implementation	Enforcement/ Monitoring	Verification (date and Signature)
	Department and the SMAQMD monthly. A visual survey of all inoperation equipment shall be made at least weekly, and a monthly summary of the visual survey results shall be submitted throughout the duration of construction, except that the monthly summary shall not be required for any 30-day period in which no construction activity occurs. The monthly summary shall include the quantity and type of vehicles surveyed and the dates of each survey. The SMAQMD and/or other officials may conduct periodic site inspections to determine compliance. Nothing in this measure shall supersede other SMAQMD or state rules or regulations.		Air Quality Management District	
GHG-1	Prior to building permit approval, the City of Elk Grove Planning Department shall require that the Project implement the following to reduce GHG emissions, based on the referenced measures from the City's Climate Action Plan: a. The Project building shall achieve Tier 1 of Title 24, Part 1 green building standards to exceed minimum Title 24 energy efficiency standards by 15 percent, consistent with CAP Measure BE-6. b. The Project shall achieve Tier 1 of Title 24, Part 1 green building standards to required 65 percent waste diversion, consistent with CAP Measure RC-1. c. The Project shall include prewiring for solar photovoltaic (PV), consistent with CAP Measure BE-10. The proposed Project may also satisfy the intent of this mitigation by installing on-site solar PV systems. d. The Project shall provide an electric vehicle charging station for plug-in electric vehicles on-site, consistent with CAP Measure TACM-9.	Prior to final design, issuance of building permit	City of Elk Grove Planning Department	

City of Elk Grove January 2015

Verification Verification (date and Signature)		of Elk	ning tment
ng/ Enforcement/ ntation Monitoring		and City of Elk	
Timing/ Implementation		Prior to and	0
Mitigation Measure	As part of the City's Design Review process for the proposed Project, the City shall require the following measures prior to initiation of Project construction:	• The pre-existing condition of any buildings within 25 feet of any construction activities shall be recorded in order to evaluate damage from project-related construction. Fixtures and finishes within a 25-foot radius of construction activities susceptible to damage shall be documented (photographically and in writing) prior to construction.	Should damage occur, construction operations shall be halted and the problem activity shall be identified. A
MM Number	· — <u>· —</u>		 O X

CERTIFICATION ELK GROVE CITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION NO. 2015-057

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)	
COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO)	SS
CITY OF ELK GROVE)	

I, Jason Lindgren, City Clerk of the City of Elk Grove, California, do hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly introduced, approved, and adopted by the City Council of the City of Elk Grove at a regular meeting of said Council held on March 25, 2015 by the following vote:

AYES: COUNCILMEMBERS: Davis, Hume, Detrick, Ly, Suen

NOES: COUNCILMEMBERS: None

ABSTAIN: COUNCILMEMBERS: None

ABSENT: COUNCILMEMBERS: None

Jason Lindgren, City Clerk City of Elk Grove, California